SCPI Command Reference, Volume 2

Agilent Technologies
ESG Vector Signal Generator

This guide applies to the signal generator models listed below. Due to our continuing efforts to improve our products through firmware and hardware revisions, signal generator design and operation may vary from descriptions in this guide. We recommend that you use the latest revision of this guide to ensure you have up-to-date product information. Compare the print date of this guide (see bottom of this page) with the latest revision, which can be downloaded from the website shown below.

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www.agilent.com/find/signalgenerators

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8 Receiver Test Digital Commands (continued)

This chapter provides a continuation of SCPI descriptions for subsystems dedicated to digital real-time testing for the ESG Vector Signal Generator. This chapter contains the following sections:

DECT Subsystem–Option 402 ([:SOURce]:RADio:DECT)

:ALPha

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to the minimum level (0), the maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 558.

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BBCLock?
```

This command toggles the data (bit) clock input to the baseband generator board to either internal or external. This command is independent in each mode and works for both non-burst (continuous) and burst modes. This allows for a matrix of selections between burst/non-burst, internal/external data generation, internal/external data clock, and external bit/symbol data clock.

INT[1] This choice selects the signal generator internal data clock.

EXT[1] This choice selects an external data clock input.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks A data clock or continuous symbol sync input must be supplied when external mode is used.

:BBT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the maximum level (1) or in between the minimum level (0.100) and maximum level by using fractional numeric values (0.101–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.100–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 558.

:BRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BRATe?
```

This command sets the bit rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +1.15200000E+006

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Mbps	1–50 Mbps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
QPSK	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	3–100 Mbps	3–50 Mbps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	4–100 Mbps	4–50 Mbps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	5–100 Mbps	5–50 Mbps
QAM64	6	6–100 Mbps	6–50 Mbps
QAM256	7	8–100 Mbps	8–50 Mbps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 558, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated and will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":SRATe" on page 590).

A change in the bit rate value will affect the symbol rate value; refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561.

:BURSt:PN9

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:PN9 NORMal|QUICk
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:PN9?
```

This command controls the software PN9 generation.

NORMal This choice produces a maximum length PN9 sequence.

QUICk This choice produces a truncated PN9 sequence.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **PN9 Mode Normal Quick**

Remarks Use Normal mode for bit-error-rate tests where a maximum length PN9 sequence is required.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –10.5625 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay" on page 550 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.0625–127.9375

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe" on page 550 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –10.5625 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay" on page 549 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.0625–127.9375

Key Entry Fall Time

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME" on page 549 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –0.5625 to 99

Key Entry Rise Delay

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay" on page 552 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –0.5625 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay" on page 551 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.0625–10.6250

Key Entry **Rise Time**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe" on page 553 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.0625–10.6250

Key Entry **Rise Time**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME" on page 552 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the burst shape as either `SINE` or a user-defined file (`"<file name>"`).

SINE	This choice selects a state that is defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values, as the default burst shape type.
"<file name>"	This choice selects a user-defined file from signal generator memory (non-volatile).

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:BURSt[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:BURSt[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the burst function.

ON (1) This choice enables the transmission of framed data. If all timeslots which are switched on are up traffic channels or custom, you will be bursting the timeslots that are on; there will be no RF carrier during the off timeslots.

If you have switched on any timeslot that you have configured as a down traffic channel, the RF carrier is not switched off between any of the timeslots. The off timeslots are transmitted as a continuous series of ones for the time period of the off timeslots.

OFF (0) This choice enables the transmission of unframed data.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Data Format Pattern Framed**

Remarks N/A

:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** EVM

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 558.

:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:DATA PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|
P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:DATA?
```

This command sets the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) for unframed data transmission.

***RST** PN23

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for unframed transmission according to the modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape selected for the DECT modulation format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. To change the data type, refer to ":DATA" on page 555.

:DEFault

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:DEFault`

This command returns all of the DECT modulation format parameters to factory settings. It does not affect any other signal generator parameters.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Restore Dect Factory Default**

Remarks N/A

:EDATa:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:EDATa:DELay?`

This query returns the amount of delay (in symbols) from the external data input to the beginning of the symbol on the I OUT and Q OUT rear panel connectors and the front panel RF OUTPUT connector.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks When the format is turned off, the delay value is unchanged; the query will return the same delay value if the format is on or off.

:EDCLock

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:EDCLock SYMBol|NORMal`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:EDCLock?`

This command sets the external data clock use.

SYMBol This choice specifies that a continuous symbol clock signal must be provided to the SYMBOL SYNC input connector.

NORMal This choice specifies that the DATA CLOCK input connector requires a

bit clock. The SYMBOL SYNC input connector requires a (one-shot or continuous) symbol sync signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Normal Symbol**

Remarks Both choices have no effect in internal clock mode. Refer to ":BBCLock" on page 546 to select EXT as the data clock type.

:EREFerence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:EREFerence INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:EREFerence?
```

This command selects either an internal or external bit-clock reference for the data generator.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Ref Ext Int**

Remarks If the EXT choice is selected, the external source's frequency value must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector. The external reference and external data clock are not applicable at the same time. If both are selected, then the external reference takes precedence.

Refer to, ":EREFerence:VALue" on page 557 to enter the external reference frequency setting.

:EREFerence:VALue

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EREFerence:VALue <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EREFerence:VALue?
```

This command sets the expected bit-clock reference frequency value for an externally applied reference signal.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz–MHz).

***RST** +1.30000000E+007

Range 2.5E5–1E8

Key Entry **Ext BBG Ref Freq**

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector.

Refer to ":EREFerence" on page 648 to select EXT (external source) as the reference for the bit-clock.

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|IS95|
IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:FILTer?
```

This command specifies the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance), with lower passband rejection.
AC4Fm	This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.
UGGaussian	This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.
"<user FIR>"	This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** GAUS

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ**

IS-95 Mod **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **APCO 25 C4FM** **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:IQ:SCALe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:IQ:SCALe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:IQ:SCALe?
```

This command sets the amplitude of the I/Q outputs for better adjacent channel power (ACP); lower scaling values equate to better ACP.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of percent.

***RST** +100

Range 1–200

Key Entry **I/Q Scaling**

Remarks This command has no effect with MSK or FSK modulation.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by four, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +2.88000000E+005

Range 0–2E7

Key Entry **Freq Dev**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 590 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the *User's Guide* for more information.

:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]?
```

This command sets the MSK phase deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of degrees.

***RST** +9.00000000E+001

Range 0–100

Key Entry **Phase Dev**

Remarks N/A

:MODulation:UFSK

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:UFSK "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:UFSK?
```

This command selects a user-defined FSK file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User FSK**

Remarks The user-defined FSK file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user FSK as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation:UIQ

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:UIQ "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation:UIQ?
```

This command selects a user-defined I/Q file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User I/Q**

Remarks The user-defined I/Q file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user I/Q as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|GRAYQPSK|
OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|MSK|FSK2|FSK4|FSK8|FSK16|C4FM|
QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM256|UIQ|UFSK
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:MODulation[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the modulation type for the DECT personality.

***RST** FSK2

Key Entry **BPSK** **QPSK** **IS-95 QPSK** **Gray Coded QPSK** **OQPSK** **IS-95 OQPSK** **π/4 DQPSK** **8PSK** **16PSK** **D8PSK** **MSK** **2-Lvl FSK** **4-Lvl FSK** **8-Lvl FSK** **16-Lvl FSK** **C4FM** **4QAM** **16QAM** **32QAM** **64QAM** **256QAM** **User I/Q** **User FSK**

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command sets the rotation direction of the phase modulation vector.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE] CUSTom|TRAFfic|
LCAPacity|ZTRaffic|ZLCapacity
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the timeslot type for the selected timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** *Timeslot 0*: TRAF *Timeslots 1–4*: CUST

Key Entry **Custom** **Traffic Bearer** **Low Capacity** **Traffic Bearer with Z field** **Low Capacity with Z field**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom PN9|
PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|
FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom?
```

This command customizes the selected custom timeslot for a portable part link.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN11 PN15 PN20 PN23 FIX4 User File Ext FDEV1_HS FDEV1_FS FDEV2_FS FACC DM1 DM0 4 1's & 4 0's 8 1's & 8 0's 16 1's & 16 0's 32 1's & 32 0's 64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom:
FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern which is used in the portable part custom data field of the selected timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. To change the data type, refer to ":PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom" on page 562.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected low-capacity timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected low-capacity timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H5555

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization pattern of the selected low-capacity timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H1675

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|
FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B]?
```

This command sets the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) for the B field of the selected portable part low-capacity timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **FDEV1_HS** **FDEV1_FS** **FDEV2_FS** **FACC** **DM1** **DM0** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected portable part low-capacity timeslot B field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. Refer to ":PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity[:B]" on page 565 to change the data type.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
POWer?
```

This command defines the RF output power level for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry **Timeslot Ampl Main Delta**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:STATe ON|OFF|
1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected portable part timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 0*: 1 *Timeslots 1–11*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the portable part link. The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H5555

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:
S?
```

This command sets the synchronization pattern for the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H1675

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
TRAFfic[:B] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|
FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]?
```

This command sets the B field data pattern for the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **FDEV1_HS** **FDEV1_FS** **FDEV2_FS** **FACC** **DM1** **DM0** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]:
FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]:
FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the portable part traffic bearer B field of the selected timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected low-capacity with Z field timeslot in the portable part link.

The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry A

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected low-capacity with Z field timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H5555

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry P

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization pattern of the selected low-capacity with Z field timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H1675

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|
FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B]?
```

This command sets the data pattern for the B field of the selected portable part low-capacity with Z field timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **FDEV1_HS** **FDEV1_FS** **FDEV2_FS** **FACC** **DM1** **DM0** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the portable part low-capacity with Z field B field of the selected timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected traffic bearer with Z field timeslot in the portable part link. The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected traffic bearer with Z field timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H5555

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:S?
```

This command sets the synchronization pattern for the selected traffic bearer with Z field timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H1675

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZTRaffic[:B] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|
FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]?
```

This command sets the B field data pattern for the selected traffic bearer with Z field timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN11 PN15 PN20 PN23 FIX4 User File Ext FDEV1_HS FDEV1_FS FDEV2_FS FACC DM1 DM0 4 1's & 4 0's 8 1's & 8 0's 16 1's & 16 0's 32 1's & 32 0's 64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]:
FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]:
FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the portable part traffic bearer with Z field B field of the selected timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. Refer to ":PPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]" on page 572 to change the data type.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE] CUSTom|DUMM[1]|DUMM2|
TRAFfic|LCAPacity|ZTRaffic|ZLCapacity
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]?
```

This command selects the timeslot type for the selected timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** *Timeslot 0*: TRAF *Timeslots 1–4*: CUST

Key Entry **Custom** **Dummy Bearer 1** **Dummy Bearer 2** **Traffic Bearer** **Low Capacity** **Traffic Bearer with Z field** **Low Capacity with Z field**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom PN9|
PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|
FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom?
```

This command sets the data pattern for the data field of the selected custom timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN11 PN15 PN20 PN23 FIX4 User File Ext FDEV1_HS FDEV1_FS FDEV2_FS FACC DM1 DM0 4 1's & 4 0's 8 1's & 8 0's 16 1's & 16 0's 32 1's & 32 0's 64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom:
FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom:
FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected radio fixed part custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. Refer to ":RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:CUSTom" on page 574 to change the data type.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected dummy 2 timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field for the selected dummy 2 timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HAAAA

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM2:S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization (S) field of the selected dummy 2 timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HE98A

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected dummy 1 timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks The 64-bit A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field for the selected dummy 1 timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HAAAA

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:DUMM[1]:S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization (S) field of the selected dummy 1 timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HE98A

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected low-capacity timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected low-capacity timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #HAAAA

Range #H0–#H1111

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization pattern of the selected low-capacity timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #HE98A

Range #H0–#H1111

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|
FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B]?
```

This command sets the data pattern for the B field of the selected portable part low-capacity timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **FDEV1_HS** **FDEV1_FS** **FDEV2_FS** **FACC** **DM1** **DM0** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
LCAPacity[:B]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected radio fixed part low-capacity timeslot B field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:LCAPacity:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:POWer MAIN|
DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:POWer?
```

This command defines the RF output power level for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry **Timeslot Ampl Main Delta**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:STATe ON|
OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected timeslot in the

radio fixed part.

***RST** *Timeslot 0*: 1 *Timeslots 1–11*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HAAAA

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic:S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization (S) field of the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HE98A

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
TRAFfic[:B] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|
FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]?
```

This command sets the B field's data pattern for the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the radio fixed part during framed data transmission.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN11 PN15 PN20 PN23 FIX4 User File Ext FDEV1_HS FDEV1_FS FDEV2_FS FACC DM1 DM0 4 1's & 4 0's 8 1's & 8 0's 16 1's & 16 0's 32 1's & 32 0's 64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]
:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]:
FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected radio fixed part traffic bearer timeslot B field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type, refer to ":RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:TRAFfic[:B]" on page 581.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
A <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected low-capacity with Z field timeslot in the radio fixed part link. The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected low-capacity with Z field timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HAAAA

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity:
S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization (S) field of the selected low-capacity with Z field timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HE98A

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|
FDEV1_FS|FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B]?
```

This command sets the B field's data pattern for the selected low-capacity with Z field timeslot in the radio fixed part during framed data transmission.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **FDEV1_HS** **FDEV1_FS** **FDEV2_FS** **FACC** **DM1** **DM0** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZLCapacity[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZLCapacity[:B]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected radio fixed part low-capacity with Z field timeslot B field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:A

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:
A <val>
 [:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:A?
```

This command customizes the A field for the selected traffic bearer timeslot in the radio fixed part link. The A field carries signaling data (48 bits) and error correction (16 bits).

***RST** #H0000FFFF0000FFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **A field**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:P

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:
P <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:P?
```

This command customizes the preamble (P) field of the selected traffic bearer with Z field timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HAAAA

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **P**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:S

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:
S <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic:S?
```

This command customizes the synchronization (S) field of the selected traffic bearer with Z field timeslot in the radio fixed part link.

***RST** #HE98A

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZTRaffic[:B] PN9|PN15|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|FDEV1_HS|FDEV1_FS|
FDEV2_FS|FACCuracy|DM1|DM0|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZTRaffic[:B]?
```

This command sets the B field data pattern for the selected traffic bearer with Z field timeslot in the portable part link.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN11 PN15 PN20 PN23 FIX4 User File Ext FDEV1_HS FDEV1_FS FDEV2_FS FACC DM1 DM0 4 1's & 4 0's 8 1's & 8 0's 16 1's & 16 0's 32 1's & 32 0's 64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:ZTRaffic[:B]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZTRaffic[:B]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:RFPart:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11:
ZTRaffic[:B]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected radio fixed part traffic bearer with Z field timeslot B field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SECondary:RECall

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SECondary:RECall
```

This command recalls the secondary frame configuration, overwriting the current state.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Recall Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To save a secondary frame state, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 587.

A secondary frame is not active until the secondary state is enabled. To activate a secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]" on page 588.

:SECondary:SAVE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SECondary:SAVE
```

This command saves the current frame configuration as the secondary frame with the filename `DECT_SECONDARY_FRAME`.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Save Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To recall the secondary frame (saved in non-volatile signal generator memory), refer to ":SECondary:RECall" on page 587.

:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command selects the type of triggering for the secondary frame.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 593.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Trigger Key Ext Bus**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SECondary[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SECondary[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the ability to switch to the secondary frame.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Secondary Frame Off On**

Remarks A frame must already be saved as the secondary frame in order to turn the secondary state function on.

To save a frame as the secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 587.

:SOUT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SOUT FRAME|SLOT|ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SOUT?
```

This command sets the synchronization location (within the pattern of data) and the type of output at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

FRAME This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a framed data pattern.

SLOT This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a selected timeslot.

ALL This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the

synchronization output offset command, for all active timeslots.

***RST** FRAME

Key Entry **Begin Frame** **Begin Timeslot #** **All Timeslots**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT:OFFSet

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SOUT:OFFSet <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SOUT:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the offset value for the location of the output synchronization signal on the EVENT1 rear panel connector relative to the beginning of the framed data pattern or timeslot.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range –479 to 479

Key Entry **Sync Out Offset**

Remarks Negative values move the synchronization output signal earlier; positive values move it later.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 588.

:SOUT:SLOT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SOUT:SLOT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SOUT:SLOT?
```

This command selects the timeslot that will trigger a 1-bit signal at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

***RST** +1

Range *Radio Fixed Part Link*: 0–12 *Portable Part Link*: 1–11

Key Entry **Begin Timeslot #**

Remarks To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 588.

:SRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:SRATe?
```

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +1.15200000E+006

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Msps	1–50 Msps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	1–50 Msps	1–25 Msps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	1–33.33 Msps	1–16.67 Msps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	1–25 Msps	1–12.5 Msps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	1–20 Msps	1–10 Msps
QAM64	6	1–16.67 Msps	1–8.33 Msps
QAM256	7	1–12.50 Msps	1–6.25 Msps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 558, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps

- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols

  This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":BRATe" on page 547).

A change in the symbol rate value will affect the bit rate value; refer to ":BRATe" on page 547 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 561.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger type.

CONTinuous	The framed data sequence repeats continuously; the sequence restarts every time the previous playback is completed. To customize continuous triggering, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 592.
SINGle	The framed data sequence plays once for every trigger received.
GATE	An external trigger signal interrupts the playback while the gating signal is in the inactive state. Playback resumes when the external control signal returns to the active state. The active state can be set to high or low.

***RST** CONT

Key Entry **Continuous** **Single** **Gated**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE|TRIGger|RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?
```

This command customizes the continuous trigger selection.

FREE This choice immediately transmits a framed data sequence that is continuously repeated.

TRIGger This choice causes the framed data sequence to wait for a trigger. Once a trigger is received, the transmission of a continuously repeated framed data sequence begins.

RESet This choice immediately restarts a continuously repeated framed data sequence upon receiving a trigger.

***RST** FREE

Key Entry **Free Run** **Trigger & Run** **Reset & Run**

Remarks To select CONTinuous as the trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 591.

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?
```

This command toggles the polarity of the active state of the external gating input signal; GATE must be selected as the arb trigger type.

LOW The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is low and restarts when the gate returns to the high level.

HIGH The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is high and restarts when the gate returns to the low level.

***RST** HIGH

Key Entry **Gate Active Low High**

Remarks To select GATE as the ARB trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 591.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 593.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** KEY

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|EPT2|
EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?
```

This command specifies which PATT TRIG IN connection, rear panel connector or AUX I/O connector, will be used to accept an externally applied trigger signal.

EPT1 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPT2 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER1 This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER2 This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

***RST** EPT1

Key Entry **Patt Trig In 1** **Patt Trig In 2**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 593.

For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command specifies the number of delay bits for the external trigger delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1048576

Key Entry **Ext Delay Bits**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 593.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?
```

This command sets the polarity for the external trigger.

***RST** NEG

Key Entry **Ext Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 593.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Ext Delay Off On**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 593.

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:DECT[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the DECT modulation format.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Dect Off On**

Remarks Although the DECT modulation is enabled with this command, the RF carrier is not modulated unless you enable the modulation by pressing the front panel **Mod On/Off** hardkey.

EDGE Subsystem–Option 402 ([:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE)

:ALPHa

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to the minimum level (0), the maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 607.

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BBCLock?
```

This command toggles the data (bit) clock input to the baseband generator board to either internal or external. This command is independent in each mode and works for both non-burst (continuous) and burst modes. This allows for a matrix of selections between burst/non-burst, internal/external data generation, internal/external data clock, and external bit/symbol data clock.

INT[1] This choice selects the signal generator internal data clock.

EXT[1] This choice selects an external data clock input.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks A data clock or continuous symbol sync input must be supplied when external mode is used.

This will be ignored if the external reference is set to EXTernal. To change the external reference type, refer to ":EREFerence" on page 606.

:BBT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the maximum level (1) or in between the minimum level (0.100) and maximum level by using fractional numeric values (0.101–0.999).

***RST** +3.00000000E–001

Range 0.100–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 607.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst fall is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –16.2000 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal

generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay" on page 598 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst fall is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –16.2000 to 99

Key Entry Fall Delay

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or `*RST`.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay" on page 597 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst decreases from full power to minimum power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.2000–409.2000

Key Entry Fall Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe" on page 599 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst decreases from full power to minimum power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range 0.2000–409.2000

Key Entry Fall Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and

maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME" on page 598 performs the same

function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst rise is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –7.2000 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay" on page 600 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst rise is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –7.2000 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay" on page 600 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst increases from a minimum power to full power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.2000–16.4000

Key Entry **Rise Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe" on page 602 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst increases from a minimum power to full power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.2000–16.4000

Key Entry **Rise Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME" on page 601 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the burst shape type.

SINE This choice selects a burst shape defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values.

"<file name>" This choice selects a user-defined file from signal generator memory.

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file

name syntax.

:BURSt[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:BURSt[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the burst function.

ON (1) This choice enables the transmission of framed data. If all timeslots which are switched on are up traffic channels or custom, you will be bursting the timeslots that are on; there will be no RF carrier during the off timeslots.

If you have switched on any timeslot that you have configured as a down traffic channel, the RF carrier is not switched off between any of the timeslots. The off timeslots are transmitted as a continuous series of ones for the time period of the off timeslots.

OFF (0) This choice enables the transmission of unframed data.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Data Format Pattern Framed**

Remarks N/A

:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** ACP

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 607.

:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:DATA PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|
P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:DATA?
```

This command sets the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) for unframed data transmission.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for unframed transmission according to the modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape selected for the EDGE modulation format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

To change the data type, refer to ":DATA" on page 604.

:DEFault

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:DEFault
```

This command returns all of the EDGE modulation format parameters to factory

settings. It does not affect any other signal generator parameters.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Restore EDGE Factory Default**

Remarks N/A

:EDATa:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:EDATa:DELay?
```

This query returns the amount of delay (in symbols) from the external data input to the beginning of the symbol on the I OUT and Q OUT rear panel connectors and the front panel RF OUTPUT connector.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks When the EDGE format is turned off, the delay value is unchanged; the query will return the same delay value if the format is on or off.

:EDCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:EDCLock SYMBol|NORMal
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:EDCLock?
```

This command sets the external data clock use.

SYMBol This choice specifies that a continuous symbol clock signal must be provided to the SYMBOL SYNC input connector.

NORMal This choice specifies that the DATA CLOCK input connector requires a bit clock. The SYMBOL SYNC input connector requires a (one-shot or continuous) symbol sync signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Normal Symbol**

Remarks Both choices have no effect in internal clock mode. Refer to ":BBCLock"

on page 596 to select EXT as the data clock type.

:EREFerence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:EREFerence INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:EREFerence?
```

This command selects either an internal or external bit-clock reference for the data generator.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Ref Ext Int**

Remarks If the EXT choice is selected, the external source's frequency value must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector. The external reference and external data clock are not applicable at the same time. If both are selected, then the external reference takes precedence.

Refer to, ":EREFerence:VALue" on page 606 to enter the external reference frequency setting.

:EREFerence:VALue

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:EREFerence:VALue <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:EREFerence:VALue?
```

This command sets the expected bit-clock reference frequency value for an externally applied reference signal.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz–MHz).

***RST** +1.30000000E+007

Range 2.5E5–1E8

Key Entry **Ext BBG Ref Freq**

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector.

Refer to ":EREFerence" on page 606 to select EXT (external source) as the reference for the bit-clock.

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|IS95|
IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|EDGE|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:FILTer?
```

This command selects the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance), with lower passband rejection.
EDGE	This choice selects Laurant's decomposition of a Gaussian filter with a 0.300 fixed BbT.
AC4Fm	This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.
UGGaussian	This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.
"<user FIR>"	This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** EDGE

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **EDGE** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:IQ:SCALe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:IQ:SCALe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:IQ:SCALe?
```

This command sets the amplitude of the I/Q outputs for better adjacent channel power (ACP); lower scaling values equate to better ACP.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of percent.

***RST** +113

Range 1–200

Key Entry **I/Q Scaling**

Remarks This command has no effect with MSK or FSK modulation.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by four, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +4.00000000E+002

Range 0–2E7

Key Entry **Freq Dev**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 622 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the *User's Guide* for more information.

:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]?
```

This command sets the MSK phase deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of degrees.

***RST** +9.00000000E+001

Range 0–100

Key Entry **Phase Dev**

Remarks N/A

:MODulation:UFSK

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:UFSK "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:UFSK?
```

This command selects a user-defined FSK file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User FSK**

Remarks The user-defined FSK file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user FSK as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation:UIQ

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:UIQ "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation:UIQ?
```

This command selects a user-defined I/Q file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User I/Q**

Remarks The user-defined I/Q file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user I/Q as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|GRAYQPSK|
OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|MSK|FSK2|FSK4|FSK8|FSK16|C4FM|
QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM256|EDGE|UIQ|UFSK
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:MODulation[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the modulation type for the EDGE personality.

***RST** EDGE

Key Entry **BPSK** **QPSK** **IS-95 QPSK** **Gray Coded QPSK** **OQPSK** **IS-95 OQPSK** **π/4 DQPSK** **8PSK** **16PSK** **D8PSK** **MSK** **2-Lvl FSK** **4-Lvl FSK** **8-Lvl FSK** **16-Lvl FSK** **C4FM** **4QAM** **16QAM** **32QAM** **64QAM** **256QAM** **EDGE** **User I/Q** **User FSK**

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command sets the rotation direction for the phase modulation vector.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary:RECall

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SECondary:RECall
```

This command recalls the secondary frame configuration, overwriting the current frame.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Recall Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To save a secondary frame state, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 611.

A secondary frame is not active until the secondary state is enabled. To activate a secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]" on page 612.

:SECondary:SAVE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SECondary:SAVE
```

This command saves the current frame configuration as the secondary frame with the filename `EDGE_SECONDARY_FRAME`.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Save Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To recall the secondary frame (saved in non-volatile signal generator memory), refer to ":SECondary:RECall" on page 611.

:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command selects the type of triggering for the secondary frame.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connection, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 626.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SECondary[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SECondary[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the ability to switch to the secondary frame.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Secondary Frame Off On**

Remarks A frame must already be saved as the secondary frame in order to turn the secondary state function on.

To save a frame as the secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE"

on page 611.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|
PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom?
```

This command sets the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) for framed data transmission.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

Refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]" on page 620

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

To change the data type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom" on page 613.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:GUARd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:
GUARd <24 or 27 bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:GUARd?
```

This command defines the hexadecimal value for the guard time field in the selected custom timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslots 0 & 4*: #H7FFFFFF

Timeslots: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, &7: #H0FFFFFF

Range *Timeslots 0 & 4*: #H0–#H7FFFFFF

Timeslots: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, &7: #H0–#H0FFFFFF

Key Entry G

Remarks The guard time field is always modulated (but not bursted), even when the timeslot is off.

If the guard time and T2 symbols of the current timeslot and the T1 symbols of the next timeslot do not match, the burst shape may not be smooth (even if the current timeslot is turned off).

To change the current timeslot type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]" on page 620.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:
ENCRyption PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|
P64|DMCS9|UMCS9|DMCS5|UMCS5|ETCHF43|UNCoded
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption?
```

This command selects the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) and the multiframe channel type for the current normal timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's **Downlink MCS-9** **Uplink MCS-9** **Downlink MCS-5**

Uplink MCS-5 E-TCH/F43.2 Uncoded

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

To change the current timeslot type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]" on page 620.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS5:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS5:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS5:
DATA?
```

This command sets the data type (pseudo-random number sequence) for the enhanced general packet radio service (EGPRS) modulation and coding scheme 5 (MCS-5) downlink channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN15**

Remarks To select downlink MCS-5 as the multiframe channel type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption" on page 614.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS9:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS9:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS9:
DATA?
```

This command sets the data type (pseudo-random number sequence) for the enhanced general packet radio service (EGPRS) modulation and coding scheme 9 (MCS-9) downlink channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN15**

Remarks To select downlink MCS-9 as the multiframe channel type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption" on page 614.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ETCH:F43:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ETCH:F43:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ETCH:F43:
DATA?
```

This command sets the data type (pseudo-random number sequence) for the enhanced, circuit switched, full-rate traffic channel with 43.2 kbits per second of user data (E-TCH/F43.2).

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks To select E-TCH/F43.2 as the multiframe channel type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption" on page 614.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for framed transmission according to the modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape selected for the EDGE modulation format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be selected as the data type.

To select FIX4 as the data type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption" on page 614.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS5:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS5:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS5:
DATA?
```

This command sets the data type (pseudo-random number sequence) for the enhanced general packet radio service (EGPRS) modulation and coding scheme 5 (MCS-5) uplink channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks To select uplink MCS-5 as the multiframe channel type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption" on page 614.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS9:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS9:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS9:
DATA?
```

This command sets the data type (pseudo-random number sequence) for the enhanced general packet radio service (EGPRS) modulation and coding scheme 9 (MCS-9) uplink channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks To select uplink MCS-9 as the multiframe channel type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption" on page 614.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:UNCoded

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:
UNCoded PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:
UNCoded?
```

This command sets the data type (pseudo-random number sequence) for an uncoded channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks To select uncoded as the multiframe channel type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption" on page 614.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:GUARd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:
GUARd <24 or 27 bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:GUARd?
```

This command sets the hexadecimal value for the guard time field in the selected normal timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslots 0 & 4*: #H7FFFFFF

Timeslots: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, &7: #H0FFFFFF

Range *Timeslots 0 & 4*: #H0–#H7FFFFFF

Timeslots: 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, &7: #H0–#H0FFFFFF

Key Entry **G**

Remarks The guard time field is always modulated (but not bursted), even when the timeslot is off.

If the guard time and `T2` symbols of the current timeslot and the `T1` symbols of the next timeslot do not match, the burst shape may not be smooth (even if the current timeslot is turned off).

To change the current timeslot type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]" on page 620.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:T1

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:T1 <9 bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:T1?
```

This command sets the hexadecimal value for the leading 9-bit tail field in the selected normal timeslot.

***RST** #H1FF

Range #H0–#H1FF

Key Entry T1

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:T2

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:T2 <9 bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:T2?
```

This command sets the hexadecimal value for the trailing 9-bit tail field in the selected normal timeslot.

***RST** #H1FF

Range #H0–#H1FF

Key Entry T2

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:TSEQuence TSC0|TSC1|
TSC2|TSC3|TSC4|TSC5|TSC6|TSC7|<78 bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:TSEQuence?
```

This command sets the 78-bit training sequence code for a normal timeslot to one of eight values or to create a custom value.

***RST** #H3F3F9E49FFF3FF3F9E49

Range <*78 bit_pattern*>: #H0–#H3FFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **TSC0** **TSC1** **TSC2** **TSC3** **TSC4** **TSC5** **TSC6** **TSC7** **Custom TS**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:LCAPacity:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:POWer?
```

This command toggles the RF output power level function for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry **Timeslot Ampl Main Delta**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 0*: 1 *Timeslots 1–7*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE] CUSTom|NORMal|
NORMAL_ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the timeslot type.

CUSTom — This choice sets a generic, non-standard timeslot configuration for the selected timeslot, which allows for the modulation of the data pattern and guard bit fields.

NORMal — This choice sets a normal timeslot configuration for the selected timeslot.

NORMAL_ALL — This choice sets all timeslots to a normal timeslot configuration.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Custom** **Normal** **Normal All**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT:

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SOUT FRAME|SLOT|ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SOUT?
```

This command sets the synchronization location (within the pattern of data) and the type of output at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

FRAME — This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a framed data pattern.

SLOT — This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a selected timeslot.

ALL — This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for all active timeslots.

***RST** FRAME

Key Entry **Begin Frame** **Begin Timeslot #** **All Timeslots**

Remarks To change the synchronization output offset value, refer to ":SOUT:OFFSet" on page 621.

:SOUT:OFFSet

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SOUT:OFFSet <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SOUT:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the offset value for the location of the output synchronization signal

on the EVENT1 rear panel connector relative to the beginning of the framed data pattern or timeslot.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range –155 to 155

Key Entry **Sync Out Offset**

Remarks Negative values move the synchronization output signal earlier; positive values move it later.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT:" on page 621.

:SOUT:SLOT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SOUT:SLOT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SOUT:SLOT?
```

This command selects the timeslot that will trigger a 1-bit output signal at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

***RST** +0

Range 0–7

Key Entry **Begin Timeslot #**

Remarks To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT:" on page 621.

:SRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:SRATe?
```

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +2.70833333E+005

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Msps	1–50 Msps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	1–50 Msps	1–25 Msps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	1–33.33 Msps	1–16.67 Msps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	1–25 Msps	1–12.5 Msps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	1–20 Msps	1–10 Msps
QAM64	6	1–16.67 Msps	1–8.33 Msps
QAM256	7	1–12.50 Msps	1–6.25 Msps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 607, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols

  This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well

as the actual filter response.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 610.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger type.

CONTinuous	The framed data sequence repeats continuously; the sequence restarts every time the previous playback is completed. To customize continuous triggering, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 624.
SINGle	The framed data sequence plays once for every trigger received.
GATE	An external trigger signal interrupts the playback while the gating signal is in the inactive state. Playback resumes when the external control signal returns to the active state. The active state can be set to high or low.

***RST** CONT

Key Entry **Continuous** **Single** **Gated**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE|TRIGger|RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?
```

This command customizes the continuous trigger selection.

FREE	This choice immediately transmits a framed data sequence that is continuously repeated.
TRIGger	This choice causes the framed data sequence to wait for a trigger. Once a trigger is received, the transmission of a continuously repeated framed data sequence begins.
RESet	This choice immediately restarts a continuously repeated framed

data sequence upon receiving a trigger.

***RST** FREE

Key Entry **Free Run** **Trigger & Run** **Reset & Run**

Remarks To select CONTinuous as the trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 624.

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?
```

This command toggles the polarity of the active state of the external gating input signal; GATE must be selected as the arb trigger type.

LOW The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is low and restarts when the gate returns to the high level.

HIGH The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is high and restarts when the gate returns to the low level.

***RST** HIGH

Key Entry **Gate Active Low High**

Remarks To select GATE as the ARB trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 624.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 626.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or

LAN and RS-232 triggering using the *TRG command.

***RST** KEY

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|EPT2|
EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?
```

This command specifies which PATT TRIG IN connection, rear panel connector or AUX I/O connector, will be used to accept an externally applied trigger signal.

EPT1 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPT2 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER1 This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER2 This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

***RST** EPT1

Key Entry **Patt Trig In 1** **Patt Trig In 2**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 625.

For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command specifies the number of delay bits for the external trigger delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1048576

Key Entry **Ext Delay Bits**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 625.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Ext Delay Off On**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 625.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?
```

This command sets the polarity of the external trigger.

***RST** NEG

Key Entry **Ext Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the

trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 625.

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:EDGE[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the EDGE modulation format.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **EDGE Off On**

Remarks Although the EDGE modulation is enabled with this command, the RF carrier is not modulated unless you also activate the front panel **Mod On/Off** hardkey.

GPS Subsystem–Option409 ([:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS)

:DATA

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:DATA PN9|PN15|FIX4|"<user file>"
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:DATA?
```

This command sets the data type for the selected data mode.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User file**

Remarks This command is only effective when the data mode is RAW or ENCoded. To set the data mode, refer to ":DMODe" .

:DMODe

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:DMODe RAW|ENCoded|TLM
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:DMODe?
```

This command sets data mode.

RAW This choice modulates data onto the C/A (coarse acquisition) code at 50-bits per second. No parity bits are computed by the signal generator. Every 6 seconds, 300-bits from the source data are transmitted.

ENCoded This choice modulates data onto the C/A (coarse acquisition) code at 50-bits per second. The signal generator computes 6 parity bits for every 24 data bits from the selected data source. Every six seconds, 240-bits of the source data are transmitted along with 60-bits of computed parity.

TLM This choice transmits a standard default navigation data transmission which includes a telemetry word (TLM), a handover word (HOW), and default navigation data. The signal generator transmits an incrementing time-of-week (TOW) as part of the HOW.

***RST** RAW

Key Entry **Data Mode Raw Enc TLM**

Remarks Since the TLM mode transmits default navigation data, there is no data selection for this mode.

For selecting the data type when RAW or ENCoded is the selection, refer to ":DATA" on page 629.

:DSHift

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:DSHift <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:DSHift?
```

This command sets the frequency and chip rate offsets to simulate a doppler shift.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz to kHz).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –125 to 125

Key Entry **Doppler Shift**

Remarks The lower bound of the doppler shift is limited by the frequency set on the signal generator. For example, if the signal generator frequency is set to 100 kHz, then the lower limit of the doppler shift would be 0.00 Hz. The doppler shift can not extend lower than the limitations of the signal generator

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|
IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer?
```

This command sets the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95 This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.

IS95_EQ This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.

IS95_MOD This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower

passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.

IS95_MOD_EQ — This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection.

AC4Fm — This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.

UGGaussian — This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.

"<user FIR>" — This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** RECT

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **User FIR**

Remarks N/A

:FILTer:ALPHa

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer:ALPHa?
```

This command sets the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to the minimum value (0), maximum value (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +2.20000000E-001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 630.

:FILTer:BBT

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameters.

The filter BbT value can be set to the minimum value (0), the maximum value (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999)

***RST** +5.00000000E-001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 630.

:FILTer:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer:CHANnel
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:FILTer:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** EVM

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 630.

:IQPHase

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:IQPHase NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:IQPHase?
```

This command sets the I/Q phase for the GPS signal.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **IQ Phase Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:PCODe

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:PCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:PCODe?
```

This command sets the P code power relative to the C/A code power.

***RST** –3

Range –40 to 0

Key Entry **P Code Pwr**

Remarks This command is normally used when the CAP (C/A+P) ranging mode choice is selected. Refer to ":RCODe" for selecting the ranging mode.

:RCODe

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:RCODe CA|P|CAP
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:RCODe?
```

This command selects the ranging code for the GPS transmission.

CA This choice selects a 1023-bit pseudorandom C/A (coarse acquisition) code that is BPSK modulated onto the L1 (1575.42 MHz) carrier. The C/A code factory set chip rate is 1.023 Mcps using a 10.23 Mcps reference clock.

P This choice selects the precise (P) code which is a very long pseudorandom sequence that is BPSK modulated onto the L2 (1227.6 MHZ) carrier. The P code factory set chip rate is 10.23 Mcps using a 10.23 Mcps reference clock.

CAP This choice permits both the C/A (coarse acquisition) and P (precise) codes to modulate the L1 (1575.42 MHz) carrier simultaneously by

providing the P code on the Q component and the C/A code in quadrature on the I component.

***RST** CA

Key Entry **Ranging Code C/A P C/A+P**

Remarks N/A

:REFClk

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:REFClk [INT]|Ext
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:REFClk?
```

This command sets the GPS reference clock to either internal or external.

INT This selection sets the signal generator to use the internal chip clock.

EXT This selection sets the signal generator to use an external chip clock which is supplied to the DATA CLOCK INPUT connector.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **GPS Ref Clk**

Remarks N/A

:REFFreq

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:REFFreq <val><unit>
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:REFFreq?
```

This command sets the GPS reference clock frequency. If an external source is being used, its frequency must match the value set with this command

***RST** +1.02300000E+007

Range 1kCPS–12.5MCPS

Key Entry **GPS Ref (f0)**

Remarks Changing the GPS reference frequency will change the P and C/A code chip rates.

:SATid

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:SATid <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS:SATid?
```

This command selects the pseudorandom number (PRN) code used for transmission.

Satellite identification numbers 1–32 are used for GPS satellites. Satellite identification numbers 33–37 are reserved for ground transmitter use in the real-world system.

***RST** +1

Range 1–37

Key Entry **Satellite ID**

Remarks N/A

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 409

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio[1]|2|3|4:GPS[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the real-time GPS signal.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Real-time GPS Off On**

Remarks N/A

GSM Subsystem–Option 402 ([:SOURce]:RADio:GSM)

:ALPha

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to the minimum level (0), the maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 649.

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BBCLock?
```

This command toggles the data (bit) clock input to the baseband generator board to either internal or external. This command is independent in each mode and works for both non-burst (continuous) and burst modes. This allows for a matrix of selections between burst/non-burst, internal/external data generation, internal/external data clock, and external bit/symbol data clock.

INT[1] This choice selects the signal generator internal data clock.

EXT[1] This choice selects an external data clock input.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks A data clock or continuous symbol sync input must be supplied when external mode is used.

This will be ignored if the external reference is set to EXTernal. To change the external reference type, refer to ":EREFerence" on page 648.

:BBT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the maximum level (1) or in between the minimum level (0.100) and maximum level by using fractional numeric values (0.101–0.999).

***RST** +3.00000000E–001

Range 0.100–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 649.

:BRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BRATe?
```

This command sets the bit rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +2.70833333E+005

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Mbps	1–50 Mbps
FSK2			
MSK			

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
C4FM	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	3–100 Mbps	3–50 Mbps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	4–100 Mbps	4–50 Mbps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	5–100 Mbps	5–50 Mbps
QAM64	6	6–100 Mbps	6–50 Mbps
QAM256	7	8–100 Mbps	8–50 Mbps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks

When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 649, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated and will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":SRATe" on page 665).

A change in the bit rate value will affect the symbol rate value; refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652.

:BURSt:PN9

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:PN9 NORMal|QUICk
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:PN9?
```

This command controls the software PN9 generation.

NORMal This choice produces a maximum length PN9 sequence.

QUICk This choice produces a truncated PN9 sequence.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **PN9 Mode Normal Quick**

Remarks Use Normal mode for bit-error-rate tests where a maximum length PN9 sequence is required.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –11.0625 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay" on page 640 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.0625–127.9375

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe" on page 641 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –11.0625 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal

generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay" on page 639 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +3.00000000E+000

Range 0.0625–127.9375

Key Entry Fall Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME" on page 640 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –8.0625 to 99

Key Entry Rise Delay

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay" on page 642 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –8.0625 to 99

Key Entry Rise Delay

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal

generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay" on page 642 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +3.00000000E+000

Range 0.0625–11.1875

Key Entry Rise Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe" on page 643 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +3.00000000E+000

Range 0.0625–11.1875

Key Entry Rise Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or `*RST`.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME" on page 643 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the burst shape as either `SINE` or a user-defined file ("<file name>").

SINE — This choice selects a state that is defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values, as the default burst shape type.

"<file name>" — This choice selects a user designated file from signal generator memory (non-volatile).

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:BURSt[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:BURSt[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the burst function.

ON (1) This choice enables the transmission of framed data. If all timeslots which are switched on are up traffic channels or custom, you will be bursting the timeslots that are on; there will be no RF carrier during the off timeslots.

If you have switched on any timeslot that you have configured as a down traffic channel, the RF carrier is not switched off between any of the timeslots. The off timeslots are transmitted as a continuous series of ones for the time period of the off timeslots.

OFF (0) This choice enables the transmission of unframed data.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Data Format Pattern Framed

Remarks N/A

:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** ACP

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For Evm ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 649.

:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:DATA PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|
EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:DATA?
```

This command sets the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) for unframed data transmission.

***RST** PN23

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for unframed transmission according to the modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape selected for the GSM modulation format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:DEFault

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:DEFault
```

This command returns all of the GSM format parameters to their factory default conditions. It does not affect any other signal generator parameters.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry Restore GSM Factory Default

Remarks N/A

:DENCode

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:DENCode ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:DENCode?
```

This command enables or disables the differential data encoding function. Once this function is enabled, data bits are encoded prior to modulation; each modulated bit is 1 if the data bit is different from the previous one, or 0 if the data bit is the same as the previous one.

***RST** 1

Key Entry **Diff Data Encode Off On**

Remarks N/A

:EDATa:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EDATa:DELay?
```

This query returns the amount of delay (in symbols) from the external data input to the beginning of the symbol on the I OUT and Q OUT rear panel connectors and the front panel RF OUTPUT connector.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks When the format is turned off, the delay value is unchanged; the query will return the same delay value if the format is on or off.

:EDCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EDCLock SYMBol|NORMal
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EDCLock?
```

This command sets the external data clock use.

SYMBol — This choice specifies that a continuous symbol clock signal must be provided to the SYMBOL SYNC input connector.

NORMal — This choice specifies that the DATA CLOCK input connector requires a bit clock. The SYMBOL SYNC input connector requires a (one-shot or continuous) symbol sync signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Normal Symbol**

Remarks Both choices have no effect in internal clock mode. Refer to ":BBCLock" on page 636 to select EXT as the data clock type.

:EREFerence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EREFerence INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EREFerence?
```

This command selects either an internal or external bit-clock reference for the data generator.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Ref Ext Int**

Remarks If the EXT choice is selected, the external source's frequency value must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector. The external reference and external data clock are not applicable at the same time. If both are selected, then the external reference takes precedence.

Refer to, ":EREFerence:VALue" on page 649 to enter the external reference frequency setting.

:EREFerence:VALue

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EREFerence:VALue <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:EREFerence:VALue?
```

This command sets the expected bit-clock reference frequency value for an externally applied reference signal.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz–MHz).

***RST** +1.30000000E+007

Range 2.5E5–1E8

Key Entry **Ext BBG Ref Freq**

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector.

Refer to ":EREFerence" on page 648 to select EXT (external source) as the reference for the bit-clock reference.

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|
IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:FILTer?
```

This command selects the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel

performance), with lower passband rejection.

AC4Fm — This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.

UGGaussian — This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.

"<user FIR>" — This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** GAUS

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:IQ:SCALe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:IQ:SCALe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:IQ:SCALe?
```

This command sets the amplitude of the I/Q outputs for better adjacent channel power (ACP); lower scaling values equate to better ACP.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of percent.

***RST** +100

Range 1–200

Key Entry **I/Q Scaling**

Remarks This command has no effect with MSK or FSK modulation.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by four, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +4.00000000E+002

Range 0–2E7

Key Entry **Freq Dev**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 665 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the *User's Guide* for more information.

:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]?
```

This command sets the MSK phase deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of degrees.

***RST** +9.00000000E+001

Range 0–100

Key Entry Phase Dev

Remarks N/A

:MODulation:UFSK

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:UFSK "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:UFSK?
```

This command selects a user-defined FSK file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User FSK**

Remarks The user-defined FSK file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user FSK as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation:UIQ

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:UIQ "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation:UIQ?
```

This command selects a user-defined I/Q file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User I/Q**

Remarks The user-defined I/Q file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user I/Q as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|
GRAYQPSK|OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|MSK|FSK2|FSK4|FSK8|
FSK16|C4FM|QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM256|UIQ|UFSK
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:MODulation[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the modulation type for the GSM personality.

***RST** MSK

Key Entry **BPSK** **QPSK** **IS-95 QPSK** **Gray Coded QPSK** **OQPSK** **IS-95 OQPSK** **π/4 DQPSK** **8PSK** **16PSK** **D8PSK** **MSK** **2-Lvl FSK** **4-Lvl FSK** **8-Lvl FSK** **16-Lvl FSK** **C4FM** **4QAM** **16QAM** **32QAM**

64QAM **256QAM** **User I/Q** **User FSK**

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command sets the rotation direction of the phase modulation vector.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks This command is useful for lower sideband mixing applications.

:SECondary:RECall

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SECondary:RECall
```

This command recalls the secondary frame configuration, overwriting the current state.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Recall Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To save a secondary frame state, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 654.

A secondary frame is not active until the secondary state is enabled. To activate a secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]" on page 655.

:SECondary:SAVE

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SECondary:SAVE`

This command saves the current frame configuration as the secondary frame with the filename `GSM_SECONDARY_FRAME`.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Save Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To recall the secondary frame state (saved in non-volatile signal generator memory), refer to ":SECondary:RECall" on page 653.

:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command selects the type of triggering for the secondary frame.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 668.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SECondary[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SECondary[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the ability to switch to the secondary frame.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Secondary Frame Off On**

Remarks A frame must already be saved as the secondary frame in order to turn the secondary state function on.

To save a frame as the secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 654.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ENCRyption

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ENCRyption
PN9|PN15|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ENCRyption?
```

This command creates and configures an access encrypted data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ENCRyption:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ENCRyption:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ENCRyption:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected access timeslot encryption field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ETAil

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ETAil <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:ETAil?
```

This command specifies the extended tail bits (8 bits) field for the selected access timeslot.

***RST** #H3A

Range #H00–#HFF

Key Entry ET

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:SSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:SSEQuence <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:SSEQuence?
```

This command specifies the synchronization sequence bits (41 bits) for the selected access timeslot.

***RST** #H096FF335478

Range #H0–#H1FFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry SS

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:ACCess:CUSTom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom PN9|PN15|FIX4|
"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected custom timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:CUSTom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:DUMMy:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:DUMMy:TSEQuence TSC0|
TSC1|TSC2|TSC3|TSC4|TSC5|TSC6|TSC7|<bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:DUMMy:TSEQuence?
```

This command changes the 26-bit dummy training sequence (TS) for the selected dummy timeslot.

***RST** #H0000000

Range <*bit_pattern*>: #H0–#H3FFFFFF

Key Entry **TSC0** **TSC1** **TSC2** **TSC3** **TSC4** **TSC5** **TSC6** **TSC7** **Custom TS**

Remarks When normal preset is selected, the preset hexadecimal value for TS reflects the GSM protocol, however you may use this command to enter a new value.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption
PN9|PN15|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64|TCHFS|CS1|DMCS1|UMCS1
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption?
```

This command creates and configures an encrypted data field for a normal timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's** **TCH/FS** **CS-1** **Downlink MCS-1** **Uplink MCS-1**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:CS1:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:CS1:DATA
PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:CS1:DATA?
```

This command sets the bit pattern for the CS1 packet data traffic channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS1:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS1:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:DLINk:MCS1:
DATA?
```

This command sets the bit pattern for the downlink MCS1 packet data traffic channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected normal timeslot encryption field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:TCH:FS:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:TCH:FS:DATA
PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:TCH:FS:DATA?
```

This command sets the bit pattern for the TCH/FS channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS1:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS1:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:ENCRyption:ULINk:MCS1:
DATA?
```

This command sets the bit pattern for the uplink MCS1 packet data traffic channel.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:STEal

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:STEal <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:STEal?
```

This command specifies the normal stealing bits for the selected timeslot. The single bit defines the value for both 1-bit fields.

***RST** #H0

Range #H0–#H1

Key Entry **S**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:TSEQuence
TSC0|TSC1|TSC2|TSC3|TSC4|TSC5|TSC6|TSC7|<bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:NORMal:TSEQuence?
```

This command changes the 26-bit training sequence (TS) for a normal timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for TS reflects the GSM protocol, however you can enter a new value by using this command. The hexadecimal values for the 8 training sequence codes are listed below:

***RST** #H0000000

Range *<bit_pattern>*: #H0–#H3FFFFFF

Key Entry **TSC0** **TSC1** **TSC2** **TSC3** **TSC4** **TSC5** **TSC6** **TSC7** **Custom TS**

Remarks The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for TS reflects the GSM protocol, however you can enter a new value by using this command.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:POWer?
```

This command defines the RF output power level for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry **Timeslot Ampl Main Delta**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 0*: 1 *Timeslot 1–7*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:ENCRyption

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:ENCRyption PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:ENCRyption?
```

This command creates and configures an encrypted data field for a synchronization timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:ENCRyption:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:ENCRyption:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:ENCRyption:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected synchronization timeslot encryption field.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:TSEQuence <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7:SYNC:TSEQuence?
```

This command customizes the training sequence (TS) for the selected synchronization timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for TS reflects the GSM protocol, however you can enter a new value by using this command.

***RST** #HB962040F2D45761B

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **TS**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE] CUSTom|NORMal|
FCORrection|SYNC|DUMMy|ACCess|NORMAL_ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the timeslot type for the selected timeslot.

***RST** NORMAL

Key Entry **Custom** **Normal** **FCorr** **Sync** **Dummy** **Access** **Normal All**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SOUT FRAME|SLOT|ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SOUT?
```

This command sets the synchronization location (within the pattern of data) and the type of output at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

FRAME This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a framed data pattern.

SLOT This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a selected timeslot.

ALL This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for all active timeslots.

***RST** FRAME

Key Entry **Begin Frame** **Begin Timeslot #** **All Timeslots**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT:OFFSet

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SOUT:OFFSet <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SOUT:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the offset value for the location of the output synchronization signal on the EVENT1 rear panel connector relative to the beginning of the framed data pattern or timeslot.

The variable <val> is expressed as a number of bits.

***RST** +0

Range –155 to 155

Key Entry **Sync Out Offset**

Remarks Negative values move the synchronization output signal earlier; positive values move it later.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 663.

:SOUT:SLOT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SOUT:SLOT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SOUT:SLOT?
```

This command selects the timeslot that will trigger a 1-bit output signal at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

***RST** +0

Range 0–7

Key Entry **Begin Timeslot #**

Remarks To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 663.

:SRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:SRATe?
```

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +2.70833333E+005

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Msps	1–50 Msps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	1–50 Msps	1–25 Msps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	1–33.33 Msps	1–16.67 Msps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	1–25 Msps	1–12.5 Msps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	1–20 Msps	1–10 Msps
QAM64	6	1–16.67 Msps	1–8.33 Msps
QAM256	7	1–12.50 Msps	1–6.25 Msps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 649, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps

- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols

  This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":BRATe" on page 637).

A change in the symbol rate value will affect the bit rate value; refer to ":BRATe" on page 637 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol

rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 652.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger type.

CONTinuous	The framed data sequence repeats continuously; the sequence restarts every time the previous playback is completed. To customize continuous triggering, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 667.
SINGle	The framed data sequence plays once for every trigger received.
GATE	An external trigger signal interrupts the playback while the gating signal is in the inactive state. Playback resumes when the external control signal returns to the active state. The active state can be set to high or low.

***RST** CONT

Key Entry **Continuous** **Single** **Gated**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE|TRIGger|RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?
```

This command customizes the continuous trigger selection.

FREE This choice immediately transmits a framed data sequence that is continuously repeated.

TRIGger This choice causes the framed data sequence to wait for a trigger. Once a trigger is received, the transmission of a continuously repeated framed data sequence begins.

RESet This choice immediately restarts a continuously repeated framed data sequence upon receiving a trigger.

***RST** FREE

Key Entry **Free Run** **Trigger & Run** **Reset & Run**

Remarks To select CONTinuous as the trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 666.

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?
```

This command toggles the polarity of the active state of the external gating input signal; GATE must be selected as the arb trigger type.

LOW The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is low and restarts when the gate returns to the high level.

HIGH The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is high and restarts when the gate returns to the low level.

***RST** HIGH

Key Entry **Gate Active Low High**

Remarks To select GATE as the ARB trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 666.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

KEY — This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT — This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 668.

BUS — This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** KEY

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|
EPT2|EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?
```

This command specifies which PATT TRIG IN connection, rear panel connector or AUX I/O connector, will be used to accept an externally applied trigger signal.

EPT1 — This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPT2 — This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER1 — This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER2 — This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG

IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

***RST** EPT1

Key Entry **Patt Trig In 1** **Patt Trig In 2**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 668.

For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command specifies the number of delay bits for the external trigger delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1048576

Key Entry **Ext Delay Bits**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 668.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?
```

This command sets the polarity for the external trigger.

***RST** NEG

Key Entry **Ext Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 668.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Ext Delay Off On**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 668.

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:GSM[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the GSM modulation format.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **GSM Off On**

Remarks Although the GSM modulation is enabled with this command, the RF carrier is not modulated unless you also activate the front panel **Mod On/Off** hardkey.

NADC Subsystem–Option 402 ([:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC])

:ALPha

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to a minimum level (0), a maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +3.50000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a root Nyquist or Nyquist filter; it does not effect other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 684.

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BBCLock?
```

This command toggles the data (bit) clock input to the baseband generator board to either internal or external. This command is independent in each mode and works for both non-burst (continuous) and burst modes. This allows for a matrix of selections between burst/non-burst, internal/external data generation, internal/external data clock, and external bit/symbol data clock.

INT[1] This choice selects the signal generator internal data clock.

EXT[1] This choice selects an external data clock input.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks A data clock or continuous symbol sync input must be supplied when

external mode is used.

:BBT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the maximum level (1) or in between the minimum level (0.100) and maximum level by using fractional numeric values (0.101–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.100–1.000

Key Entry Filter BbT

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 684.

:BRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BRATe?
```

This command sets the bit rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +4.86000000E+004

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Mbps	1–50 Mbps
FSK2			
MSK			

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
C4FM	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	3–100 Mbps	3–50 Mbps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	4–100 Mbps	4–50 Mbps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	5–100 Mbps	5–50 Mbps
QAM64	6	6–100 Mbps	6–50 Mbps
QAM256	7	8–100 Mbps	8–50 Mbps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks

When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 684, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated and will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":SRATe" on page 699).

A change in the bit rate value will affect the symbol rate value; refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688.

:BURSt:PN9

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:PN9 NORMal|QUICk
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:PN9?
```

This command controls the software PN9 generation.

NORMal This choice produces a maximum length PN9 sequence.

QUICk This choice produces a truncated PN9 sequence.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **PN9 Mode Normal Quick**

Remarks Use Normal mode for bit-error-rate tests where a maximum length PN9 sequence is required.

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the burst shape as either `SINE` or a user-defined file ("<file name>").

SINE This choice selects a state that is defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values, as the default burst shape type.

"<file name>" This choice selects a user designated file from signal generator memory (non-volatile).

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay" on page 676 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +5.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–255.8750

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal

generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe" on page 676 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or `*RST`.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay" on page 674 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–255.8750

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME" on page 675 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –17.3750 to 99

Key Entry Rise Delay

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay" on page 678 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –17.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay" on page 677 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +5.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–22.5000

Key Entry Rise Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe" on page 679 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +5.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–22.5000

Key Entry Rise Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or `*RST`.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME" on page 678 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the burst function.

ON (1) This choice enables the transmission of framed data. If all timeslots

which are switched on are up traffic channels or custom, you will be bursting the timeslots that are on; there will be no RF carrier during the off timeslots.

If you have switched on any timeslot that you have configured as a down traffic channel, the RF carrier is not switched off between any of the timeslots. The off timeslots are transmitted as a continuous series of ones for the time period of the off timeslots.

OFF (0) This choice enables the transmission of unframed data.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Data Format Pattern Framed**

Remarks N/A

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the burst shape as either `SINE` or a user-defined file ("<file name>").

SINE This choice selects a state that is defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values, as the default burst shape type.

"<file name>" This choice selects a user designated file from signal generator memory (non-volatile).

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** ACP

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 684.

:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:DATA PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|
EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:DATA?
```

This command sets a pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file as the data pattern for unframed transmission.

***RST** PN23

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for unframed transmission according to the modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape selected for the NADC modulation format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:DEFault

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:DEFault`

This command returns all of the NADC modulation format parameters to factory settings. It does not affect any other signal generator parameters.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Restore NADC Factory Default**

Remarks N/A

:EDATa:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:EDATa:DELay?`

This query returns the amount of delay (in symbols) from the external data input to the beginning of the symbol on the I OUT and Q OUT rear panel connectors and the front panel RF OUTPUT connector.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks When the format is turned off, the delay value is unchanged; the query will return the same delay value if the format is on or off.

:EDCLock

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:EDCLock SYMBol|NORMal`
`[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:EDCLock?`

This command sets the external data clock use.

SYMBol This choice specifies that a continuous symbol clock signal must be provided to the SYMBOL SYNC input connector.

NORMal This choice specifies that the DATA CLOCK input connector requires a bit clock. The SYMBOL SYNC input connector requires a (one-shot or

continuous) symbol sync signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Normal Symbol**

Remarks Both choices have no effect in internal clock mode. Refer to ":BBCLock" on page 671 to select EXT as the data clock type.

:EREFerence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:EREFerence INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:EREFerence?
```

This command selects either an internal or external bit-clock reference for the data generator.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Ref Ext Int**

Remarks If the EXT choice is selected, the external source's frequency value must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector. The external reference and external data clock are not applicable at the same time. If both are selected, then the external reference takes precedence.

Refer to, ":EREFerence:VALue" on page 683 to enter the external reference frequency setting.

:EREFerence:VALue

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:EREFerence:VALue <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:EREFerence:VALue?
```

This command sets the expected bit-clock reference frequency value for an externally applied reference signal.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz–MHz).

***RST** +1.30000000E+007

Range 2.5E5–1E8

Key Entry **Ext BBG Ref Freq**

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector.

Refer to ":EREFerence" on page 683 to select EXT (external source) as the reference for the bit-clock.

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|IS95|
IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:FILTer?
```

This command selects the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance), with lower passband rejection.
AC4Fm	This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.
UGGaussian	This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.
"<user FIR>"	This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** RNYQ

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian**

User FIR

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:FRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:FRATe FULL|HALF
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:FRATe?
```

This command toggles between a full- or half-rate traffic channel.

FULL Selects two equally spaced timeslots of the frame. Since there are six timeslots per frame, timeslots 1, 2, and 3 are paired with timeslots 4, 5, and 6, respectively.

HALF Selects one timeslot of the frame (6 individual timeslots per frame).

***RST** FULL

Key Entry **Rate Full Half**

Remarks N/A

:IQ:SCALe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:IQ:SCALe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:IQ:SCALe?
```

This command sets the amplitude of the I/Q outputs for better adjacent channel power (ACP); lower scaling values equate to better ACP.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of percent.

***RST** +100

Range 1–200

Key Entry **I/Q Scaling**

Remarks This command has no effect with MSK or FSK modulation.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by four, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +4.00000000E+002

Range 0–2E7

Key Entry **Freq Dev**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 699 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the *User's Guide* for more information.

:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]?
```

This command sets the MSK phase deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of degrees.

***RST** +9.00000000E+001

Range 0–100

Key Entry **Phase Dev**

Remarks N/A

:MODulation:UFSK

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:UFSK "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:UFSK?
```

This command selects a user-defined FSK file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User FSK**

Remarks The user-defined FSK file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user FSK as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation:UIQ

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:UIQ "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation:UIQ?
```

This command selects a user-defined I/Q file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User I/Q**

Remarks The user-defined I/Q file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user I/Q as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|
GRAYQPSK|OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|MSK|FSK2|FSK4|
FSK8|FSK16|C4FM|QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM256|UIQ|UFSK
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:MODulation[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the modulation type for the NADC personality.

***RST** P4DQPSK

Key Entry **BPSK** **QPSK** **IS-95 QPSK** **Gray Coded QPSK** **OQPSK** **IS-95 OQPSK** **π/4 DQPSK** **8PSK** **16PSK** **D8PSK** **MSK** **2-Lvl FSK** **4-Lvl FSK** **8-Lvl FSK** **16-Lvl FSK** **C4FM** **4QAM** **16QAM** **32QAM** **64QAM** **256QAM** **User I/Q** **User FSK**

Remarks N/A

:REPeat

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:REPeat SINGle|CONTinuous
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:REPeat?
```

This command sets the rotation direction of the phase modulation vector.

SINGle This choice outputs one occurrence of the selected frame.

CONTinuous This choice outputs a continuous stream of the selected frame.

***RST** SING

Key Entry **Frame Repeat Single Cont**

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command sets the rotation direction of the phase modulation vector.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary:RECall

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SECondary:RECall`

This command recalls the secondary frame configuration, overwriting the current state.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Recall Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To save a secondary frame state, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 689.

A secondary frame is not active until the secondary state is enabled. To activate a secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]" on page 690.

:SECondary:SAVE

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SECondary:SAVE`

This command saves the current frame configuration as the secondary frame with the filename `NADC_SECONDARY_FRAME`.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Save Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To recall the secondary frame (saved in non-volatile signal generator memory), refer to ":SECondary:RECall" on page 689.

:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command selects the type of triggering for the secondary frame.

KEY — This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT — This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 703.

BUS — This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SECondary[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SECondary[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the ability to switch to the secondary frame.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Secondary Frame Off On**

Remarks A frame must already be saved as the secondary frame in order to turn the secondary state function on.

To save a frame as the secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 689.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DCUStom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DCUStom
PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DCUStom?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected downlink custom timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DCUStom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DCUStom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DCUStom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:CDLocator

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:
CDLocator <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:CDLocator?
```

This command changes the 11-bit coded digital control channel locator (CDL) field.

***RST** #H000

Range #H0–#H7FF

Key Entry CDL

Remarks The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CDL reflects the NADC protocol, however you can enter a new value by using this command.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:CDVCcode

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:
CDVCcode <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:CDVCcode?
```

This command changes the 12-bit coded digital verification color code (CDVCC).

***RST** #H000

Range #H0–#HFFF

Key Entry CDVCC

Remarks The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CDVCC reflects the NADC protocol, however you can enter a new value by using this command.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:SACChannel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:
SACChannel <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:SACChannel?
```

This command changes the 15-bit slow associated control channel.

***RST** #H000

Range #H0–#HFFF

Key Entry SACCH

Remarks The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for SACCH reflects the value specified by the standard.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:SWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:SWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel:SWORd?
```

This command sets the 28-bit synchronization word as the active function. This is used for slot synchronization, equalizer training, and timeslot identification.

***RST** #HA91DE4A

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFF

Key Entry SYNC

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel[:DATA] PN9|
PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel[:DATA]?
```

This command sets a pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file as the data pattern for the selected downlink traffic channel timeslot during framed transmission.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel[:DATA]FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DTCHannel[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:POWer?
```

This command toggles the RF output power level function for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry **Timeslot Ampl Main Delta**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: 1 *Timeslots 2–6*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UCUStom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UCUStom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UCUStom?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected uplink custom timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UCUStom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UCUStom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UCUStom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected uplink custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:CDVCcode

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:
CDVCcode <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:CDVCcode?
```

This command changes the 12-bit coded digital verification color code (CDVCC).

***RST** #H000

Range #H0–#HFFF

Key Entry CDVCC

Remarks The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CDVCC reflects the NADC protocol, however you can enter a new value by using this command.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:SACChannel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:SACChannel
<bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:SACChannel?
```

This command changes the 15-bit slow associated control channel.

***RST** #H000

Range #H0–#HFFF

Key Entry SACCH

Remarks The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for SACCH reflects the value specified by the standard.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:SWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:SWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel:SWORd?
```

This command sets the 28-bit synchronization word as the active function. This is used for slot synchronization, equalizer training, and timeslot identification.

***RST** #HA91DE4A

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFF

Key Entry SYNC

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel[:DATA] PN9|PN15|
FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel[:DATA]?
```

This command sets a pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file as the data pattern for the selected uplink traffic channel timeslot during framed transmission.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6:UTCHannel[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected uplink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6[:TYPE] UCUStom|DCUStom|UTCH|
UTCH_ALL|DTCH|DTCH_ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SLOT[1]|2|3|4|5|6[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the timeslot type for the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: UTCH *Timeslots 2–6*: UCUS

Key Entry **Up Custom** **Down Custom** **Up TCH** **Up TCH All** **Down TCH** **Down TCH All**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SOUT FRAME|SLOT|ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SOUT?
```

This command sets the synchronization location (within the pattern of data) and the type of output at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

FRAME This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a framed data pattern.

SLOT This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a selected timeslot.

ALL This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for all active timeslots.

***RST** FRAME

Key Entry **Begin Frame** **Begin Timeslot #** **All Timeslots**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT:OFFSet

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SOUT:OFFSet <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SOUT:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the offset value for the location of the output synchronization signal

on the EVENT1 rear panel connector relative to the beginning of the framed data pattern or timeslot.

The variable <val> is expressed as a number of bits.

***RST** +0

Range –323 to 323

Key Entry **Sync Out Offset**

Remarks Negative values move the synchronization output signal earlier; positive values move it later.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 698.

:SOUT:SLOT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SOUT:SLOT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SOUT:SLOT?
```

This command selects the timeslot that will trigger a 1-bit output signal at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

***RST** +1

Range 1–3

Key Entry **Begin Timeslot #**

Remarks To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 698.

:SRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:SRATe?
```

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +2.43000000E+004

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Msps	1–50 Msps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	1–50 Msps	1–25 Msps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	1–33.33 Msps	1–16.67 Msps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	1–25 Msps	1–12.5 Msps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	1–20 Msps	1–10 Msps
QAM64	6	1–16.67 Msps	1–8.33 Msps
QAM256	7	1–12.50 Msps	1–6.25 Msps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 684, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols

  This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":BRATe" on page 672).

A change in the symbol rate value will affect the bit rate value; refer to ":BRATe" on page 672 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 688.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

KEY — This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT — This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 703.

BUS — This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** KEY

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger type.

CONTinuous — The framed data sequence repeats continuously; the sequence restarts every time the previous playback is completed. To customize continuous triggering, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 702.

SINGle — The framed data sequence plays once for every trigger received.

GATE — An external trigger signal interrupts the playback while the gating signal is in the inactive state. Playback resumes when the external control signal returns to the active state. The active state can be set to high or low.

***RST** CONT

Key Entry **Continuous** **Single** **Gated**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE|TRIGger|RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?
```

This command customizes the continuous trigger selection.

FREE — This choice immediately transmits a framed data sequence that is continuously repeated.

TRIGger — This choice causes the framed data sequence to wait for a trigger. Once a trigger is received, the transmission of a continuously repeated framed data sequence begins.

RESet — This choice immediately restarts a continuously repeated framed data sequence upon receiving a trigger.

***RST** FREE

Key Entry **Free Run** **Trigger & Run** **Reset & Run**

Remarks To select CONTinuous as the trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 701.

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?
```

This command toggles the polarity of the active state of the external gating input signal; GATE must be selected as the arb trigger type.

LOW — The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is low and restarts when the gate returns to the high level.

HIGH The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is high and restarts when the gate returns to the low level.

***RST** HIGH

Key Entry **Gate Active Low High**

Remarks To select GATE as the ARB trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 701.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|EJPT2|
EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?
```

This command specifies which PATT TRIG IN connection, rear panel connector or AUX I/O connector, will be used to accept an externally applied trigger signal.

EPT1 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPT2 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER1 This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER2 This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

***RST** EPT1

Key Entry **Patt Trig In 1** **Patt Trig In 2**

Remarks To change the trigger source to EXT, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 701.

For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command specifies the number of delay bits for the external trigger delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1048576

Key Entry **Ext Delay Bits**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 701.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Ext Delay Off On**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 701.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC]:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?
```

This command sets the polarity of the external trigger.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **Ext Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the

trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 701.

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC][:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio[:NADC][:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the NADC modulation format.

***RST** OFF

Key Entry **NADC Off On**

Remarks Although the NADC modulation is enabled with this command, the RF carrier is not modulated unless you also activate the front panel **Mod On/Off** hardkey.

PDC Subsystem–Option 402 ([:SOURce]:RADio:PDC)

:ALPha

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to a minimum level (0), a maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 718.

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BBCLock?
```

This command toggles the data (bit) clock input to the baseband generator board to either internal or external. This command is independent in each mode and works for both non-burst (continuous) and burst modes. This allows for a matrix of selections between burst/non-burst, internal/external data generation, internal/external data clock, and external bit/symbol data clock.

INT[1] This choice selects the signal generator internal data clock.

EXT[1] This choice selects an external data clock input.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks A data clock or continuous symbol sync input must be supplied when external mode is used.

:BBT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the maximum level (1) or in between the minimum level (0.100) and maximum level by using fractional numeric values (0.101–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.100–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 718.

:BRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BRATe?
```

This command sets the bit rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +4.20000000E+004

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Mbps	1–50 Mbps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
QPSK	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	3–100 Mbps	3–50 Mbps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	4–100 Mbps	4–50 Mbps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	5–100 Mbps	5–50 Mbps
QAM64	6	6–100 Mbps	6–50 Mbps
QAM256	7	8–100 Mbps	8–50 Mbps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 718, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated and will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":SRATe" on page 734).

A change in the bit rate value will affect the value of the symbol rate; refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722.

:BURSt:PN9

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:PN9 NORMal|QUICk
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:PN9?
```

This command controls the software PN9 generation.

NORMal This choice produces a maximum length PN9 sequence.

QUICk This choice produces a truncated PN9 sequence.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **PN9 Mode Normal Quick**

Remarks Use Normal mode for bit-error-rate tests where a maximum length PN9 sequence is required.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst fall is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay" on page 710 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst decreases from full power to minimum power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.1250–255.8750

Key Entry Fall Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or `*RST`.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe" on page 711 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst fall is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or `*RST`.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay" on page 709 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst decreases from full power to minimum power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–255.8750

Key Entry Fall Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME" on page 709 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst rise is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –18.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay" on page 712 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay?
```

This command sets the period of time that the start of the burst rise is delayed.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –18.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay" on page 711 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst increases from a minimum power to full power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.1250–22.5000

Key Entry Rise Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe" on page 713 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe?
```

This command sets the period of time where the burst increases from a minimum power to full power.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +1.00000000E+001

Range 0.1250–22.5000

Key Entry Rise Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME" on page 713 performs the same function. In compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the burst shape as either SINE or a user-defined file ("<file name>").

SINE — This choice selects a state that is defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values, as the default burst shape type.

"<file name>" — This choice selects a user designated file from signal generator memory.

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:BURSt[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:BURSt[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the burst function.

ON (1) — This choice enables the transmission of framed data. If all timeslots which are switched on are up traffic channels or custom, you will be bursting the timeslots that are on; there will be no RF carrier during the off timeslots.

If you have switched on any timeslot that you have configured as a down

traffic channel, the RF carrier is not switched off between any of the timeslots. The off timeslots are transmitted as a continuous series of ones for the time period of the off timeslots.

OFF (0) This choice enables the transmission of unframed data.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Data Format Pattern Framed**

Remarks N/A

:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** EVM

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 718.

:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:DATA PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|
EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:DATA?
```

This command sets the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) for unframed data transmission.

***RST** PN23

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for unframed transmission according to the protocols (modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape) selected for the PDC format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:DEFault

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:DEFault
```

This command returns all of the PDC modulation format parameters to factory settings. It does not affect any other signal generator parameters.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Restore PDC Factory Default**

Remarks N/A

:EDATa:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:EDATa:DELay?
```

This query returns the amount of delay (in symbols) from the external data input to the beginning of the symbol on the I OUT and Q OUT rear panel connectors and the front panel RF OUTPUT connector.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks When the format is turned off, the delay value is unchanged; the query will return the same delay value if the format is on or off.

:EDCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:EDCLock SYMBol|NORMal
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:EDCLock?
```

This command sets the external data clock use.

SYMBol This choice specifies that a continuous symbol clock signal must be provided to the SYMBOL SYNC input connector.

NORMal This choice specifies that the DATA CLOCK input connector requires a bit clock. The SYMBOL SYNC input connector requires a (one-shot or continuous) symbol sync signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Normal Symbol**

Remarks Both choices have no effect in internal clock mode. Refer to ":BBCLock" on page 706 to select EXT as the data clock type.

:EREFerence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:EREFerence INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:EREFerence?
```

This command selects either an internal or external bit-clock reference for the data generator.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Ref Ext Int**

Remarks If the EXT choice is selected, the external source's frequency value must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector. The external reference and external data clock are not applicable at

the same time. If both are selected, then the external reference takes precedence.

Refer to, ":EREFerence:VALue" on page 718 to enter the external reference frequency setting.

:EREFerence:VALue

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:EREFerence:VALue <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:EREFerence:VALue?
```

This command sets the expected bit-clock reference frequency value for an externally applied reference signal.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz–MHz).

***RST** +1.30000000E+007

Range 2.5E5–1E8

Key Entry **Ext BBG Ref Freq**

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector.

Refer to ":EREFerence" on page 717 to select EXT (external source) as the reference for the bit-clock.

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|
IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:FILTer?
```

This command selects the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95 This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.

IS95_EQ This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.

IS95_MOD This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error

function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.

IS95_MOD_EQ — This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance), with lower passband rejection.

AC4Fm — This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.

UGGaussian — This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.

"<user FIR>" — This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** RYNQ

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:FRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:FRATe FULL|HALF
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:FRATe?
```

This command toggles between a full- or half-rate traffic channel.

FULL — Selects two equally spaced timeslots of the frame. Since there are six timeslots per frame, timeslots 1, 2, and 3 are paired with timeslots 4, 5, and 6, respectively.

HALF — Selects one timeslot of the frame (6 individual timeslots per frame).

***RST** FULL

Key Entry **Rate Full Half**

Remarks N/A

:IQ:SCALe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:IQ:SCALe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:IQ:SCALe?
```

This command sets the amplitude of the I/Q outputs for better adjacent channel power (ACP); lower scaling values equate to better ACP.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of percent.

***RST** +100

Range 1–200

Key Entry **I/Q Scaling**

Remarks This command has no effect with MSK or FSK modulation.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by four, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +4.00000000E+002

Range 0–2E7

Key Entry **Freq Dev**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 734 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the *User's Guide* for more information.

:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]?
```

This command sets the MSK phase deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of degrees.

***RST** +9.00000000E+001

Range 0–100

Key Entry **Phase Dev**

Remarks N/A

:MODulation:UFSK

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:UFSK "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:UFSK?
```

This command selects a user-defined FSK file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User FSK**

Remarks The user-defined FSK file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user FSK as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation:UIQ

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:UIQ "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation:UIQ?
```

This command selects a user-defined I/Q file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User I/Q**

Remarks The user-defined I/Q file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user I/Q as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|
GRAYQPSK|OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|MSK|
FSK2|FSK4|FSK8|FSK16|C4FM|QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM256|
UIQ|UFSK
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:MODulation[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the modulation type for the PDC personality.

***RST** P4DQPSK

Key Entry **BPSK** **QPSK** **IS-95 QPSK** **Gray Coded QPSK** **OQPSK** **IS-95 OQPSK** **π/4 DQPSK** **8PSK** **16PSK** **D8PSK** **MSK** **2-Lvl FSK** **4-Lvl FSK** **8-Lvl FSK** **16-Lvl FSK** **C4FM** **4QAM** **16QAM** **32QAM** **64QAM** **256QAM** **User I/Q** **User FSK**

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command sets the rotation direction for of the phase modulation vector.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary:RECall

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SECondary:RECall
```

This command recalls the secondary frame configuration, overwriting the current state.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Recall Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To save a secondary frame state, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 723.

A secondary frame is not active until the secondary state is enabled. To

activate a secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]" on page 724.

:SECondary:SAVE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SECondary:SAVE
```

This command saves the current frame configuration as the secondary frame with the filename PDC_SECONDARY_FRAME.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Save Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To recall the secondary frame (saved in non-volatile signal generator memory), refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 723.

:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command selects the type of triggering for the secondary frame.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 738.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Trigger Key Ext Bus**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SECondary[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SECondary[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the ability to switch to the secondary frame.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Secondary Frame Off On**

Remarks A frame must already be saved as the secondary frame in order to turn the secondary state function on.

To save a frame as the secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]"

on page 724.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DCUStom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DCUStom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DCUStom?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected downlink custom timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DCUSTom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DCUStom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DCUStom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

To change the data type, refer to ":SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DCUStom" on page 725.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:CCODe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:CCODe <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:CCODe?
```

This command changes the 8-bit color code (CC). The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CC reflects the PDC protocol, however you can enter a new value using this command.

***RST** #H00

Range #H00–#HFF

Key Entry CC

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:SACChannel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:SACChannel <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:SACChannel?
```

This command changes the 15-bit slow associated control channel (SACCH). The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for SACCH reflects the PDC protocol, however you can enter a new value by executing this command.

***RST** #H00000

Range #H0–#HFFFFF

Key Entry SACCH

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:SWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:SWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel:SWORd?
```

This command sets the 20-bit synchronization word as the active function. This is used for the control and traffic physical channels.

***RST** #H87A4B

Range #H0–#HFFFFF

Key Entry **SW**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel[:TCHannel]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel[:TCHannel] PN9|
PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel[:TCHannel]?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected downlink traffic channel field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:DTCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:DLINk:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4:POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:DLINk:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4:POWer?
```

This command toggles the RF output power level function for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry **Timeslot Ampl Main Delta**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 0*: 1 *Timeslots 1–5*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UCUStom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UCUStom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UCUStom?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected uplink custom timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN11 PN15 PN20 PN23 FIX4 User File EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's 8 1's & 8 0's 16 1's & 16 0's 32 1's & 32 0's
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UCUStom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UCUStom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UCUStom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected uplink custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:CCODe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:CCODe <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:CCODe?
```

This command changes the 8-bit color code (CC). The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CC reflects the PDC protocol, however you can enter a new value using this command.

***RST** #H00

Range #H00–#HFF

Key Entry CC

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:SACChannel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:SACChannel <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:SACChannel?
```

This command changes the 15-bit slow associated control channel (SACCH). The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for SACCH reflects the PDC

protocol, however you can enter a new value by executing this command.

***RST** #H0000

Range #H0–#H7FFF

Key Entry **SACCH**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:SWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:SWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel:SWORd?
```

This command sets the 20-bit synchronization word as the active function. This is used for the control and traffic physical channels.

***RST** #H785B4

Range #H0–#HFFFFF

Key Entry **SW**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel[:TCHannel]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel[:TCHannel] PN9|
PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel[:TCHannel]?
```

This command sets a pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file as the data pattern type for the uplink traffic channel field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UTCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected uplink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:CCODe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:CCODe <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:CCODe?
```

This command changes the 8-bit color code (CC). The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CC reflects the PDC protocol, however you can enter a new value using this command.

***RST** #H00

Range #H00–#HFF

Key Entry CC

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:SACChannel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:SACChannel <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:SACChannel?
```

This command changes the 15-bit slow associated control channel (SACCH). The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for SACCH reflects the PDC protocol, however you can enter a new value by executing this command.

***RST** #H0000

Range #H0–#H7FFF

Key Entry **SACCH**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:SWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:SWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5:UVOX:SWORd?
```

This command changes the synchronization word, which is used for slot synchronization, equalizer training, and timeslot identification.

***RST** *UTCH & UVOX*: 785B4 *DTCH*: 87A4B

Range #H0–#HFFFFF

Key Entry **SW**

Remarks The *RST hexadecimal value reflects the value specified by the indicated standard.

:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5[:TYPE] UCUStom|DCUStom|
UTCH|UTCH_ALL|UVOX|DTCH|DTCH_ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SLOT0|[1]|2|3|4|5[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the timeslot type for the selected timeslot.

***RST** UTCH

Key Entry **Up Custom** **Down Custom** **Up TCH** **UP TCH All** **Up VOX** **Down TCH** **Down TCH All**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SOUT FRAME|SLOT|ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SOUT?
```

This command sets the synchronization location (within the pattern of data) and the type of output at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

FRAME This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a framed data pattern.

SLOT This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a selected timeslot.

ALL This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for all active timeslots.

***RST** FRAME

Key Entry **Begin Frame** **Begin Timeslot #** **All Timeslots**

Remarks N/A

:SOUT:OFFSet

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SOUT:OFFSet <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SOUT:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the offset value for the location of the output synchronization signal on the EVENT1 rear panel connector relative to the beginning of the framed data pattern or timeslot.

The variable <val> is expressed as a number bits.

***RST** +0

Range –279 to 279

Key Entry **Sync Out Offset**

Remarks Negative values move the synchronization output signal earlier; positive values move it later.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 733.

:SOUT:SLOT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SOUT:SLOT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SOUT:SLOT?
```

This command selects the timeslot that will trigger a 1-bit signal at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

***RST** +0

Range 0–5

Key Entry **Begin Timeslot #**

Remarks To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 733.

:SRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:SRATe?
```

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +2.10000000E+004

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Msps	1–50 Msps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	1–50 Msps	1–25 Msps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
D8PSK	3	1–33.33 Msps	1–16.67 Msps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	1–25 Msps	1–12.5 Msps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	1–20 Msps	1–10 Msps
QAM64	6	1–16.67 Msps	1–8.33 Msps
QAM256	7	1–12.50 Msps	1–6.25 Msps

Key Entry Symbol Rate

Remarks

When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 718, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols

  This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":BRATe" on page 707).

A change in the symbol rate value will affect the value of the bit rate; refer to ":BRATe" on page 707 for a list of minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 722.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger type.

CONTinuous	The framed data sequence repeats continuously; the sequence restarts every time the previous playback is completed. To customize continuous triggering, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 736.
SINGle	The framed data sequence plays once for every trigger received.
GATE	An external trigger signal interrupts the playback while the gating signal is in the inactive state. Playback resumes when the external control signal returns to the active state. The active state can be set to high or low.

***RST** CONT

Key Entry **Continuous** **Single** **Gated**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE|TRIGger|RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?
```

This command customizes the continuous trigger selection.

FREE	This choice immediately transmits a framed data sequence that is continuously repeated.
TRIGger	This choice causes the framed data sequence to wait for a trigger. Once a trigger is received, the transmission of a continuously repeated framed data sequence begins.
RESet	This choice immediately restarts a continuously repeated framed data sequence upon receiving a trigger.

***RST** FREE

Key Entry **Free Run** **Trigger & Run** **Reset & Run**

Remarks To select CONTinuous as the trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on

page 736.

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?
```

This command toggles the polarity of the active state of the external gating input signal; GATE must be selected as the arb trigger type.

LOW The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is low and restarts when the gate returns to the high level.

HIGH The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is high and restarts when the gate returns to the low level.

***RST** HIGH

Key Entry **Gate Active Low High**

Remarks To select GATE as the ARB trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 736.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 738.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** KEY

Key Entry **Trigger Key Ext Bus**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|
EPT2|EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?
```

This command specifies which PATT TRIG IN connection, rear panel connector or AUX I/O connector, will be used to accept an externally applied trigger signal.

EPT1	This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.
EPT2	This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.
EPTRIGGER1	This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.
EPTRIGGER2	This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

***RST** EPT1

Key Entry **Patt Trig In 1** **Patt Trig In 2**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 737.

For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command specifies the number of delay bits for the external trigger delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1048576

Key Entry **Ext Delay Bits**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 737.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Ext Delay Off On**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 737.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?
```

This command sets the polarity of the external trigger.

***RST** NEG

Key Entry **Ext Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 737.

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PDC[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0 [:SOURce]:RADio:PDC[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the PDC modulation format.

***RST** OFF

Key Entry **PDC Off On**

Remarks Although the PDC modulation is enabled with this command, the RF carrier is not modulated unless you also activate the front panel **Mod On/Off** hardkey.

PHS Subsystem–Option 402 ([:SOURce]:RADio:PHS)

:ALPha

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to the minimum level (0), the maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 759.

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BBCLock?
```

This command toggles the data (bit) clock input to the baseband generator board to either internal or external. This command is independent in each mode and works for both non-burst (continuous) and burst modes. This allows for a matrix of selections between burst/non-burst, internal/external data generation, internal/external data clock, and external bit/symbol data clock.

INT[1] This choice selects the signal generator internal data clock.

EXT[1] This choice selects an external data clock input.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks A data clock or continuous symbol sync input must be supplied when external mode is used.

:BBT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the maximum level (1) or in between the minimum level (0.100) and maximum level by using fractional numeric values (0.101–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.100–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 759.

:BRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BRATe?
```

This command sets the bit rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +3.84000000E+005

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Mbps	1–50 Mbps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
QPSK	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	3–100 Mbps	3–50 Mbps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	4–100 Mbps	4–50 Mbps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	5–100 Mbps	5–50 Mbps
QAM64	6	6–100 Mbps	6–50 Mbps
QAM256	7	8–100 Mbps	8–50 Mbps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 759, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated and will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":SRATe" on page 767).

A change in the bit rate value will affect the symbol rate value; refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762.

:BURSt:PN9

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:PN9 NORMal|QUICk
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:PN9?
```

This command controls the software PN9 generation.

NORMal This choice produces a maximum length PN9 sequence.

QUICk This choice produces a truncated PN9 sequence.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **PN9 Mode Normal Quick**

Remarks Use Normal mode for bit-error-rate tests where a maximum length PN9 sequence is required.

:BURSt:SCRamble:SEED

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SCRamble:SEED <16-bit val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SCRamble:SEED?
```

This command select a 16-bit scramble seed value for scrambling.

***RST** #H3FF

Range #H0–#H3FF

Key Entry **Scramble Seed**

Remarks Although values may be set using this command, it does not active that scramble function.

To enable the scrambling function, refer to ":BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe]" on page 744.

:BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the scramble function.

ON (1) This choice scrambles data on the related fields, using the seed setting.

OFF (0) This choice disables the scramble function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Scramble Off On**

Remarks To set the seed setting, refer to ":BURSt:SCRamble:SEED" on page 744.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.1250 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay" on page 746 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +4.00000000E+001

Range 0.1250–255.8750

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and

maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe" on page 746 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.1250 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay" on page 745 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +4.00000000E+001

Range 0.1250–255.8750

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME" on page 745 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –18.1250 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay" on page 748 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –18.1250 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay" on page 747 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +4.00000000E+001

Range 0.1250–22.500

Key Entry **Rise Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and

maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe" on page 749 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +4.00000000E+001

Range 0.1250–22.500

Key Entry **Rise Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or `*RST`.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME" on page 748 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the burst shape as either `SINE` or a user-defined file ("<file name>").

SINE	This choice selects a state that is defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values, as the default burst shape type.
"<file name>"	This choice selects a user designated file from signal generator memory

(non-volatile).

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:BURSt[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:BURSt[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the burst function.

ON (1) This choice enables the transmission of framed data. If all timeslots which are switched on are up traffic channels or custom, you will be bursting the timeslots that are on; there will be no RF carrier during the off timeslots.

If you have switched on any timeslot that you have configured as a down traffic channel, the RF carrier is not switched off between any of the timeslots. The off timeslots are transmitted as a continuous series of ones for the time period of the off timeslots.

OFF (0) This choice enables the transmission of unframed data.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Data Format Pattern Framed**

Remarks N/A

:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** EVM

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 759.

:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DATA PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|
"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DATA?
```

This command sets the data pattern type (pseudo-random number sequence, 4-bit pattern, sequence of 1's and 0's, data from an external source, or a user file) for unframed data transmission.

***RST** PN23

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for unframed transmission according to the protocols (modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape) selected for the PHS format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:DEFault

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DEFault
```

This command returns all of the PHS modulation format parameters to factory settings. It does not affect any other signal generator parameters.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Restore PHS Factory Default**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected downlink custom timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:DLINK:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer?
```

This command toggles the RF output power level function for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry Timeslot Ampl Main Delta

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:CSID

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:CSID <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:CSID?
```

This command changes the 42-bit cell station identification code (CSID) field of the selected downlink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CSID reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H20200020001

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFFF

Key Entry CSID

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:IDLE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:IDLE <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:IDLE?
```

This command changes the 34-bit idle (IDLE) field of the selected downlink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for IDLE reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H000000000

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFF

Key Entry **IDLE**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:PSID

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:PSID <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:PSID?
```

This command changes the 28-bit personal station identification code (PSID) field in the synchronization channel of the selected downlink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for PSID reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H0000001

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFF

Key Entry **PSID**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:UWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:UWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:UWORd?
```

This command changes the unique word (UW) field of the selected downlink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for UW reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H50EF2993

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **UW**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected downlink timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: 1 *Timeslots 2–4*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:SACChannel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:SACChannel
<bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:SACChannel?
```

This command changes the 15-bit slow associated control channel of the selected downlink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for SACCH reflects the value specified by the standard.

***RST** #H8000

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **SA**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:UWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:UWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:UWORd?
```

This command changes the unique word (UW) field of the selected downlink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for UW reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H3D4C

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **UW**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel
[:TCHannel] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|
P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]?
```

This command customizes the selected downlink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. To change the data type, refer to ":DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]" on page 756.

:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE] CUSTom|TCH|TCH_ALL|SYNC
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:DLINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the downlink timeslot type for the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: TCH *Timeslots 2–4*: CUST

Key Entry Custom TCH TCH All SYNC

Remarks N/A

:EDATa:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:EDATa:DELay?
```

This query returns the amount of delay (in symbols) from the external data input to the beginning of the symbol on the I OUT and Q OUT rear panel connectors and the front panel RF OUTPUT connector.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks When the format is turned off, the delay value is unchanged; the query will return the same delay value if the format is on or off.

:EDCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:EDCLock SYMBol|NORMal
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:EDCLock?
```

This command sets the external data clock use.

SYMBol This choice specifies that a continuous symbol clock signal must be provided to the SYMBOL SYNC input connector.

NORMal This choice specifies that the DATA CLOCK input connector requires a bit clock. The SYMBOL SYNC input connector requires a (one-shot or continuous) symbol sync signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Normal Symbol**

Remarks Both choices have no effect in internal clock mode. Refer to ":BBCLock" on page 741 to select EXT as the data clock type.

:EREFerence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:EREFerence INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:EREFerence?
```

This command selects either an internal or external bit-clock reference for the data generator.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Ref Ext Int**

Remarks If the EXT choice is selected, the external source's frequency value must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector. The external reference and external data clock are not applicable at the same time. If both are selected, then the external reference takes precedence.

Refer to, ":EREFerence:VALue" on page 759 to enter the external reference frequency setting.

:EREFerence:VALue

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:EREFerence:VALue <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:EREFerence:VALue?
```

This command sets the expected bit-clock reference frequency value for an externally applied reference signal.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz–MHz).

***RST** +1.30000000E+007

Range 2.5E5–1E8

Key Entry **Ext BBG Ref Freq**

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector.

Refer to ":EREFerence" on page 758 to select EXT (external source) as the reference for the bit-clock.

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|
IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:FILTer?
```

This command selects the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel

performance), with lower passband rejection.

AC4Fm	This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.
UGGaussian	This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.
"<user FIR>"	This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** RNYQ

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:IQ:SCALe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:IQ:SCALe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:IQ:SCALe?
```

This command sets the amplitude of the I/Q outputs for better adjacent channel power (ACP); lower scaling values equate to better ACP.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of percent.

***RST** +100

Range 1–200

Key Entry **I/Q Scaling**

Remarks This command has no effect with MSK or FSK modulation.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by four, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +4.00000000E+002

Range 0–2E7

Key Entry **Freq Dev**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 767 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the *User's Guide* for more information.

:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]?
```

This command sets the MSK phase deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of degrees.

***RST** +9.00000000E+001

Range 0–100

Key Entry **Phase Dev**

Remarks N/A

:MODulation:UFSK

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:UFSK "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:UFSK?
```

This command selects a user-defined FSK file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User FSK**

Remarks The user-defined FSK file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user FSK as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation:UIQ

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:UIQ "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation:UIQ?
```

This command selects a user-defined I/Q file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User I/Q**

Remarks The user-defined I/Q file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user I/Q as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|
GRAYQPSK|OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|MSK|FSK2|FSK4|
FSK8|FSK16|C4FM|QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM256|UIQ|UFSK
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:MODulation[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the modulation type for the PHS personality.

***RST** P4DQPSK

Key Entry **BPSK** **QPSK** **IS-95 QPSK** **Gray Coded QPSK** **OQPSK** **IS-95 OQPSK** **π/4 DQPSK** **8PSK** **16PSK** **D8PSK** **MSK** **2-Lvl FSK** **4-Lvl FSK** **8-Lvl FSK** **16-Lvl FSK** **C4FM** **4QAM** **16QAM** **32QAM**

64QAM **256QAM** **User I/Q** **User FSK**

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command sets the rotation direction of the phase modulation vector.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary:RECall

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SECondary:RECall
```

This command recalls the secondary frame configuration, overwriting the current state.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Recall Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To save a secondary frame state, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 764.

A secondary frame is not active until the secondary state is enabled. To activate a secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]" on page 765.

:SECondary:SAVE

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SECondary:SAVE`

This command saves the current frame configuration as the secondary frame with the filename `PHS_SECONDARY_FRAME`.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Save Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To recall the secondary frame (saved in non-volatile signal generator memory), refer to ":SECondary:RECall" on page 763.

:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]?`

This command selects the type of triggering for the secondary frame.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 770.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SECondary[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SECondary[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the ability to switch to the secondary frame.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Secondary Frame Off On**

Remarks A frame must already be saved as the secondary frame in order to turn the secondary state function on.

To save a frame as the secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 764.

:SOUT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SOUT FRAME|SLOT|ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SOUT?
```

This command sets the synchronization location (within the pattern of data) and the type of output at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

FRAME This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a framed data pattern.

SLOT This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a selected timeslot.

ALL This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for all active timeslots.

***RST** FRAME

Choices FRAME SLOT ALL

Remarks N/A

:SOUT:OFFSet

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SOUT:OFFSet <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SOUT:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the offset value for the location of the output synchronization signal on the EVENT1 rear panel connector relative to the beginning of the framed data pattern or timeslot.

The variable <val> is expressed as a number of bits.

***RST** +0

Range –239 to 239

Key Entry **Sync Out Offset**

Remarks Negative values move the synchronization output signal earlier; positive values move it later.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 765.

:SOUT:SLOT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SOUT:SLOT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SOUT:SLOT?
```

This command selects the timeslot that will trigger a 1-bit output signal at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

***RST** +0

Range 1–4

Key Entry **Begin Timeslot #**

Remarks To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 765.

:SRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:SRATe?
```

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +1.92000000E+005

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Msps	1–50 Msps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	1–50 Msps	1–25 Msps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	1–33.33 Msps	1–16.67 Msps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	1–25 Msps	1–12.5 Msps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	1–20 Msps	1–10 Msps
QAM64	6	1–16.67 Msps	1–8.33 Msps
QAM256	7	1–12.50 Msps	1–6.25 Msps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 759, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps

- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols

  This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":BRATe" on page 742).

A change in the symbol rate value will affect the bit rate value; refer to ":BRATe" on page 742 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol

rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 762.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger type.

CONTinuous	The framed data sequence repeats continuously; the sequence restarts every time the previous playback is completed. To customize continuous triggering, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 769.
SINGle	The framed data sequence plays once for every trigger received.
GATE	An external trigger signal interrupts the playback while the gating signal is in the inactive state. Playback resumes when the external control signal returns to the active state. The active state can be set to high or low.

***RST** CONT

Key Entry **Continuous** **Single** **Gated**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE|TRIGger|RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?
```

This command customizes the continuous trigger selection.

FREE This choice immediately transmits a framed data sequence that is continuously repeated.

TRIGger This choice causes the framed data sequence to wait for a trigger. Once a trigger is received, the transmission of a continuously repeated framed data sequence begins.

RESet This choice immediately restarts a continuously repeated framed data sequence upon receiving a trigger.

***RST** FREE

Key Entry **Free Run** **Trigger & Run** **Reset & Run**

Remarks To select CONTinuous as the trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 768.

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?
```

This command toggles the polarity of the active state of the external gating input signal; GATE must be selected as the arb trigger type.

LOW The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is low and restarts when the gate returns to the high level.

HIGH The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is high and restarts when the gate returns to the low level.

***RST** HIGH

Key Entry **Gate Active Low High**

Remarks To select GATE as the ARB trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 768.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 770.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** KEY

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|
EPT2|EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?
```

This command specifies which PATT TRIG IN connection, rear panel connector or AUX I/O connector, will be used to accept an externally applied trigger signal.

EPT1 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPT2 This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER1 This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER2 This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG

IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

***RST** EPT1

Key Entry **Patt Trig In 1** **Patt Trig In 2**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 770.

For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command specifies the number of delay bits for the external trigger delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1048576

Key Entry **Ext Delay Bits**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 770.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Ext Delay Off On**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 770.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?
```

This command sets the polarity of the external trigger.

***RST** NEG

Key Entry **Ext Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 770.

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom?
```

This command configures the data field for the selected uplink custom timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:CUSTom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected uplink custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:ULINK:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer?
```

This command toggles the RF output power level function for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry Timeslot Ampl Main Delta

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:CSID

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:CSID <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:CSID?
```

This command changes the 42-bit cell station identification code (CSID) field of the selected uplink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for CSID reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H20200020001

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFFF

Key Entry CSID

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:IDLE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:IDLE <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:IDLE?
```

This command changes the 34-bit idle (IDLE) field of the selected uplink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for IDLE reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H000000000

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFF

Key Entry **IDLE**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:PSID

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:PSID <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:PSID?
```

This command changes the 28-bit personal station identification code (PSID) field in the synchronization channel of the selected uplink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for PSID reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H0000001

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFF

Key Entry **PSID**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:UWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:UWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:SCHannel:UWORd?
```

This command changes the unique word (UW) field of the selected uplink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for UW reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H050EF2993

Range #H0–#H0FFFFFFFF

Key Entry **UW**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the selected uplink timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: 1 *Timeslots 2–4*: 0

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:SACChannel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:SACChannel
<bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:SACChannel?
```

This command changes the 15-bit slow associated control channel of the selected uplink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for SACCH reflects the value specified by the standard.

***RST** #H8000

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **SA**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:UWORd

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:UWORd <bit_pattern>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel:UWORd?
```

This command changes the unique word (UW) field of the selected uplink timeslot. The preset hexadecimal value (when normal preset is selected) for UW reflects the PHS protocol, however you can enter a new value with this command.

***RST** #H3D4C

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **UW**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel
[:TCHannel] PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|
P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]?
```

This command selects the data pattern for the selected uplink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:TCHannel[:TCHannel]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected uplink traffic channel timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE] CUSTom|TCH|TCH_ALL|SYNC
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS:ULINk:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the uplink timeslot type for the selected uplink timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: TCH *Timeslots 2–4*: CUST

Key Entry **Timeslot Type**

Remarks N/A

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:PHS[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the PHS modulation format.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **PHS Off On**

Remarks Although the PHS modulation is enabled with this command, the RF carrier is not modulated unless you also activate the front panel **Mod On/Off** hardkey.

TETRA Subsystem–Option 402 ([:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa)

:ALPha

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter's alpha value.

The filter alpha value can be set to a minimum level (0), a maximum level (1), or in between by using fractional numeric values (0.001–0.999).

***RST** +3.50000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 791.

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BBCLock?
```

This command toggles the data (bit) clock input to the baseband generator board to either internal or external. This command is independent in each mode and works for both non-burst (continuous) and burst modes. This allows for a matrix of selections between burst/non-burst, internal/external data generation, internal/external data clock, and external bit/symbol data clock.

INT[1] This choice selects the signal generator internal data clock.

EXT[1] This choice selects an external data clock input.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks A data clock or continuous symbol sync input must be supplied when external mode is used.

:BBT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time (BbT) filter parameter.

The filter BbT value can be set to the maximum level (1) or in between the minimum level (0.100) and maximum level by using fractional numeric values (0.101–0.999).

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.100–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after choosing a Gaussian filter. It does not have an effect on other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 791.

:BRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BRATe?
```

This command sets the bit rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +3.60000000E+004

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Mbps	1–50 Mbps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
QPSK	2	2–100 Mbps	2–50 Mbps
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	3–100 Mbps	3–50 Mbps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	4–100 Mbps	4–50 Mbps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	5–100 Mbps	5–50 Mbps
QAM64	6	6–100 Mbps	6–50 Mbps
QAM256	7	8–100 Mbps	8–50 Mbps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 791, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps
- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated and will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":SRATe" on page 815).

A change in the bit rate value will affect the symbol rate value; refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794.

:BURSt:PN9

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:PN9 NORMal|QUICk
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:PN9?
```

This command controls the software PN9 generation.

NORMal This choice produces a maximum length PN9 sequence.

QUICk This choice produces a truncated PN9 sequence.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **PN9 Mode Normal Quick**

Remarks Use Normal mode for bit-error-rate tests where a maximum length PN9 sequence is required.

:BURSt:SCRamble:SEED

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SCRamble:SEED <32-bit val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SCRamble:SEED?
```

This command sets the 32-bit scramble seed value.

***RST** #HFFFFFFFF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **Scramble Seed**

Remarks Although values may be set using this command, it does not active that scramble function.

Refer to ":BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe]" on page 781 to enable the scrambling function.

:BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SCRamble[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the scramble function.

ON (1) This choice scrambles data on the related fields, using the seed setting.

OFF (0) This choice disables the scramble function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Scramble Off On**

Remarks To set the seed value, refer to ":BURSt:SCRamble:SEED" on page 781.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay" on page 783 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +8.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–50

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe" on page 783 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –22.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Fall Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:DELay" on page 782 performs the same

function; in compliance withe the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:FTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape fall time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +8.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–50

Key Entry **Fall Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:FALL:TIME" on page 782 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –14.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay" on page 785 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:DELay?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –14.3750 to 99

Key Entry **Rise Delay**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RDELay" on page 784 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +8.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–22.5000

Key Entry **Rise Time**

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe" on page 786 performs the same function; in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe:RTIMe?
```

This command sets the burst shape rise time.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits. The minimum and maximum values depend upon modulation type and symbol rate.

***RST** +8.00000000E+000

Range 0.1250–22.5000

Key Entry Rise Time

Remarks The setting enabled by this command is not affected by signal generator power-on, preset, or *RST.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794. Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

":BURSt:SHAPe:RISE:TIME" on page 785 performs the same function;

in compliance with the SCPI standard, both commands are listed.

For concept information on burst shaping, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE] SINE|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt:SHAPe[:TYPE]?
```

This command specifies the burst shape as either SINE or a user-defined file ("<file name>").

SINE — This choice selects a state that is defined by the burst rise and fall *RST values as the default burst shape type.

"<file name>" — This choice selects a user designated file from signal generator memory (non-volatile).

***RST** SINE

Key Entry **Sine** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:BURSt[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:BURSt[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the burst function.

ON (1) — This choice enables the transmission of framed data. If all timeslots which are switched on are up traffic channels or custom, you will be bursting the timeslots that are on; there will be no RF carrier during the off timeslots.

If you have switched on any timeslot that you have configured as a down traffic channel, the RF carrier is not switched off between any of the timeslots. The off timeslots are transmitted as a continuous series of ones for the time period of the off timeslots.

OFF (0) — This choice enables the transmission of unframed data.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Data Format Pattern Framed**

Remarks N/A

:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes the Nyquist and root Nyquist filters to minimize error vector magnitude (EVM) or to minimize adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection.

***RST** EVM

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":FILTer" on page 791.

:DATA

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:DATA PN9|PN11|PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|
"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:DATA?
```

This command sets the data pattern for unframed transmission.

***RST** PN23

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **Ext**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern for unframed transmission according to the modulation type, symbol rate, filter, and burst shape selected for the TETRa modulation format.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. To change the data type, refer to ":DATA" on page 788.

:DEFault

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:DEFault`

This command returns all of the TETRA modulation format parameters to factory settings. It does not affect any other signal generator parameters.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Restore TETRA Factory Default**

Remarks N/A

:EDATa:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:EDATa:DELay?`

This query returns the amount of delay (in symbols) from the external data input to the beginning of the symbol on the I OUT and Q OUT rear panel connectors and the front panel RF OUTPUT connector.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks When the format is turned off, the delay value is unchanged; the query will return the same delay value if the format is on or off.

:EDCLock

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:EDCLock SYMBol|NORMal
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:EDCLock?
```

This command sets the external data clock use.

SYMBol This choice specifies that a continuous symbol clock signal must be provided to the SYMBOL SYNC input connector.

NORMal This choice specifies that the DATA CLOCK input connector requires a bit clock. The SYMBOL SYNC input connector requires a (one-shot or continuous) symbol sync signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Ext Data Clock Normal Symbol**

Remarks Both choices have no effect in internal clock mode. Refer to ":BBCLock" on page 778 to select EXT as the data clock type.

:EREFerence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:EREFerence INT|EXT
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:EREFerence?
```

This command selects either an internal or external bit-clock reference for the data generator.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Ref Ext Int**

Remarks If the EXT choice is selected, the external source's frequency value

must be applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector. The external reference and external data clock are not applicable at the same time. If both are selected, then the external reference takes precedence.

Refer to, ":EREFerence:VALue" on page 791 to enter the external reference frequency setting.

:EREFerence:VALue

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:EREFerence:VALue <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:EREFerence:VALue?
```

This command sets the expected bit-clock reference frequency value for an externally applied reference signal.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of hertz (Hz–MHz).

***RST** +1.30000000E+007

Range 2.5E5–1E8

Key Entry **Ext BBG Ref Freq**

Remarks The value specified by this command is effective only when you are using an external reference applied to the BASEBAND GEN REF IN rear panel connector.

Refer to ":EREFerence" on page 790 to select EXT (external source) as the reference for the bit-clock.

:FILTer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|RECTangle|
IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:FILTer?
```

This command selects the pre-modulation filter type.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel

performance), with lower passband rejection.

AC4Fm — This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.

UGGaussian — This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.

"<user FIR>" — This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** RNYQ

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:IQ:SCALe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:IQ:SCALe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:IQ:SCALe?
```

This command sets the amplitude of the I/Q outputs for better adjacent channel power (ACP); lower scaling values equate to better ACP.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of percent.

***RST** +65

Range 1–200

Key Entry **I/Q Scaling**

Remarks This command has no effect with MSK or FSK modulation.

:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:FSK[:DEViation]?
```

This command sets the symmetric FSK frequency deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of Hertz and the maximum range value equals the current symbol rate value multiplied by four, limited to 20 MHz.

***RST** +4.00000000E+002

Range 0–2E7

Key Entry **Freq Dev**

Remarks To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794.

Refer to ":SRATe" on page 815 for a list of the minimum and maximum symbol rate values.

To set an asymmetric FSK deviation value, refer to the *User's Guide* for more information.

:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:MSK[:PHASe]?
```

This command sets the MSK phase deviation value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of degrees.

***RST** +9.00000000E+001

Range 0–100

Key Entry **Phase Dev**

Remarks N/A

:MODulation:UFSK

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:UFSK "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:UFSK?
```

This command selects a user-defined FSK file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User FSK**

Remarks The user-defined FSK file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user FSK as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation:UIQ

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:UIQ "<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation:UIQ?
```

This command selects a user-defined I/Q file from the signal generator memory.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **User I/Q**

Remarks The user-defined I/Q file is held in signal generator memory until the command that selects user I/Q as the modulation type is sent. Refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794 to change the current modulation type.

Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:MODulation[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation[:TYPE] BPSK|QPSK|IS95QPSK|
GRAYQPSK|OQPSK|IS95OQPSK|P4DQPSK|PSK8|PSK16|D8PSK|MSK|FSK2|FSK4|
FSK8|FSK16|C4FM|QAM4|QAM16|QAM32|QAM64|QAM256|UIQ|UFSK
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:MODulation[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the modulation type for the TETRA personality.

***RST** P4DQPSK

Key Entry **BPSK** **QPSK** **IS-95 QPSK** **Gray Coded QPSK** **OQPSK** **IS-95 OQPSK** **π/4 DQPSK** **8PSK** **16PSK** **D8PSK** **MSK** **2-Lvl FSK** **4-Lvl FSK** **8-Lvl FSK** **16-Lvl FSK** **C4FM** **4QAM** **16QAM** **32QAM**

64QAM 256QAM User I/Q User FSK

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVerted
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command sets the rotation direction of the phase modulation vector.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary:RECall

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SECondary:RECall
```

This command recalls the secondary frame configuration, overwriting the current state.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Recall Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To save a secondary frame state, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 796.

A secondary frame is not active until the secondary state is enabled. To activate a secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary[:STATe]" on page 797.

:SECondary:SAVE

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SECondary:SAVE`

This command saves the current frame configuration as the secondary frame with the filename `TETRa_SECONDARY_FRAME`.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Save Secondary Frame State**

Remarks To recall the secondary frame (saved in non-volatile signal generator memory), refer to ":SECondary:RECall" on page 795.

:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

`[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SECondary:TRIGger[:SOURce]?`

This command selects the type of triggering for the secondary frame.

KEY This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 818.

BUS This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:SECondary[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SECondary[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SECondary[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the ability to switch to the secondary frame.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Secondary Frame Off On**

Remarks A frame must already be saved as the secondary frame in order to turn the secondary state function on.

To save a frame as the secondary frame, refer to ":SECondary:SAVE" on page 796.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCCustom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCCustom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCCustom?
```

This command configures the downlink continuous custom timeslot data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCCustom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCCustom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCCustom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink continuous custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:DCNormal:B1

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal:B1 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal:B1?
```

This command sets the first 14 broadcast bits for the selected downlink continuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #H0000

Range #H0–#H3FFF

Key Entry **B1**

Remarks N/A

:DCNormal:B2

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal:B2 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal:B2?
```

This command sets the last 16 broadcast bits for the selected downlink continuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #H0000

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **B2**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal:
TSEQuence <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal:TSEQuence?
```

This command sets the normal training sequence bits (30-bit mid-amble) for the selected downlink continuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #H343A74

Range #H0–#H3FFFFF

Key Entry **TS**

Remarks When 1E90DE is selected, the data fields are scrambled as separate logical channels.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal[:DATA] PN9|PN11|
PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal[:DATA]?
```

This command configures the selected downlink continuous normal timeslot data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink continuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:B

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:B <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:B?
```

This command sets the broadcast bits for the selected downlink continuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #H00000000

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFF

Key Entry **B**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:FCOR

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:FCOR <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:FCOR?
```

This command sets the frequency correction bits for the selected downlink continuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #HFF0000000000000000FF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **FCOR**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:SSB

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:SSB <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:SSB?
```

This command sets the synchronization block bits for the selected downlink synchronization continuous timeslot.

***RST** #H00000000000000000000000000000000

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **SSB**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:STS

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:STS <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync:STS?
```

This command sets the synchronization training sequence for the selected downlink continuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #H30673A7067

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **STS**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync[:DATA] PN9|PN11|
PN15|PN20|PN23FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync[:DATA]?
```

This command configures the selected downlink continuous synchronization timeslot data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCSync[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink continuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDCustom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDCustom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDCustom?
```

This command configures the downlink discontinuous custom timeslot data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**

64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDCustom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDCustom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDCustom:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink discontinuous custom timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:B1

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:B1 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:B1?
```

This command sets the first 14 broadcast bits for the selected downlink discontinuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #H0000

Range #H0–#H3FFF

Key Entry **B1**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:B2

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:B2 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:B2?
```

This command sets the last 16 broadcast bits for the selected downlink continuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #H0000

Range #H0–#HFFFF

Key Entry **B2**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:TSEQuence <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal:TSEQuence?
```

This command specifies the normal training sequence bits (30-bit mid-amble) for the selected downlink discontinuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #H343A74

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFF

Key Entry **TS**

Remarks When 1E90DE is selected, the data fields are scrambled as separate logical channels.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal[:DATA] PN9|PN11|
PN15|PN20|PN23FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal[:DATA]?
```

This command configures the selected downlink discontinuous normal timeslot data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDNormal[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink discontinuous normal timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:B

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:B <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:B?
```

This command sets the broadcast bits for the selected downlink discontinuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #H00000000

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFF

Key Entry **B**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:FCOR

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:FCOR <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:FCOR?
```

This command sets the frequency correction bits for the selected downlink discontinuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #HFF0000000000000000FF

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry **FCOR**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:SSB

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:SSB <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:SSB?
```

This command sets the synchronization block bits for the selected downlink synchronization discontinuous timeslot.

***RST** #H00000000000000000000000000000000

Range #H0–#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF

Key Entry SSB

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:STS

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:STS <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync:STS?
```

This command sets the synchronization training sequence for the selected downlink discontinuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #H30673A7067

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFFFF

Key Entry STS

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync[:DATA] PN9|PN11|
PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync[:DATA]?
```

This command configures the selected downlink discontinuous synchronization timeslot data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN11 PN15 PN20 PN23 FIX4 User File EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's 8 1's & 8 0's 16 1's & 16 0's 32 1's & 32 0's
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DDSync[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command sets the binary, 4-bit repeating sequence data pattern that is used in the selected downlink discontinuous synchronization timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks FIX4 must already be defined as the data type. To change the data type, refer to ":SLOT[1]|2|3|4:DCNormal[:DATA]" on page 799.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer MAIN|DELTa
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:POWer?
```

This command toggles the RF output power level function for the selected timeslot.

MAIN This choice specifies RF output as the main power level.

DELTa This choice specifies RF output as the alternative power level.

***RST** MAIN

Key Entry **Timeslot Ampl Main Delta**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: 1 *Timeslot 2-4*:

Key Entry **Timeslot Off On**

Remarks Continuous timeslots cannot be disabled.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1:TSEQuence <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1:TSEQuence?
```

This command specifies the extended training sequence bits (30-bit mid-amble) for the selected uplink control 1 timeslot.

***RST** #H2743A743

Range #H0–#H3FFFFFFF

Key Entry **TS**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1[:DATA] PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1[:DATA]?
```

This command configures the selected uplink control 1 data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**
4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file

name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC1[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command configures the uplink control 1 data field FIX4 value for the selected timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2:TSEQuence <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2:TSEQuence?
```

This command specifies the extended training sequence bits (30-bit mid-amble) for the selected uplink control 2 timeslot.

***RST** #H2743A743

Range #H0–#H3FFFFF

Key Entry TS

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2[:DATA] PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2[:DATA]?
```

This command configures the selected uplink control 2 data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UC2[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command configures the uplink control 2 data field FIX4 value for the selected timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UCUStom

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UCUStom PN9|PN11|PN15|
PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UCUStom?
```

This command configures the uplink custom data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT** **4 1's & 4 0's** **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's** **64 1's & 64 0's**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UCUStom:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UCUStom:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UCUStom:FIX4?
```

This command configures the selected uplink custom data field to FIX4 (4-bit repeating sequence data pattern).

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal:TSEQuence

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal:TSEQuence <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal:TSEQuence?
```

This command specifies the extended training sequence bits (22-bit mid-amble) for the selected uplink normal timeslot.

***RST** #H343A74

Range #H0–#H3FFFFF

Key Entry **TS**

Remarks When 1E90DE is selected, the data fields are scrambled as separate logical channels.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal[:DATA]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal[:DATA] PN9|PN11|
PN15|PN20|PN23|FIX4|"<file name>"|EXT|P4|P8|P16|P32|P64
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal[:DATA]?
```

This command configures the selected uplink normal data field.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN11** **PN15** **PN20** **PN23** **FIX4** **User File** **EXT**

4 1's & 4 0's **8 1's & 8 0's** **16 1's & 16 0's** **32 1's & 32 0's**
64 1's & 64 0's

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal[:DATA]:FIX4

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal[:DATA]:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4:UNORmal[:DATA]:FIX4?
```

This command configures the uplink normal data field FIX4 value for the selected timeslot.

***RST** #B0000

Range #B0000–#B1111 or 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks N/A

:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE] UCUStom|UC1|UC2|
UNORmal|DDNormal|DDSync|DCNormal|DCSync|DCCustom|DDCustom
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SLOT[1]|2|3|4[:TYPE]?
```

This command sets the timeslot type for the selected timeslot.

***RST** *Timeslot 1*: UCUS *Timeslot 2-4*: UNOR

Key Entry **Up Custom** **Up Control 1** **Up Control 2** **Up Normal** **Dn Normal Disc** **Dn Sync Disc** **Dn Normal Cont** **Dn Sync Cont** **Dn Custom Cont** **Dn Custom Disc**

Remarks When downlink is selected and the frame is uplink, the following mapping is made to convert the uplink protocols to downlink; an error

will be generated.

From	To (Continuous Downlink)	To (Discontinuous Downlink)
UC1	DCCustom	DDCustom
UC2	DCCustom	DDCustom
UCUSTom	DCCustom	DDCustom
UNORmal	DCNormal	DDNormal

When uplink is selected and the frame is downlink, the following mapping is made to convert the downlink protocols to uplink; an error will be generated.

From	To
DCCustom/ DDCustom	UCUSTom
DCNormal/ DDNormal	UNORmal
DCSync/ DDSync	UCUSTom

When continuous downlink protocols are selected, all timeslots must be on, and they cannot be turned off. Any attempts to do so will generate an error.

:SOUT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SOUT FRAME|SLOT|ALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SOUT?
```

This command sets the synchronization location (within the pattern of data) and the type of output at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

FRAME This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a framed data pattern.

SLOT This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for a selected timeslot.

ALL This choice outputs a 1-bit signal, synchronized to the bit selected by the synchronization output offset command, for all active timeslots.

***RST** FRAME

Key Entry **Begin Frame** **Begin Timeslot #** **All Timeslots**

Remarks To change the synchronization output offset value, refer to ":SOUT:OFFSet" on page 814.

:SOUT:OFFSet

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SOUT:OFFSet <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SOUT:OFFSet?
```

This command sets the offset value for the location of the output synchronization signal on the EVENT1 rear panel connector relative to the beginning of the framed data pattern or timeslot.

The variable <val> is expressed as a number of bits.

***RST** +0

Range –509 to 509

Key Entry **Sync Out Offset**

Remarks Negative values move the synchronization output signal earlier; positive values move it later.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 813.

:SOUT:SLOT

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SOUT:SLOT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SOUT:SLOT?
```

This command selects the timeslot that will trigger a 1-bit output signal at the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

***RST** +1

Range 1–4

Key Entry **Begin Timeslot #**

Remarks SLOT must be selected as the output signal type for the EVENT 1 rear panel connector.

To change the output of the EVENT1 rear panel connector to SLOT, refer to ":SOUT" on page 813.

:SRATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:SRATe?
```

This command sets the transmission symbol rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of bits per second (bps–Mbps) and the maximum range value is dependent upon the source of data (internal or external), the modulation type, and filter.

***RST** +1.80000000E+004

Range

Modulation Type	*Bits per Symbol*	*Internal Data*	*External Serial Data*
BPSK	1	1–50 Msps	1–50 Msps
FSK2			
MSK			
C4FM	2	1–50 Msps	1–25 Msps
FSK4			
OQPSK			
OQPSK195			
P4QPPSK			
QAM4			
QPSK			
QPSKIS95			
QPSKISAT			
D8PSK	3	1–33.33 Msps	1–16.67 Msps
EDGE			
FSK8			
PSK8			
FSK16	4	1–25 Msps	1–12.5 Msps
PSK16			
QAM16			
QAM32	5	1–20 Msps	1–10 Msps
QAM64	6	1–16.67 Msps	1–8.33 Msps
QAM256	7	1–12.50 Msps	1–6.25 Msps

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks When user-defined filters are selected using the command in section ":FILTer" on page 791, the upper bit rate will be restricted in line with the following symbol rate restriction:

- FIR filter length > 32 symbols: upper limit is 12.5 Msps

- FIR filter length > 16 symbols: upper limit is 25 Msps

When internal FIR filters are used, the limits of the above table always apply. For higher symbol rates, the FIR filter length will be truncated as follows:

- Above 12.5 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 32 symbols
- Above 25 Msps, the FIR length will be truncated to 16 symbols

  This will impact the relative timing of the modulated data, as well as the actual filter response (see ":BRATe" on page 779).

A change in the symbol rate value will affect the bit rate value; refer to ":BRATe" on page 779 for a list of the minimum and maximum bit rate values.

To change the modulation type, refer to ":MODulation[:TYPE]" on page 794.

:TRIGger:TYPE

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger:TYPE CONTinuous|SINGle|GATE
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger:TYPE?
```

This command sets the trigger type.

CONTinuous	The framed data sequence repeats continuously; the sequence restarts every time the previous playback is completed. To customize continuous triggering, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]" on page 817.
SINGle	The framed data sequence plays once for every trigger received.
GATE	An external trigger signal interrupts the playback while the gating signal is in the inactive state. Playback resumes when the external control signal returns to the active state. The active state can be set to high or low.

***RST** CONT

Key Entry **Continuous** **Single** **Gated**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE] FREE|
TRIGger|RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger:TYPE:CONTinuous[:TYPE]?
```

This command customizes the continuous trigger selection.

FREE This choice immediately transmits a framed data sequence that is continuously repeated.

TRIGger This choice causes the framed data sequence to wait for a trigger. Once a trigger is received, the transmission of a continuously repeated framed data sequence begins.

RESet This choice immediately restarts a continuously repeated framed data sequence upon receiving a trigger.

***RST** FREE

Key Entry **Free Run** **Trigger & Run** **Reset & Run**

Remarks To select CONTinuous as the trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 816.

:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive LOW|HIGH
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger:TYPE:GATE:ACTive?
```

This command toggles the polarity of the active state of the external gating input signal; GATE must be selected as the arb trigger type.

LOW The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is low and restarts when the gate returns to the high level.

HIGH The sequence runs while the selected external control gating signal is high and restarts when the gate returns to the low level.

***RST** HIGH

Key Entry **Gate Active Low High**

Remarks To select GATE as the ARB trigger type, refer to ":TRIGger:TYPE" on page 816.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce] KEY|EXT|BUS
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]?
```

This command sets the trigger source.

KEY — This choice enables triggering by pressing the front panel **Trigger** hardkey.

EXT — This choice enables triggering using an externally applied signal at the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector or the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector. To select the appropriate connector, refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]" on page 818.

BUS — This choice enables GPIB triggering using the `*TRG` or `GET` command or LAN and RS-232 triggering using the `*TRG` command.

***RST** KEY

Key Entry **Trigger Key** **Ext** **Bus**

Remarks N/A

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce] EPT1|
EPT2|EPTRIGGER1|EPTRIGGER2
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal[:SOURce]?
```

This command specifies which PATT TRIG IN connection, rear panel connector or AUX I/O connector, will be used to accept an externally applied trigger signal.

EPT1 — This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPT2 — This choice is synonymous with EPTRIGGER2 and selects the PATT TRIG IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER1 — This choice is synonymous with EPT1 and selects the PATT TRIG IN rear panel connector for the external signal connection.

EPTRIGGER2 — This choice is synonymous with EPT2 and selects the PATT TRIG

IN 2 pin on the rear panel AUX I/O connector for the external signal connection.

***RST** EPT1

Key Entry **Patt Trig In 1** **Patt Trig In 2**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 818.

For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to the *User's Guide*.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay?
```

This command specifies the number of delay bits for the external trigger delay.

The variable <val> is expressed in bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1048576

Key Entry **Ext Delay Bits**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 818.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe
ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:DELay:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the external trigger delay function.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Ext Delay Off On**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 818.

:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa:TRIGger[:SOURce]:EXTernal:SLOPe?
```

This command sets the polarity of the external trigger.

***RST** NEG

Key Entry **Ext Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is effective only if an external trigger is selected as the trigger source. Refer to ":TRIGger[:SOURce]" on page 818.

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 402

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:TETRa[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the TETRA modulation format.

***RST** OFF

Key Entry **TETRA Off On**

Remarks Although the TETRA modulation is enabled with this command, the

RF carrier is not modulated unless you also activate the front panel **Mod On/Off** hardkey.

Wideband CDMA Base Band Generator Subsystem–Option 400 ([:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG])

:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:BBCLock?
```

This command selects the baseband generator chip clock source for the radio uplink channel.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Chip Clock Ext Int**

Remarks Refer to ":BBCLock:EXT:RATE" on page 821 for the EXT clock rate selections.

:BBCLock:EXT:RATE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:BBCLock:EXT:RATE X1|X2|X4
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:BBCLock:EXT:RATE?
```

This command sets the external clock rate for the baseband generator.

X1 This choice sets an external clock rate that is identical to the chip clock (3.84 MHz).

X2 This choice sets an external clock rate that is two times the rate of the chip clock.

X4 This choice sets an external clock rate that is four times the rate of the chip clock.

***RST** X1

Key Entry **Ext Clock Rate x1 x2 x4**

Remarks This command only applies to uplink.

:DLINk:APPLy

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:APPLy
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:APPLy?
```

This command immediately starts the channel coding generation process according to the channel setup and data entered for the downlink physical and transport channels.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry Apply Channel Setup

Remarks If pre-computing is required, then a progress bar will appear on the signal generator's display.

:DLINk:AWGN:CN

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:CN <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:CN?
```

This command sets the in band carrier to noise ratio (C/N) value in the AWGN carrier to noise.

***RST** –10.2

Range –20 to 20

Field Entry `C/N value`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:AWGN:CPower

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:CPower?
```

This query returns the carrier power of the RF signal.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Field Entry `C Power`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:AWGN:ECNO

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:ECNO <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:ECNO?
```

This command sets the Ec/No value of the Ec Ref channel.

The variable <val> is expressed in decibels (dB).

***RST** 0

Range –30 to 30

Field Entry `Ec/No value`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:AWGN:ECRPower

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:ECRPower?
```

This query returns the carrier noise power in the Ec Ref channel.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Ec Ref Power`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:AWGN:ECRef

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:ECRef DPCH1|DPCH2|PCCPCH|
PICH|CPICH
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:ECRef?
```

This command selects the reference used for the Ec/No value.

DPCH1 This choice selects 1 dedicated physical channel.

DPCH2 This choice selects 2 dedicated physical channel.

PCCPCH This choice selects a primary command control physical channel.

PICH This choice selects a paging indicator channel.

CPICH This choice selects a common pilot channel.

***RST** DPCH1

Key Entry **DPCH + 1** **DPCH + 2** **PCCPCH** **PICH** **CPICH**

Remarks White noise is a frequency spectrum that is uniform over a specific frequency band. White noise has equal power per hertz over the specific frequency band.

:DLINk:AWGN:FNBW

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:FNBW?`

This query returns the flat noise bandwidth value.

***RST** +6.1440000E+006

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:AWGN:NPower

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:NPower?`

This query returns the in-band noise power portion of the total RF power.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:AWGN:TTLPower

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:TTLPower?
```

This query returns the in-channel total power of the RF signal.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Total Pwr`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:AWGN[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:AWGN:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) physical channel.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:BBCLock

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:BBCLock INT[1]|EXT[1]
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:BBCLock?
```

This command selects the baseband generator chip clock source for the channel.

***RST** INT

Key Entry **BBG Data Clock Ext Int**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:CCODe?
```

This command sets the channel code for the chip ARB based dedicated physical channel (DPCH) in compressed mode.

***RST** 6

Range 0–511

Field Entry Channel Code

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:
DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:DATA?
```

This command sets the data pattern for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) in compressed mode (CM).

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks The data pattern contains one frame of each normal DPCH frame with a chosen slot structure. CM is enabled via spread factor reduction using a single frame method.

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:FOFFset

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:FOFFset <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:FOFFset?
```

This command sets the frame offset for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) in compressed mode.

***RST** 0

Range 0–149

Field Entry Frame Offset

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:FSTRuct

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:FSTRuct A|B
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:FSTRuct?
```

This command selects the frame structure for the downlink compressed mode.

A This choice maximizes the transmission gap length in a compressed frame.

B This choice optimized for power control during a compressed frame.

***RST** A

Key Entry **A** **B**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:POWer?
```

This command sets the power for the downlink compressed mode.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry Power

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:PRATio

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:PRATio <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:PRATio?
```

This command sets the playback ratio for the downlink compressed mode.

***RST** 2

Range 0–4096

Field Entry Playback Ratio

Remarks The value that is set represents the number of normal frames played between each compressed frame.

For example: 1:30

30 represents the uncompressed (normal) DPCH frames. The 30 frames will be played and then 1 compressed DPCH frame. The sequence then repeats.

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SCTYpe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:
SCTYpe NORMal|RIGHt|LEFT
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SCTYpe?
```

This command sets the scramble type for the downlink compressed mode.

NORMal	This choice selects scramble codes 0–8191 (16 x 511 + 15 = 8191).
RIGHt	This choice selects scramble codes 8192–16383 (Normal + 8192).
LEFT	This choice selects scramble codes 16384–24575 (Normal + 16384).

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Normal** **Right** **Left**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SFORmat

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SFORmat <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SFORmat?
```

This command sets the slot format value for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) in compressed mode. This value is used for both compressed and uncompressed frames.

***RST** +11

Range 1–15

Field Entry Slot Format

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SSCodeos

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SSCodeos <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:SSSCodeos?
```

This command sets the secondary scramble code offset for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) in compressed mode.

***RST** +0

Range 0–15

Field Entry SecScr Code OS

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:TFIRst

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:TFIRst <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:TFIRst?
```

This command sets the first slot at which a gap appears.

***RST** 7

Range 0–7

Field Entry Tfirst

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:TGL

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:TGL <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe:TGL?
```

This command sets the number of slots in the gap.

***RST** 7

Range 1–7

Field Entry Tgl

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CARB:CMODe[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CARB:CMODe[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the downlink dedicated physical channel (DPCH) in compressed mode.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CPICh:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CPICh:CCODe?
```

This query returns the common paging indicator channel (CPICH) channel code value.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The channelization code is always expected to be 0.

:DLINk:CPICh:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CPICh:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CPICh:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the common paging indicator channel (CPICH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –3.30000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry Power

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CPICh[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CPICh[:STATe]
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CPICh[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the common paging indicator channel (CPICH).

***RST** 1

Key Entry Channel State Off On

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:CRATe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:CRATe?
```

This command adjusts the chip rate.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of cycle per second (cps).

***RST** +3.84000000E+006

Range 1000–4250000

Field Entry Chip Rate

Remarks The chip rate is equivalent to the spreading rate.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]:BALance

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]:BALance <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]:BALance?
```

This command sets DPCH1 power while scaling the power of all available OCNS channels in order to maintain a total power of 0 dB.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry DPCH Channel Balance

Remarks At least one DPCH and one OCNS channel must be on prior to channel balancing. Refer to ":DLINk:DPCH[1]|2[:STATe]" on page 839 and ":DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16[:STATe]" on page 845.

The command `[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]:BINitialize` must be initiated prior to channel balancing.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]:BINitialize

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]:BINitialize`

This command initializes the DPCH1 or DPCH2 power of the OCNS channel balancing.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks To insure proper balancing, this command must be called before the channel balancing.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:ALL[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:ALL[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0`

This command enables or disables both of the downlink dedicated physical channels.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry Channel State Off On

Remarks If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

To query the state of the individual channel, refer to ":DLINk:DPCH[1]|2[:STATe]" on page 839

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:CCODe?
```

This command sets the downlink dedicated physical channel (DPCH) code number.

***RST** *DPCH 1*: 10 *DPCH 2*: 11

Range 0–511

Field Entry Chan Code

Remarks The channel code is coupled with the slot format and symbol rate. Refer to ":DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SLOTformat" on page 836 and ":DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SRATe" on page 836.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA PN9|PN15|FIX4|
"<file name>"|TGRA|TGRB
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA?
```

This command configures the data pattern for the downlink dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

TGRA	This choice selects transport channel A.
TGRB	This choice selects transport channel B.
"<file name>"	This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **"User File"** **Transp Chan A** **Transp Chan B**

Remarks The data is now independent, on each of the DPCH channels. The data

is limited to PN9 and PN15 when the DPCH is in slot format 16.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the data type to a FIX4 pattern for the downlink dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range: 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the downlink dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –1.02000000E+001

Range: –40 to 0

Field Entry Power

Remarks N/A

:DLINK:DPCH[1]|2:RCSetup

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINK:DPCH[1]|2:RCSetup REF122|REF64|
REF144|REF384|AMR122|ISDN
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINK:DPCH[1]|2:RCSetup?
```

This command configures the downlink reference measurement setup for the transport channel.

REF122	This choice configures the transport channel per the 3G TS 34.121 specification to a downlink reference measurement channel 12.2 kbps rate.
REF64	This choice configures the transport channel per the 3G TS 34.121 specification to a downlink reference measurement channel 64 kbps rate.
REF144	This choice configures the transport channel per the 3G TS 34.121 specification to a downlink reference measurement channel 144 kbps rate.
REF384	This choice configures the transport channel per the 3G TS 34.121 specification to a downlink reference measurement channel 384 kbps rate.
AMR122	This choice configures the transport channel per the 3G TS 25.944 specification to a downlink reference measurement channel AMR 12.2 kbps rate.
ISDN	This choice configures the transport channel as follows: 64 kbps rate, channel 1 with 4 blocks of 640 and channel 2 with 1 block of 148.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **12.2 kbps (34.121 v3.8)** **64 kbps (34.121 v3.8)** **144 kbps (34.121 v3.8)** **384 kbps (34.121 v3.8)** **AMR 12.2 (25.944 v3.5)** **UDI ISDN (25.944 v3.5)**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SLOTformat

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA:SLOTformat <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:DATA:SLOTformat?
```

This command configures the slot format for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

***RST** 0

Range: 0–16

Field Entry `Slot Format`

Remarks The slot format is coupled with the channel code and symbol rate. The transmit power control (TPC), the transport format combination indicator (TFCI), and the Pilot bits are also set as per specification and not displayed.

For a description of slot formats, see the 3GPP Technical Specifications (TS 25.211 v3.10).

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SRATe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SRATe?
```

This query returns the symbol rate for the downlink dedicated physical channel.

***RST** +7.50000000E+003

Range: N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SSCodeos

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SSCodeos <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:SSCodeos?
```

This command sets the secondary scrambling code offset for the downlink dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

***RST** +0

Range: 0–15

Field Entry `2nd Scr Offset`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TFCI:PATTern

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TFCI:PATTern <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TFCI:PATTern?
```

This command sets a 10-bit pattern for the transport format combination indicator (TFCI) for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

While the variable <val> is expressed in binary or decimal formats, the query returns only decimal values.

***RST** +0

Range: 0–1023

Field Entry `TFCI Pat`

Remarks The TFCI is optional and describes the services in use (for example, voice or data).

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TOFFset

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TOFFset <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TOFFset?
```

This command adjusts the timing offset for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in chips.

***RST** +0

Range: 0–149

Field Entry `tDPCH Offset`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TPC:NUMSteps

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TPC:NUMSteps <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TPC:NUMSteps?
```

This command sets the number of steps for increasing/decreasing the user's equipment (UE) power.

***RST** +1

Range: 1–80

Field Entry `TPC Steps`

Remarks The command is used with the transmit power control (TPC) patterns up/down (UDOWn), down/up (DUP), all down(DALL), all up (UALL), external (EXT), or user file (<"file name">. Refer to ":DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TPC:PATTern" on page 839

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TPC:PATTern

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TPC:PATTern UDOWn|DUP|
UALL|DALL|EXT|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:TPC:PATTern?
```

This command controls the power of the user's equipment (UE). The increase/decrease direction for UE power level changes is determined by the transmit power control (TPC) pattern.

UDOWn	This choice repetitively steps up and down the TPC pattern.
DUP	This choice repetitively steps down and up the TPC pattern.
UALL	This choice consecutively steps up the TPC pattern.
DALL	This choice consecutively steps down the TPC pattern.
EXT	This choice specifies an external TPC pattern.

***RST** UDOW

Key Entry **All Down** **All Up** **Down/Up** **Up/Down** **Ext** **User File**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:ALL[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:DPCH[1]|2:ALL[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the dedicated physical channels (DPCH1 or DPCH2).

***RST** *DPCH1*: 1 *DPCH2*: 0

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk:FILTer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer RNYQuist|NYQuist|GAUSsian|
RECTangle|IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm|UGGaussian|
"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer?
```

This command selects the filter type for the downlink configuration.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance), with lower passband rejection.
UGGaussian	This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.
AC4Fm	This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.
"<user FIR>"	This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** RNYQ

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian** **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:DLINk:FILTer:ALPHa

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer:ALPHa?
```

Execute this command to change the alpha value for a Nyquist or root Nyquist filter.

***RST** +2.20000000E–001

Range 0–1

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks This command is effective only after selection of a root Nyquist or Nyquist filter; it does not affect other types of filters. To change the current filter type, refer to ":DLINk:FILTer" on page 840.

:DLINk:FILTer:BBT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer:BBT <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer:BBT?
```

Execute this command to change the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time filter parameter value.

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.0000–1.0

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after selection of a Gaussian filter; it does not affect other types of filters. To change the current filter type, refer to ":DLINk:FILTer" on page 840.

:DLINk:FILTer:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:FILTer:CHANnel?
```

Execute this command to optimize a filter for minimized error vector magnitude (EVM) or for minimized adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection. This feature only applies to root Nyquist and Nyquist filters.

***RST** EVM

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":DLINk:FILTer" on page 840.

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:ALL[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:ALL[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
```

This command enables or disables all of the orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS) channels.

***RST** +0

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks To query the state of the individual channel, refer to ":DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16[:STATe]" on page 845.

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:CCODE?
```

This command sets the channel code number for the downlink orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS).

***RST** +24

Range 0–255

Field Entry Chan Code

Remarks The channel code is coupled with the symbol rate. Refer to ":DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:SRATe" on page 844.

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:DATA PN9|PN15
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:DATA?
```

This command configures the data pattern for the downlink orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS).

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –1.200000000E+001

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `Power`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:SRATe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:SRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:SRATe?
```

This command selects the symbol rate for the orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS).

The choices are expressed in units of kilo symbols per second (ksps).

***RST** +1.50000000E+004

Key Entry **7.5 ksps** **15 ksps** **30 ksps** **60 ksps** **120 ksps** **240 ksps** **480 ksps** **960 ksps**

Remarks The symbol rate is coupled with the channel code. Refer to ":DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:CCODe" on page 842.

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:SSCodeos

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:SSCodeos <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:SSCodeos?
```

This command sets the secondary scrambling code offset for the orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS).

***RST** +0

Range 0–15

Field Entry `2nd Scr Offset`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16:TOFFset

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:TOFFset <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16:TOFFset?
```

This command adjusts the timing offset for the orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS) channel.

***RST** +0

Range: 0–149

Field Entry `tOCNS Offset`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|13|14|15|16[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:OCNS[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|10|11|12|
13|14|15|16[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the orthogonal channel noise simulator (OCNS) channel.

***RST** +0

Field Entry `On/Off`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PADJust

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PADJust EQUal|SCALe
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PADJust?
```

This command adjusts the code domain power levels of all downlink channels.

EQUal This choice will adjusts all channel powers to equal power settings.

SCALe This choice will scale the channel power levels so that the sum of the powers are equal to 0 dB.

***RST** EQU

Key Entry **Equal Powers** **Scale To 0dB**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PCCPch:BCHData

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:BCHData PN9|PN15|FIX4|
"<file name>"|TRANspch
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:BCHData?
```

This command sets the broadcast channel (BCH) data format that will be transmitted on the physical common control physical channel (PCCPCH).

TRANspch This choice selects a dedicated transport channel data pattern.

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** FIX4

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **Transport CH**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PCCPch:BCHData:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:BCHData:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:BCHData:FIX4?
```

This command sets a fixed 4-bit data pattern for the primary common control physical channel (PCCPCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PCCPch:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:CCODe?
```

This command sets the primary common control physical channel (PCCPCH) code to the desired code number.

***RST** +1

Range 0–255

Field Entry `Channel Code`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PCCPch:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the primary common control physical channel (PCCPCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –5.30000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `Power`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PCCPch[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PCCPch[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the primary common control physical channel (PCCPCH).

***RST** 1

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PICH:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:CCODe?
```

This command sets the paging indicator channel (PICH) code to the desired code number.

***RST** +3

Range 0–255

Field Entry `Channel Code`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PICH:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:DATA PN9|PN15|FIX4|
"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:DATA?
```

This command configures the data pattern for the downlink paging indicator channel (PICH).

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PICH:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets a fixed 4-bit data pattern to be transmitted on a paging indicator channel (PICH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PICH:PIBits

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:PIBits?
```

This query returns the number of bits in the paging indicator field.

***RST** +288

Range N/A

Field Entry `PI Bits`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PICH:PINDicator

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:PINDicator?`

This query returns the number of paging indicator fields per frame.

***RST** +144

Range N/A

Field Entry `Paging Indicator`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PICH:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:POWer <val>`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH:POWer?`

This command sets the power level of the paging indicator channel (PICH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –8.300000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `Power`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PICH[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PICH[:STATe]?`

This command enables or disables the paging indicator channel (PICH).

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:POLarity NORMal|INVverted
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:POLarity?
```

This command selects the phase polarity of the downlink signal.

NORMal This choice selects normal polarity.

INVerted This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PSCH:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PSCH:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PSCH:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the primary synchronization physical channel (PSCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –8.30000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry Power

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:PSCH[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PSCH[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:PSCH[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the primary synchronization physical channel (PSCH).

***RST** 1

Field Entry PSCH State

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SCH[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SCH[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
```

This command enables or disables the primary and secondary synchronization channel (SSCH).

***RST** 1

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks To query the state of the individual channel, refer to ":DLINk:PSCH[:STATe]" on page 851 and ":DLINk:SSCH[:STATe]" on page 854.

:DLINk:SCRamblecode

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SCRamblecode <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SCRamblecode?
```

This command selects the scramble code number.

***RST** +0

Range 0–511

Field Entry Scrambling Code

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SDELay

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SDELay?
```

This command sets the synchronization delay of the basestation.

The variable <val> is expressed in unit of chips per second (cps).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range 0–38399

Field Entry Sync Delay

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SSCH:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SSCH:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SSCH:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the secondary synchronization channel (SSCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –8.30000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry SSCH Power

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SSCH:SSGRoup

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SSHC:SSGRoup?
```

This command query returns the secondary scramble code group for the secondary synchronization channel (SSCH).

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry SSCH 2nd Scramble Group

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:SSCH[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:SSCH[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0`

This command enables or disables the secondary synchronization channel (SSCH).

***RST** 1

Field Entry `SSCH State`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:TSTatus:COMPressed

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:TSTatus:COMPressed?`

This query returns the status of the compressed mode pattern generation.

0 indicates the compressed mode pattern signal is not generating

1 indicates the compressed mode pattern signal is generating

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:DLINk:TSETup

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk:TSETup REFSensitiv|MAXinput|ACS|BLOCking|SPURious|INTermod|PERFreq`

This command configures the test setup for the downlink channels.

`REFSensitivity`	This choice selects reference sensitivity. This is the minimum receiver input power measured at the antenna connector.
`MAXinput`	This choice selects maximum input interference. The receiver is stressed with high-levels of interference from unwanted signals.
`ACS`	This choice selects adjacent channel selectivity (ACS). This is the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at the assigned

channel frequency with the presence of adjacent signals. ACS is the ratio of the receiver filter attenuation (on the assigned channel) to the receive filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

`BLOCking` This choice selects the blocking characteristics. This is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at the assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the adjacent channels.

`SPURious` This choice selects spurious emission power. The emissions are generated or amplified by a receiver.

`INTermod` This choice selects intermodulation. Third order intermodulation (TIO) or higher mixing of the two interfering RF signals signal in the band of the desired channel.

`PERFreq` This choice selects the performance requirement of the dedicated channel. This is a static propagation conditions that is determined by the maximum block error rate (BLER) allowed when the receiver input signal is at a specified E_b/N_o limit.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Ref Sensitivity** **Max Input** **ACS** **Blocking** **Spurious Response** **Intermod** **Performance Req**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BLKSize

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
BLKSize <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
BLKSSize?
```

This command sets the coupling block size for the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

With transportation position in fixed mode, block size is limited to 0 or equal to the block set size. Refer to, ":DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:POSition" on page 864 for more information.

***RST** 20

Range 0–5000

Field Entry `Blk Size`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BPFRame

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BPFRame?`

This query returns the block per frame for the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** 20

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BRATe

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BRATe?`

This query returns the block rate for the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** 20

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BSSize

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
BSSize <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
BSSize?
```

This command sets the coupling block set size for the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

Block set size is a multiple of block size and number of blocks. Changing the block set size value will also change the value for block size. The value for number of blocks does not change.

***RST** 20

Range 0–5000

Field Entry `Blk Set Size`

Remarks This value is only used when the DCH positioning is “fixed”.

To change the DCH positioning, refer to “:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:POSition” on page 864.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to “:DLINk:APPLy” on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:CODE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
CODE HCONv|TCONv|TURBo|NONE
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
CODE?
```

This command selects the encoder type.

HCONv	This choice selects coding with the 1/2 rate convolutional encoder.
TCONv	This choice selects coding with the 1/3 rate convolutional encoder.
TURBo	This choice selects coding with the turbo coder.
NONE	This choice selects no coding.

***RST** HCON

Key Entry **1/2 Conv** **1/3 Conv** **Turbo** **None**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:CRC

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
CRC <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
CRC?
```

This command sets the number of cyclic redundancy check (CRC) bits for the dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** 8

Field Entry `CRC Size`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA PN9|FIX4|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA?
```

This command configures the data for the downlink dedicated transport channel (DCH) selected.

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **FIX4** **"<User File>"**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is

active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER:ACTual

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER:ACTual?
```

This query returns the actual inserted error ratio in the downlink dedicated channel (DCH) selected.

***RST** +0.0000000E+000

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The actual bit error rate can be different from the specified bet error rate due tot he internal bit generation.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER:ERRor:BIT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER:ERRor:BIT?
```

This query returns the actual error bits inserted in the total number of bits.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Error Bits`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER:TOTal:BIT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER:TOTal:BIT?
```

This query returns the total number of bits inserted for the bit error ratio calculation.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Field Entry Total Bits

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER[:VALue]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER[:VALue] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER[:VALue]?
```

This command specifies the bit error rate (BER) value to be inserted into the selected downlink dedicated channel (DCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in decimal form, but it is a percent ratio (1.0=100%).

***RST** +0.0000000+000

Range 0.0001–1.0

Field Entry BER

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER:ACTual

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER:ACTual?
```

This query returns the actual block error ratio inserted.

***RST** 0.0000000E+000

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The actual block error rate can be different from the specified block error rate due to the internal bit generation.

:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER:ERRor:BLOCk

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER:ERRor:BLOCk?
```

This query returns the number of error blocks inserted.

***RST** 0.0000000E+000

Range N/A

Field Entry `Error Blocks`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER:TOTal:BLOCk

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER:TOTal:BLOCk?
```

This query returns the error blocks actually inserted in the total number of blocks.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Total Blocks`

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER[:VALue]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER[:VALue] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER[:VALue]?
```

This command specifies the block error rate (BLER) value to be inserted into the selected downlink dedicated channel (DCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in decimal form, but it is a percent ratio (1.0=100%).

***RST** +0.0000000+000

Range 0.0001–1.0

Field Entry BER

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:EINSert

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:EINSert BLER|BER|NONE
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:EINSert?
```

This command selects the error insertion mode.

BLER This choice selects a block error rate (BLER) mode.

BER This choice selects a bit error rate (BER) mode.

NONE This choice selects no BLER or BER mode (no error blocks or bit are inserted)

***RST** NONE

Key Entry **BLER** **BER** **None**

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets a fixed data type to be transmitted on the selected downlink dedicated transport channel (DCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:MNBLocks

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
MNBLocks <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
MNBLocks?
```

This command sets the maximum number of blocks transmitted by the active downlink dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** 1

Range 1–8

Field Entry `Max NumOfBlks`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:MBSize

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
MBSize <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
MBSize?
```

This command sets the maximum coupling block size for the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** +20

Range 0–5000

Field Entry `Max BlkSize`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur.

Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:NBLocks

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
NBLocks <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
NBLocks?
```

This command sets the number of blocks transmitted by the active downlink dedicated transport channel (DCH).

Number of blocks and block size are multiplied to equal block set size. Changing the value for the number of blocks will also change the block size value and the product will equal the block set size value. Refer to, ":DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BSSize" on page 857 for more information.

***RST** 1

Range 1–8

Field Entry # of Blocks

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:POSition

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
POSition FLEXible|FIXed
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
POSition?
```

This command selects the coupling mode.

FLEXible This choice makes the block set size (BSSize) not editable and the track's block size. Setting the BSSize while flexible will result in a error message.

FIXed This choice makes the BSSize editable. The block size is also editable, but limited to two values, either equal to BSSize or 0. If attempting to set the value outside the two values, it will result in an error message and

the block size being set equal to the BSSize.

***RST** FLEX

Key Entry Transp Position Flexible Fixed

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:PPERcentage

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
PPERcentage?
```

This query returns the percentage of the total bits removed from or added to the fully coded channel.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:RMATch

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
RMATch <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
RMATch?
```

This command sets the rate matching attribute.

***RST** 1

Range 1–256

Field Entry `Rate Match Attr`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:TTI

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
TTI 10000|20000|40000|80000
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
TTI?
```

This command sets the transmission time interval (TTI) allowed for the dedicated channel (DCH) to transmit.

The choices are expressed in units of milliseconds (msec) where 20000=20 msec.

***RST** 10000

Field Entry TTI

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:DLINk[:TGRoup [A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|
6[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:DLINk[:TGRoup[A]|B]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|
6[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** *DCH 1*:1 *DCH 2–6*:0

Key Entry **TrCH State Off On**

Remarks DCH1 reset value cannot be turned off. The channels must be turned on sequentially. If one channel is turned off then all higher numbered channels will automatically be turned off.

If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to ":DLINk:APPLy" on page 822.

:LINK

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:LINK DOWN|UP
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:LINK?
```

This command sets the uplink or downlink mode.

***RST** DOWN

Key Entry **Link Down Up**

Remarks N/A

:POLarity[:ALL]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:POLarity[:ALL] NORMal|INVert
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:POLarity[:ALL]?
```

This command selects the polarity for the Q channel.

NORMal This choice selects normal phase polarity.

INVert This choice inverts the internal Q signal.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Phase Polarity Normal Invert**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:APPLy

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:APPLy
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:APPLy?
```

This command immediately starts the channel coding generation process according to the channel setup and data for the uplink physical and transport channels.

The query returns a response that determines whether or not the execution of the command is necessary. The response from the query is as follows:

1 This response is returned if the execution of the command is required.

0 This response is returned if the execution of the command is not required.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Key Entry Apply Channel Setup

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:AWGN:CN

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:CN <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:CN?
```

This command sets the in band carrier to noise ratio. The noise is the total noise level of the in-channel.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –1.80000000E+001

Range –30 to 30

Field Entry `C/N value`

Remarks In compressed mode, carrier power means normal frame power. A change in the C/N value will change the Eb/No value and vice versa.

:ULINk:AWGN:CPOWer

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:CPOWer?
```

This query returns the carrier power level when the additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) is on.

The power value is expressed in units of decibels (dBm/3.84 MHz).

***RST** –1.56957537E+002

Range N/A

Field Entry `C Power`

Remarks In compressed mode, carrier power means normal frame power.

:ULINk:AWGN:DRATe

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:DRATe?`

This query returns the data rate of the Eb reference channel.

***RST** +1.22000000E+004

Range N/A

Field Entry `Ref Data Rate`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:AWGN:EBNO

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:EBNO <val>`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:EBNO?`

This command sets the Eb/No ratio. The *Eb* is defined as the carrier power divided by the bit rate. *No* is noise power divided by the bandwidth (3.84MHz).

The variable <val> setting is affected by the carrier to noise ratio (C/N) and the data rate. A change to either of these values will affect your Eb/No setting. Use the formula in the range field to determine a correct Eb/No value.

***RST** +6.97971394E+000

Range Eb/No = C/N x 3.84MHz/DataRate

Field Entry `Eb/No value (dB)`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:AWGN:EBRef

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:EBRef DPCCh|DPDCh|DCH1|DCH2|DCH3|DCH4|DCH5|DCH6`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:EBRef?`

This command selects the Eb reference and it is used in the Eb/No value.

DPCCh This choice selects a dedicated physical control channel.

DPDCh This choice selects a dedicated physical data channel.

DCH1 This choice select dedicated transport channel 1.

DCH2 This choice select dedicated transport channel 2.

DCH3 This choice select dedicated transport channel 3.

DCH4 This choice select dedicated transport channel 4.

DCH5 This choice select dedicated transport channel 5.

DCH6 This choice select dedicated transport channel 6.

***RST** DCH1

Key Entry **DPCCH DPDCH DCH1 DCH2 DCH3 DCH4 DCH5 DCH6**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:AWGN:FNBW

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:FNBW?`

This query returns the flat noise bandwidth (BW). Flat noise bandwidth is calculated by BW=(1.6) x (Chip rate) and the result is close to the 0 dB roll-off point.

***RST** +6.14400000E+006

Range N/A

Field Entry `Flat Noise BW`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:AWGN:NPOWer

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:NPOWer?`

This query returns the in-channel noise level when the additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) is on.

The power value is expressed in units of decibels (dBm/3.84 MHz).

***RST** –1.38957537E+002

Range N/A

Field Entry N Power

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:AWGN:TICPower

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:TICPower?
```

This query returns the total in-channel power with 3.84 MHz bandwidth.

***RST** –1.38910651E+002

Range –138.9 to 20

Field Entry TotalPwr

Remarks The total in-channel power is a sum of carrier power and in-channel noise power. Changing the noise related parameters such as C/N, Eb/No, and Eb Ref will cause a recalculation of the total in-channel power.

The maximum value of this query depends on the power option that is installed in the signal generator.

:ULINk:AWGN[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:STATe ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:AWGN:STATe?
```

This command enables or disables the additive white gaussian noise (AWGN). AWGN can only be turned on when DPCCH is selected as the physical channel. Refer to ":ULINk:PHYSical[1]:TYPE" on page 893.

***RST** 0

Key Entry Channel State Off On

Remarks If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:CRATe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:CRATe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:CRATe?
```

This command sets the chip rate for the uplink configuration.

The variable <val> is expressed in cycles per second (cps).

***RST** +3.84000000E+006

Range 1E3–4.25E6

Field Entry Chip Rate

Remarks The chip rate is equivalent to the spreading rate of the channel.

:ULINk:DPCCh:BETA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:BETA <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:BETA?
```

This command sets the beta value for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH). The beta value and the power ratio are coupled. When the power ratio is updated, the beta value is converted to the beta ratio (amplitude ratio).

***RST** +11

Range 0–15

Field Entry Beta

Remarks After this command is sent, the channel power level for the DPCCH is re-calculated. If the channel power is set directly, the beta value of this command becomes invalid and is reset to –1.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:CCODe?
```

This command sets the channelization code for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

***RST** 0

Range 0–255

Field Entry Channel Code

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:DATA PN9|PN15|FIX4|
"<file name>"|STD
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:DATA?
```

This command configures the data pattern for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

STD	This choice sets the DPCCH to use the bits field as defined by the slot format.
"<file name>"	This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** STD

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **3GPP STD**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the 4-bit data pattern of the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI:PATTern

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI:PATTern PN9|PN15|FIX|
"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI:PATTern?
```

This command configures the pattern of the feedback information (FBI) for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** FIX

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX** **User File**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI:PATTern:FIX

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI:PATTern:FIX <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI:PATTern:FIX?
```

This command sets the 30-bit feedback information (FBI) pattern for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only decimal values.

***RST** +0

Range 0–10737418235

Key Entry FIX

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:FBI[:STATe]?
```

This query returns whether or not the feedback information (FBI) bits are included in the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH). The FBI is included when a status of one is returned. A zero indicates no FBI.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Field Entry FBI State

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:DPCCh:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –2.69000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `DPCCH Power`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:RATE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:RATE?
```

This query returns the symbol rate for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

***RST** +1.50000000E+004

Range N/A

Field Entry `Symbol Rate`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:DPCCh:SLOTformat

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:SLOTformat <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:SLOTformat?
```

This command sets the slot format for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in unit of bits.

***RST** +0

Range 0–5

Field Entry Slot Format

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI:PATTern

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI:PATTern PN9|PN15|FIX|
"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI:PATTern?
```

This command configures the transport format combination indicator (TFCI) bit pattern for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** FIX

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX** **User File**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI:PATTern:FIX

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI:PATTern:FIX <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI:PATTern:FIX?
```

This command sets the transport format combination indicator (TFCI) 10-bit data pattern for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only decimal values.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1023

Field Entry TFCI Pattern

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TFCI[:STATe]?
```

This query returns the status of the transport format combination indicator (TFCI) for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

***RST** 1

Range N/A

Field Entry TFCI State

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:NSTeps

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:NSTeps <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:NSTeps?
```

This command sets the number of steps to increase or decrease the transmit power control (TPC) for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** +1

Range 1–80

Field Entry TPC Pat Steps

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern" on page 879.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern PN9|PN15|FIX4|
"<file name>"|UDOW|DUP|UALL|DALL
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern?
```

This command configures the transmit power control (TPC) pattern for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

"<file name>"	This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.
UDOW	This choice repetitively steps up and down the TPC pattern.
DUP	This choice repetitively steps down and up the TPC pattern.
UALL	This choice consecutively steps up the TPC pattern.
DALL	This choice consecutively steps down the TPC pattern.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9 PN15 FIX4 "<file name>" Up/Down Down/Up All Up All Down**

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:NSTeps" on page 878.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:FIX4?
```

This command sets the transmit power control (TPC) 4 bit data pattern for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Field Entry TPC Pattern

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:TRIGger:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:TRIGger:
POLarity POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:TRIGger:
POLarity?
```

This command sets the transmit power control (TPC) pattern trigger polarity for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

POSitive	This choice sets the pattern signal to trigger when the signal is high.
NEGative	This choice sets the pattern signal to trigger when the signal is low.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **TPC Pat Trig Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:TRIGger[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:
TRIGger[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPC:PATTern:
TRIGger[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the transmit power control (TPC) pattern trigger state for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

***RST** 0

Field Entry TPC UserFile Trig

Remarks The TPC pattern trigger input is located on the AUX I/O connector

(ALT PWR IN, pin#16). For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide.*If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh:TPOWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh:TPOWer?
```

This query returns the "Total Power" value displayed on the user interface (UI). The power value is the relative power difference between the total in-channel signal power and the active channel reference power (0dB).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPCCh[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPCCh[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state for the uplink dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH).

***RST** 1

Field Entry `Channel State`

Remarks If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:BETA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:BETA <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:BETA?
```

This command sets the beta value for uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH).

***RST** +15

Range 0–15

Field Entry `Beta`

Remarks The beta value and power ratio are coupled. After this command is sent, the value of the channel power level of the DPDCH is re-calculated.

If the channel power is set directly, the value of this command becomes invalid and is set to –1.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:CCODe?
```

This command sets the channelization code for the uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH). There are commands that are associated with the channelization code and they are the slot format and the symbol rate.

If the slot format is changed, so will the symbol rate. If the symbol rate is changed, so will the slot format. In addition, the channelization code will change. If current channelization code exceed the new maximum value for the specified slot format or symbol rate, a setting conflict error is generated and the value is clipped to the maximum value. Refer to Table 1 on page 883.

Table 1 Channelization Code Maximum Value

Channelization Code	Slot Format	Symbol Rate
255	0	15
127	1	30
63	2	60
31	3	120
15	4	240
7	5	780
3	6	960

***RST** +16

Range 0–255

Field Entry `Channel Code`

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:DPDCh:SLOTformat" on page 886 and ":ULINk:DPDCh:RATE" on page 885. If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:DATA PN9|PN15|FIX4|
"<file name>"|TRANspch
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:DATA?
```

This command configures the data pattern of the uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH).

TRANspch — This choice sets the data that is generated from the transport channel setup.

"<file name>" — This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** TRAN

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **Transport CH**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the fixed 4-bit binary data for the uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Field Entry `Data`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `DPDCH Power`

Remarks The power ratio and the beta value are coupled. After the beta value is specified and sent, the value of the channel power level of the DPDCH is re-calculated.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:RATE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:RATE <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:RATE?
```

This command sets the symbol rate for the uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH). There are commands that are associated with the symbol rate and they are the channelization code and the slot format.

If the slot format is changed, so will the symbol rate. If the symbol rate is changed, so will the slot format. In addition, the channelization code will change. If current channelization code exceed the new maximum value for the specified slot format or symbol rate, a setting conflict error is generated and the value is clipped to the maximum value. Refer to Table 2.

Table 2 Channelization Code Maximum Value

Channelization Code	Slot Format	Symbol Rate
255	0	15
127	1	30
63	2	60
31	3	120
15	4	240
7	5	780
3	6	960

The variable <val> is expressed in units of kilo symbols per second (ksps).

***RST** +6.00000000E+004

Range 15000–960000

Field Entry Symbol Rate

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:DPDCh:CCODe" on page 882 and ":ULINk:DPDCh:RATE" on page 885. If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:RBER

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:RBER?
```

This query returns inserted error bit rate which is specified by the transport channel cycle length and transport channel error length commands.

Inserted error bit rate is calculated by the following formula: `TrCH BER ErrLen/TrCH BER Cycle`. Refer to ":ULINk:DPDCh:TBER[:CLENgth]" on page 887 and ":ULINk:DPDCh:TBER:ELENgth" on page 888.

***RST** 0.0

Range N/A

Field Entry TrCH BER

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:DPDCh:SLOTformat

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:SLOTformat <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:SLOTformat?
```

This command sets the slot format for the uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH).

There are commands that are associated with the slot format and they are the channelization code and the symbol rate.

If the slot format is changed, so will the symbol rate. If the symbol rate is changed, so will the slot format. In addition, the channelization code will change. If current channelization code exceed the new maximum value for the specified slot format or symbol rate, a setting conflict error is generated and the value is clipped to the

maximum value. Refer to Table 3 on page 887.

Table 3 Channelization Code Maximum Value

Channelization Code	Slot Format	Symbol Rate
255	0	15
127	1	30
63	2	60
31	3	120
15	4	240
7	5	780
3	6	960

***RST** +2

Range 0–6

Field Entry `Slot Format`

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:DPDCh:CCODe" on page 882 and ":ULINk:DPDCh:RATE" on page 885. If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:DPDCh:TBER[:CLENgth]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:TBER[:CLENgth] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:TBER[:CLENgth]?
```

This command sets the cycle length of the Transport Channel BER insertion of dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

***RST** 0

Range 0–65535

Field Entry `TrCH BER Cycle`

Remarks A zero in the `TrCH BER Cycle` field, disables the error insertion function (error rate equals 0%).

:ULINk:DPDCh:TBER:ELENgth

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:TBER:ELENgth <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:TBER:ELENgth?
```

This command sets the error length of the Transport Channel BER.

***RST** 0

Range 0–4095

Field Entry `TrCH BER ErrLen`

Remarks The Transport Channel BER error length must be smaller than or equal to the Transport Channel BER cycle length.

The TrCH ELEN (transport channel error length) is truncated by the TrCH CLEN (transport channel cycle length) when the TrCH BER cycle length is smaller than TrCH BER length.

:ULINk:DPDCh:TPOWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh:TPOWer?
```

This query returns the “Total Power” value displayed on the user interface (UI). The power value is the relative power difference between the total in-channel signal power and the active channel reference power (0dB).

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:DPDCh[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:DPDCh[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state for the uplink dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH).

***RST** 1

Field Entry Channel State

Remarks If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:FCLock:INTerval

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FCLock:INTerval FCL10|FCL20|
FCL40|FCL80|FCL2560
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FCLock:INTerval?
```

This command selects the frame clock interval supplied to the source.

The frame clock interval is set in units of milliseconds (msec).

***RST** FCL80

Key Entry **10 msec** **20 msec** **40 msec** **80 msec** **2560 msec**

Remarks This command is not used when the sync source is set to ESG. Refer to ":ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]" on page 956.

:ULINk:FCLock:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FCLock:POLarity POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FCLock:POLarity?
```

This command sets the polarity of the frame clock for the uplink synchronization source.

POSitive	This choice sets the clock gate to trigger when the signal is high.
NEGative	This choice sets the clock gate to trigger when the signal is low.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **Frame Clock Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is not used when the sync source is set to ESG. Refer to ":ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]" on page 956.

:ULINk:FILTer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer RNYQuist|NUQuist|GAUSsian|
RECTangle|IS95|IS95_EQ|IS95_MOD|IS95_MOD_EQ|AC4Fm| UGGaussian|
"<user FIR>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer?
```

This command selects the filter type for the uplink configuration.

IS95	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 standard.
IS95_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the IS-95 filter (above) and the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard. This filter is only used for IS-95 baseband filtering.
IS95_MOD	This choice selects a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance) with lower passband rejection than the filter specified in the IS-95 standard.
IS95_MOD_EQ	This choice selects a filter which is a combination of the equalizer filter described in the IS-95 standard and a filter that meets the criteria of the IS-95 error function (for improved adjacent channel performance), with lower passband rejection.
AC4Fm	This choice selects a predefined Association of Public Safety Communications Officials (APCO) specified compatible 4-level frequency modulation (C4FM) filter.
UGGaussian	This choice selects a backwards compatible GSM Gaussian filter (Gaussian filter with a fixed BbT value of 0.300) for the ESG E44xxB Option UN3 or UN4.
"<user FIR>"	This variable is any filter file that you have stored into memory.

***RST** RNYQ

Key Entry **Root Nyquist** **Nyquist** **Gaussian** **Rectangle** **IS-95** **IS-95 w/EQ** **IS-95 Mod** **IS-95 Mod w/EQ** **APCO 25 C4FM** **UN3/4 GSM Gaussian**

Key Entry **User FIR**

Remarks Refer to "File Name Variables" on page 14 for information on the file name syntax.

:ULINk:FILTer:ALPHa

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer:ALPHa <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer:ALPHa?
```

This command changes the alpha value for the Nyquist or root Nyquist filter.

***RST** +2.20000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter Alpha**

Remarks This command is effective only after a root Nyquist or Nyquist filter is selected; it does not affect other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":ULINk:FILTer" on page 890.

:ULINk:FILTer:BBT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer:BBT <value>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer:BBT?
```

This command changes the bandwidth-multiplied-by-bit-time filter parameter value for the Gaussian filter.

***RST** +5.00000000E–001

Range 0.000–1.000

Key Entry **Filter BbT**

Remarks This command is effective only after a Gaussian filter is selected; it does not affect other types of filters.

To change the current filter type, refer to ":ULINk:FILTer" on page 890.

:ULINk:FILTer:CHANnel

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer:CHANnel EVM|ACP
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FILTer:CHANnel?
```

This command optimizes a filter for minimized error vector magnitude (EVM) or for minimized adjacent channel power (ACP).

EVM This choice provides the most ideal passband.

ACP This choice improves stopband rejection. This feature only applies to root Nyquist and Nyquist filters.

***RST** EVM

Key Entry **Optimize FIR For EVM ACP**

Remarks To change the current filter type, refer to ":ULINk:FILTer" on page 890.

:ULINk:FOFFset

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FOFFset <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:FOFFset?
```

This command sets the SFN-CFN frame number offset. The command adds in delays of the internal frame counter by specifying the starting frame number count.

When the FOFFset is set to "0," the frame number starts at the system sync trigger.

An example of specifying a frame number count: Set the FOFFset to 2. This makes the signal generator to trigger 2 frames after the SFN RST.

***RST** 0

Range 0–255

Key Entry **SFN-CFN Frame Offset**

Remarks For additional information, refer to 3GPP TS25.402 for SFN and CFN relationship.

:ULINk:PADJust

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PADJust EQUal|SCALe`

This command adjusts the code domain power levels of all uplink channels.

EQUal This choice will adjust all channel powers to equal power settings.

SCALe This choice will scale the channel power levels so that the sum of the powers are equal to 0 dB.

***RST** N/A

Key Entry **Equal Powers** **Scale To 0dB**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PHYSical[1]:TYPE

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PHYSical[1]:TYPE PRACh|DPCCh`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PHYSical[1]:TYPE?`

This command sets the physical channel type.

PRACh This choice selects a physical random access channel type.

DPCCh This choice selects a dedicated physical control channel type.

***RST** DPCC

Key Entry **PRACH** **DPCCH**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:HOLD

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:HOLD 1|0|ON|OFF`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:HOLD?`

This command sets the transmission power control of the dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

ON This choice enables the power hold mode.

OFF This choice disables the power hold mode and enables the dynamic

power control

***RST** 1

Key Entry **Power Hold** **Off** **On**

Remarks The power hold mode is automatically enabled when the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) **Power Mode Norm TPC** is set to **TPC** (refer to ":ULINk:PMODe[:SELect]" on page 897).

:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:INITial

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:
INITial <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:INITial?
```

This command sets the initial power (in dB; relative to `Max Power: 0.00 dB`) of the DPCH power control.

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range 0 to –40

Field Entry `Init Power`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

The value of <val> must be smaller or equal to the value use for the command: ":ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MINimum" on page 895. `Init Power` is relative to `Max Power` (the amplitude set on the signal generator). For more information refer to ":ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MAXimum" on page 894.

:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MAXimum

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MAXimum?
```

This query returns the maximum power (in dB; relative to `Max Power`) of the dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

`Max Power` is a grayed out field that will always be 0.00 dB. The value of this field is a relative value to the maximum amplitude set for the signal generator. For example, if the

signal generator amplitude is set to -20 dBm, the `Min Power` set to -40 dB, and the `Init Power` is set to -10 dB, then the absolute initial power level will be -30 dBm (10 dBm below the signal generator amplitude) and the absolute minimum power will be -60 dBm (40 dBm below the signal generator amplitude).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range N/A

Field Entry `Max Power`

Remarks The value of this query will always be zero. The maximum power is mapped to the actual RF output power.

:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MINimum

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:
MINimum <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MINimum?
```

This command sets the minimum power of the dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of dB.

***RST** -4.00000000E+001

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `Min Power`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

The minimum power is decreased in increments determined by the value set for the Power Step. Refer to ":ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:STEP" on page 896. Minimum power is limited by the amplitude set on the signal generator. The signal generator amplitude must be set to -96 dBm or lower for the minimum power to be set to -40 dB. For more information see ":ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MAXimum" on page 894.

:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:RESet

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:RESet
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:MINimum?
```

This command resets the transmit power of the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) to the initial power.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Reset to Initial Power**

Remarks When the DPCH power mode is changed to TPControl, this command is performed. Refer to ":ULINk:PMODe[:SELect]" on page 897 to select the power mode. Any time the power mode is changed, the start power is always set to the initial power.

:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:STEP

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:
STEP DB0_5|DB1_0|DB2_0|DB3_0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:POWer:STEP?
```

This command set the power step of the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) power control. Initial power can only be increased in steps set by the power step.

***RST** DB0_5

Key Entry `Power Step`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:TRIGger:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:TRIGger:
POLarity POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe:TPControl:TRIGger:POLarity?
```

This command set the transmit power control signal polarity of the uplink dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

***RST** POS

Key Entry **Power Control Signal Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PMODe[:SELect]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe[:SELect] NORMal|TPControl
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PMODe[:SELect]?
```

This command sets the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) power control mode.

NORMal This choice selects the normal power mode.

TPC This choice selects the TPC power mode.

***RST** NORM

Key Entry **Power Mode Norm TPC**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:AICH:NUMBer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AICH:NUMBer?
```

This query returns the number of received acquisition indication channel (AICH) trigger during one configured physical random access channel (PRACH) signal generation.

The result value can be queried after the PRACH signal generation is completed and until the next PRACH generation trigger is received.

The signal begins when the PRACH start trigger and ends when the specified number of signals are generated.

To specify a number of PRACHes, refer to ":ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:NUMBer" on page 929.

***RST** –1

Range N/A

Field Entry Number of AICH

Remarks A –1 status represents a PRACH generation is on going.

:ULINk:PRACh:AICH:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AICH:
POLarity POSition|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AICH:POLarity?
```

This command sets the trigger signal polarity for the acquisition indication channel (AICH).

POSitive	This choice sets the signal polarity to trigger when the signal goes high.
NEGative	This choice sets the signal polarity to trigger when the signal goes low.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **AICH Trigger Polarity Pos Neg**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:CN

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:CN <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:CN?
```

This command sets the in band carrier to noise ratio.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –2.25005194E+001

Range –30 to 30

Field Entry C/N value

Remarks A change in the C/N value will change the Eb/No value and vice versa.

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:CPOWer

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:CPOWer?

This query returns the carrier power level when the physical random access channel's (PRACH) additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) is on.

***RST** –1.61435521E+002

Range N/A

Field Entry C Power

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:EBNO

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:EBNO <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:EBNO?

This command sets the Eb/No value. The *Eb* is defined as carrier divided by the bit rate. *No* is noise power divided by the bandwidth (3.84 MHz). This ratio is only referred when EREF is CONTrol or DATA.

The variable <val> setting is affected by the carrier to noise ratio (C/N) and the data rate. A change to either of these values will affect your Eb/No setting. Use the formula in the range field to determine a correct Eb/No value.

***RST** +4.10000000E+000

Range $Eb/No = C/N \times 3.84MHz/DataRate$

Field Entry Eb/No

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:ECNO

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:ECNO <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:ECNO?
```

This command sets the Ec/No value. The *Ec* is defined as carrier divided by the chip rate. *No* is the noise power divided by the bandwidth (3.84 MHz). This ratio is only referred when EREF is PREamble.

***RST** –2.05000000E+001

Range –30 to 30

Field Entry Ec/No value

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:EREF

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:
EREF PREamble|CONTrol|DATA|RACH
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:EREF?
```

This command selects the Eb (Ec) reference. It is used for specifying the bit (chip) rate of physical/transport channel.

PREamble	This choice selects a preamble part as the Ec/No reference.
CONTrol	This choice selects a message control part as the Eb/No reference.
DATA	This choice selects a message data part as the Eb/No reference.
RACH	This choice selects a random access channel as the Eb/No reference.

***RST** RACH

Key Entry **Preamble** **Msg Ctrl** **Msg Data** **RACH TrCH**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:NPOWer

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:NPOWer?`

This query returns the in-channel noise level when the additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) is on.

***RST** –1.38935002E+002

Range N/A

Field Entry `N Power`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:TICPower

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN:TICPower?`

This query returns the in-channel power within the 3.84 MHz bandwidth.

***RST** *DPCH*: –1.38924800E+002

Single PRACH: –1.38924800E+002

Multiple PRACH: -1.56970651E+002

Range N/A

Field Entry `TotalPwr`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400 and 403

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:AWGN[:STATe]?`

This command enables or disables the additive white gaussian noise (AWGN) for the physical random access channel (PRACH). The AWGN can only be turned on when PRACH is selected as the physical channel.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **Channel State Off On**

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:PHYSical[1]:TYPE" on page 893.

If the parameter is changed, the apply command must be executed after the change. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:BETA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:BETA <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:BETA?
```

This command sets the beta ratio (amplitude ratio) for the physical random access channel (PRACH) message control part.

The variable <val> is an integer value. Changing the control power value (refer to, ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:POWer" on page 903 for more information on setting PRACH control power) changes the beta to power ratio, and the signal generator may not be able to compute a proper control beta value. If this occurs, the query will return a minus one (–1).

***RST** +11

Range 0–15

Field Entry `Ctrl Beta`

Remarks A change to the beta value will also cause a change to the control power setting.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:
DATA PN9|PN15|FIX4|"<file name>"|STD
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:DATA?
```

This command selects the data type to be inserted into the physical random access channel (PRACH) message control part.

STD This choice selects a slot format defined in the 3GPP standard.

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** STD

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **3GPP STD**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:DATA:
FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets a fixed 4 bit pattern for use as physical random access channel (PRACH) message part data.

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Key Entry **Fix4**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the physical random access channel (PRACH) message control part.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –2.69000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `Ctrl Pwr`

Remarks Changing the control power changes the beta to power ratio. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:BETA" on page 902 for more information.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:RATE

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:RATE?`

This query returns the message data part symbol rate for the physical random access channel (PRACH).

***RST** +1.50000000E+004

Range N/A

Key Entry **Symbol Rate**

Remarks The symbol rate of 15 kbps is the only supported rate per the 3GPP standards, TS 25.211 v3.10 (2002-03).

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:SLOTformat

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:SLOTformat?`

This query returns the message control part slot format for the physical random access channel (PRACH).

***RST** 0

Range 0–3

Field Entry `Slot Format`

Remarks The slot format is a static value set to zero in accordance with the 3GPP standards, TS 25.211 v3.10 (2002-03).

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI:PATTern

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI:
PATTern PN9|PN15|FIX|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI:PATTern?
```

This command selects data type to be inserted into the transport format combination indicator (TFCI) of the message control part located in the physical random access channel (PRACH).

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** FIX

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX** **User File**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI:PATTern:FIX

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI:PATTern:
FIX <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI:PATTern:
FIX?
```

This command sets a fixed bit pattern to be inserted into the transport format combination indicator (TFCI).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only decimal values.

***RST** +0

Range 0–1023

Field Entry `TFCI Pattern`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:CPARt:TFCI[:STATe]?`

This query returns the transport format combination indicator (TFCI) bits to determine if they exist or not in the currently specified slot format. A query returned with a "1" determines a TFCI exists and a "0," no bits exist.

***RST** 1

Range N/A

Field Entry `TFCI State`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:BETA

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:BETA <val>`
`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:BETA?`

This command sets the beta ratio (amplitude ratio) for the message data part of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

The variable <val> is an integer value. Changing the data power value (refer to, ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:POWer" on page 908 for more information on setting PRACH data power) changes the beta to power ratio, and the signal generator may not be able to compute a proper data beta value. If this occurs, the query will return a minus one (–1).

***RST** +15

Range 0–15

Field Entry `Data Beta`

Remarks A change to the beta value will also cause a change to the data power setting.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:
DATA PN9|PN15|FIX4|"<file name>"|TRANspch
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:DATA?
```

This command sets the data type to be inserted into physical random access channel (PRACH) message data part.

TRANspch	This choice sets the data that is generated from the transport channel setup.
"<file name>"	This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** TRAN

Key Entry **PN9** **PN15** **FIX4** **User File** **Transport CH**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:DATA:
FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets a pseudo-random pattern as output data type in the message data part of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

While the variable <val> is expressed in binary or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Key Entry **FIX4**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:POWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:POWer?
```

This command sets the power level for the physical random access channel (PRACH) message data part.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range –40 to 0

Field Entry `Data Pwr`

Remarks Changing the data power changes the beta to power ratio. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:BETA" on page 906 for more information.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:RATE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:RATE 15KBPS
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:RATE?
```

This command sets the symbol rate for the message data part of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

There are commands that are associated with the symbol rate and they are the channelization code and the slot format.

If the slot format is changed, so will the symbol rate. If the symbol rate is changed, so will the slot format. In addition, the channelization code will change. If current channelization code exceed the new maximum value for the specified slot format or symbol rate, a setting conflict error is generated and the value is clipped to the maximum value. Refer to Table 4.

Table 4 Channelization Code Maximum Value

Channelization Code	Slot Format	Symbol Rate
255	0	15
127	1	30
63	2	60
31	3	120

The variable <val> is expressed in units of kilo symbols per second (ksps).

***RST** 60

Range 15-120

Field Entry Symbol Rate

Remarks Channel code value is determined by slot format choice. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:SLOTformat" on page 909 and ":ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:DPARt:CCODe" on page 927.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:SLOTformat

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:
SLOTformat <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:SLOTformat?
```

This command sets the slot format value for the message data part of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

There are commands that are associated with the slot format and they are the channelization code and the symbol rate.

If the slot format is changed, so will the symbol rate. If the symbol rate is changed, so will the slot format. In addition, the channelization code will change. If current channelization code exceed the new maximum value for the specified slot format or

symbol rate, a setting conflict error is generated and the value is clipped to the maximum value. Refer to Table 5.

Table 5 Channelization Code Maximum Value

Channelization Code	Slot Format	Symbol Rate
255	0	15
127	1	30
63	2	60
31	3	120

The variable <val> is expressed in units of kilo symbols per second (ksps).

***RST** 2

Range 0–3

Field Entry `Slot Format`

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:RATE" on page 908 and ":ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:DPARt:CCODe" on page 927.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MODE[:SELect]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MODE[:SELect] SINGle|MULTi
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MODE[:SELect]?
```

This command sets the channel mode of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

SINGle This choice generates a single PRACH.

MULTi This choice generates up to eight PRACHes.

***RST** SING

Key Entry **PRACH Mode** **Single** **Multi**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:MESSage:TPOWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:MESSage:TPOWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:MESSage:TPOWer?
```

This command sets the message total power value in the physical random access channel (PRACH). The total power indicates a power of one PRACH.

***RST** –1.54060000E+002

Range –1.00 to 1.94

Field Entry `Msg Pwr`

Remarks This value is used only when POWer:MODE is set to TOTal. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:PREamble:POWer:MODE" on page 918.

The maximum power for this command is limited by the power of the signal generator (ESG maximum power – 18.06 dBm). If the signal generator power is set to +20 dBm, the maximum value of this command is +1.94 dBm.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:MESSage[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:MESSage[:STATe]
ON|OFF
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:MESSage[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the message part of the physical random access channel (PRACH) for the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** ON

Field Entry `Message Part`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:NUMBer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:NUMBer <val>|INFinity
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:NUMBer?
```

This command specifies the number of the physical random access channel (PRACH) 80 ms configuration patterns to be transmitted after the PRACH start trigger has been received.

INFinity — This choice means the repeating number will continue while the PRACH mode is selected and the start trigger is ignored.

***RST** 1

Range 1–2147447836

Field Entry `Number of 80ms`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:NUMBer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:NUMBer?
```

This query returns the number of Preambles on the multiple physical random access channel (PRACH) mode. This number is fixed to 1 in the current version.

***RST** 1

Range N/A

Field Entry `Num of Pre`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:POWer:INITial

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:POWer:
INITial?
```

This query returns the initial power of PRACH preambles on the multiple physical

random access channel (PRACH) mode.

***RST** –1.54060000E+002

Range –154.06 to 10

Field Entry Init Pwr

Remarks For the multiple PRACH mode, the initial power is the same as the maximum power for the PRACH preamble.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:POWer:MAX

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:POWer:
Max <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:POWer:
Max?
```

This command sets the power of the preamble on the multiple physical random access channel (PRACH) mode.

***RST** –1.54060000E+002

Range –1.0 to 1.94

Field Entry Max Pwr

Remarks The maximum power for this command is limited by the power of the signal generator (ESG maximum power – 18.06 dBm). If the signal generator power is set to +20 dBm, the maximum value of this command is +1.94 dBm.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:POWer:RSTep

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:POWer:RSTep?
```

This query returns will always return zero for the multiple physical random access channel (PRACH) mode. Power ramping is not supported for the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry Ramp Step

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:PPM

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:PPM <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:PREamble:PPM?
```

This command sets the difference between the preamble and the message control part in the physical random access channel (PRACH).

***RST** -4.56000000E+000

Range –20 to 10

Field Entry `Pp-m`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:MESSage:CPARt:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:
MESSage:CPARt:CCODe?
```

This query returns the channel code of the message control part of physical random access channel (PRACH) on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** 255

Range 0–255

Field Entry `CHCode Ctl`

Remarks This command affects the PRACH setting on the multiple PRACH mode only.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:MESSage:DPARt:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:
MESSage:DPARt:CCODe?
```

This query returns the channel code of the message data part of physical random access channel (PRACH) on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** 245

Range 0–255

Field Entry `ChCode Dat`

Remarks This command affects the PRACH setting on the multiple PRACH mode only.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:PREamble:SIGNature

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:
PREamble:SIGNature <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:
PREamble:SIGNature?
```

This command sets the signature encoded in the multiple physical random access channel's (PRACH) preamble.

***RST**

		Signature
UE	1	0
	2	1
	3	2
	4	3
	5	4
	6	5
	7	6
	8	7

Field Entry `Pre Sig`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:SPOSition[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8[:ASLot]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:
SPOSition[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8[:ASLot] <val>|OFF
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8:
SPOSition[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8[:ASLot]?
```

This command sets each physical random access channel (PRACH) start access slot position within 80ms.

***RST**

		Start Access Slot Pos							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
UE	1	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	2	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	3	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	4	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	5	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	6	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	7	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
	8	0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

Range 0–59

Field Entry `Start Access Slot Position in 80ms Period`

Remarks This command can only be executed while in the PRACH Mode is set to Multi. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:MODE[:SELect]" on page 910.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8
[:STATe] 0|1|ON|OFF
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:MULTi:UE[1]|2|3|4|5|6|7|8
[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables each physical random access channel (PRACH) individually on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST**

		State
UE	1	ON
	2	OFF
	3	OFF
	4	OFF
	5	OFF
	6	OFF
	7	OFF
	8	OFF

Field Entry `On/Off`

Remarks This command will not run if the power of all assigned physical random access channels exceed the power of the signal generator.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:PREamble:POWer:AVERage

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:PREamble:POWer:AVERage?
```

This query returns the average power of preambles that were sent before the acquisition indication channel (AICH) trigger was received.

***RST** –999

Range N/A

Field Entry `Preamble power average`

Remarks The average power value can be queried after the physical random access channel's (PRACH) signal generation is completed. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:NUMBer" on page 929.

:ULINk:PRACh:PREamble:POWer:MODE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:PREamble:POWer:
MODE PPM|TOTal
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:PREamble:POWer:MODE?
```

This command sets the message power calculation mode for the physical random access channel (PRACH).

PPM — This choice calculates the message power based on the power differences between the preamble and the message control part. The difference is specified by the PPM command. This is based on 3GPP standards.

TOTal — This choice calculates message power based on power differences between preamble and message total part. The message total power is specified by the MESSage:TPOWer command. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:TPOWer" on page 928.

***RST** PPM

Key Entry **PRACH Power Setup Mode Pp-m Total**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:RPARameter

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:RPARameter TB168|TB360
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:RPARameter?
```

This command sets a set of parameters as defined in 3GPP Standard (TS25.104) Reference Measurement Channel for the uplink (UL) physical random access channel (PRACH).

TB168 — This choice sets the parameters for the transport block size = 168.

TB360 — This choice sets the parameters for the transport block size = 360.

***RST** TB168

Key Entry **TrCh BlkSize 168** **TrCh BlkSize 360**

Remarks When parameters are sets individually, CUSTom is returned for the

query.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:SCRamblecode

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:SCRamblecode <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:SCRamblecode?
```

This command sets the physical random access channel's (PRACH) scrambling code.

***RST** +0

Range 0–8191

Field Entry PRACH Scrambling Code

Remarks The signature data is scrambled against a 4096 chip segment of the 2^{25} complex gold code generator.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is

active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:SDELay

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:SDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:SDELay?
```

This command sets the number of timeslots to be delayed from the uplink synchronization source. One timeslot is equivalent to 2560 chips.

The variable <val> range is dependent on the Tp-a setting.

***RST** +0

Range

Tp-a Setting	*<val>*
0	-14 to 119
7680	-11 to 119

12800	-9 to 119

Key Entry **Timeslot Offset**

Remarks The actual amount of timing difference is (TOFFset + SDELay * 2560) – (Tp–a).

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

To set the Tp-a value, refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:TPA" on page 921.

:ULINk:PRACh:SUBChannel

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:SUBChannel <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:SUBChannel?
```

This command sets the sub-channel number to send the first preamble of the physical random access channel's (PRACH).

***RST** +0

Range 0–11

Field Entry `Start Sub-Channel#`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:TOFFset

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TOFFset <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TOFFset?
```

This command sets additional timing offset for the physical random access channel (PRACH).

The timing offset is to adjust the time distance from the uplink PRACH's frame timing which is the downlink's AICH framing timing minus the Tp–a to the actual uplink PRACH signal frame timing from the signal generator.

The downlink's AICH frame timing is provided by the synchronization signal. The

The variable <val> is expressed in chips.

***RST** +0

Range –512 to 2560

Key Entry **Timing Offset**

Remarks The actual timing offset is the timing difference from the synchronization signal from the signal generator's RF signal (TOFFset + SDELay * 2560) – (Tp–a).

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:TPA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TPA 0|7680|12800
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TPA?
```

This command sets the time period (distance) between the physical random access channel's (PRACH) preamble to the acquisition indication channel's (AICH) frame.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of "chip".

***RST** 7680

Key Entry **Base Delay Tp–a**

Remarks The actual timing offset is (TOFFset + SDELay * 2560) – (Tp–a).

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

This command is not used when the sync source is set to ESG. Refer to ":ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]" on page 956.

:ULINk:PRACh:TPM

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TPM <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TPM?
```

This command sets the time period between the preamble and the message part.

The variable <val> is expressed in access slot units.

***RST** +3

Range 1–15

Field Entry Tp-m

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

This command is used for single and multiple physical random access channel (PRACH) modes.

:ULINk:PRACh:TPOWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TPOWer?
```

This query returns the total power value of the physical random access channels (PRACH).

The value is the relative power difference between the total in-channel signal power of the PRACH message part and the active channel reference power (0dB) in the message part.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks This command is used for single and multiple physical random access channel (PRACH) modes.

:ULINk:PRACh:TPP

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TPP <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TPP?
```

This command sets the time period between the preamble and another preamble before the message part.

The variable <val> is expressed in access slot units.

***RST** +3

Range 1–60

Field Entry Tp-p

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

This command is used for single and multiple physical random access channel (PRACH) modes.

:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger
```

This command specifies the start of the physical random access channel's (PRACH) pattern.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **PRACH Trigger**

Remarks The PRACH trigger source must be set to "Trigger" before executing this command. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:SOURce" on page 924.

:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:
POLarity POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:POLarity?
```

This command sets the trigger polarity of the physical random access channel type (PRACH).

POSitive This choice sets the signal to trigger when the trigger signal is high.

NEGative This choice sets the signal to trigger when the trigger signal is low.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **PRACH Trigger Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:SOURce

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:
SOURce IMMediate|TRIGger
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:SOURce?
```

This command sets the trigger source of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

IMMediate This choice resets the waveform and immediately replays it from the start.

TRIGger This choice plays the waveform after receiving the trigger command.

***RST** IMMediate

Key Entry **PRACH Trigger Source Immedi Trigger**

Remarks Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger:POLarity" on page 924 and ":ULINk:PRACh:TRIGger" on page 923 for additional information.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh:TTI

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TTI 10000|20000
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh:TTI?
```

This command sets the transmission time interval (TTI) period of the message part.

The choices are expressed in units of milliseconds (msec) where 20000=20 msec.

***RST** +20000

Field Entry TTI

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage[:STATe]
ON|OFF|AICH
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the message part of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

ON This choice enables the message part to be generated after the number of preambles are generated. The "Number of Preamble" must be specified.

OFF This choice does not allow the message part to be generated. Only the preambles are transmitted.

AICH This choice enables the acquisition indication channel preamble power ramping mode.

***RST** ON

Key Entry **On** **Off** **AICH**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur.

Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:NUMBer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:
NUMBer <val>|INFinity
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:NUMBer?
```

This command specifies the number of the physical random access channel (PRACH) patterns to repeat after the PRACH start trigger has been received.

INFinity — This choice means the repeating number will continue while the PRACH mode is selected and the start trigger is ignored.

***RST** 1

Range 1–2147483647

Field Entry `Number of PRACH`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:CPARt:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:CPARt:
CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:CPARt:
CCODe?
```

This command sets the channelization code for the physical random access channel (PRACH) message control part.

***RST** +15

Range 0–255

Field Entry `Channel Code`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:DPARt:CCODe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:DPARt:
CCODe <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:DPARt:
CCODe?
```

This command sets the channelization code for the physical random access channel (PRACH) message data part.

There are commands that are associated with the channelization code and they are the slot format and the symbol rate.

If the slot format is changed, so will the symbol rate. If the symbol rate is changed, so will the slot format. In addition, the channelization code will change. If current channelization code exceed the new maximum value for the specified slot format or symbol rate, a setting conflict error is generated and the value is clipped to the maximum value. Refer to Table 8-1.

Table 8-1 Channelization Code Maximum value

Channelization Code	Slot Format	Symbol Rate
255	0	15
127	1	30
63	2	60
31	3	120

***RST** +0

Range 0–255

Field Entry `Channel Code`

Remarks Channel code value is determined by slot format choice. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:SLOTformat" on page 909 and ":ULINk:PRACh:MESSage:DPARt:RATE" on page 908.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:TPOWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:
TPOWer <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:MESSage:TPOWer?
```

This command sets the message total power value for the single physical random access channel (PRACH) and multiple PRACH modes.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB). The RF output power is limited to the signal generator's specifications.

***RST** –1.36000000E+002

Range –136 to 20

Field Entry `Msg Pwr`

Remarks This value is used only when POWer:MODE is set to TOTal. Refer to ":ULINk:PRACh:PREamble:POWer:MODE" on page 918.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:NUMBer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:
NUMBer <val>|INFinity
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:NUMBer?
```

This command specifies the number of the physical random access channel (PRACH) patterns to repeat after the PRACH start trigger has been received.

INFinity This choice means the repeating number will continue while the PRACH mode is selected and the start trigger is ignored.

***RST** 1

Range 1–2147447836

Field Entry `Number of PRACH`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur.

Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:NUMBer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:
NUMBer <val>|INFinity
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:NUMBer?
```

This command specifies the number of preambles to repeat in one physical random access channel (PRACH) pattern.

INFinity — This choice means the repeating preamble will play continuously while the PRACH mode is selected.

***RST** 1

Range 1–8388607

Field Entry *PRACH Timing Setup*: `Number of Preamble`

PRACH Power Setup: `Num of Pre`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:POWer:INITial

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:
POWer:INITial?
```

This query returns the initial preamble power from POWer:Max value, RSTEp (ramp step) and PREamble:NUMBer commands.

***RST** –1.36000000E+002

Range N/A

Field Entry `Init Pwr`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:POWer:MAX

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:
POWer:MAX <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:
POWer:MAX?
```

This command sets the maximum preamble power for the physical random access channel (PRACH).

In power ramping mode (RSTep is a non-zero value), the preamble power can go up until the acquisition indication channel's (AICH) signal is not received (maximum power).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –1.36000000E+002

Range –136 to 20

Field Entry `Max Pwr`

Remarks The actual RF output is limited to the signal generator's specifications although the value can be entered up to 20 dBm.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:POWer:RSTep

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:POWer:
RSTep <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:POWer:
RSTep?
```

This command sets the power ramping steps for the single physical random access channel (PRACH) preamble.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** 0

Range 0–10

Field Entry Ramp Step

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

This command is used for single and multiple physical random access channel (PRACH) modes.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:PPM

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:PPM <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:PPM?
```

This command sets the power difference between the preamble and the message control part in the single physical random access channel (PRACH).

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** –4.56032509E+000

Range –20 to 10

Field Entry Pp-m

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:SIGNature

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGle]:PREamble:
SIGNature <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:PRACh[:SINGLe]:PREamble:
SIGNature?
```

This command sets the signature encoded in the single physical random access channel's (PRACH) preamble.

***RST** +0

Range 0–15

Field Entry Signature

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:RMCHannel

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RMCHannel RMC122|RMC64|RMC144|
RMC384|UDI64|AMR122
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RMCHannel?
```

This command configures the uplink reference measurement channel by providing a one command access to a typical service channel configuration.

RMC122 This choice selects a reference measurement channel with a 12.2 kbps rate (25.141 v3.9).

RMC64 This choice selects a reference measurement channel with a 64.0 kbps rate (25.141 v3.9).

RMC144 This choice selects a reference measurement channel with a 144.0 kbps rate (25.141 v3.9).

RMC384 This choice selects a reference measurement channel with a 384.0 kbps rate (25.141 v3.9).

ARM122 This choice selects an adaptive multiple rate of 12.2 kbps (25.141 v3.4).

UDI64 This choice selects an ISDN unrestricted digital information 1B with a 64.0 kbps rate (25.141 v3.4).

***RST** RMC122

Key Entry **RMC122 kbps (25.141 v3.9)** **RMC64 kbps (25.141 v3.9)**
RMC144 kbps (25.141 v3.9) **RMC384 kbps (25.141 v3.9)**
ARM122 kbps (25.141v3.4) **UDI64 kbps(25.141v3.4)**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:ALTPower

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:ALTPower?`

This query returns the type of signal at the alternate power input (ALT PWR IN, AUX I/O connector pin#16) for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) mode.

***RST** USER

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The signal name is TPC user file trigger (USER). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:BBGRef

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:BBGRef?`

This query returns the type of signal at the baseband generator reference input (BASEBAND GEN REF IN, rear panel connector) for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) mode.

***RST** CCL

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The signal name is baseband generator chip clock (CCL). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:BGATe

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:BGATe?`

This query returns the type of signal at the gate burst (BURST GATE IN, rear panel connector) for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) mode.

***RST** CSTT

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks In compressed mode the signal name is compressed mode start trigger (CSST). In power control mode, the signal name is DPCH power control signal (DPCS). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:PTRigger1

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:PTRigger1?`

This query returns the type of signal at the pattern trigger input 1 (PATT TRIG IN 1, rear panel) for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) mode.

***RST** FSYN

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The signal name is frame synchronization (FSYN). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:PTRigger2

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:INPut:PTRigger2?`

This query returns the type of signal at the pattern trigger input 2 (PATT TRIG IN 2, AUX I/O connector pin#17) for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH) mode.

***RST** CSPT

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The signal name is compress mode stop trigger (CSPT). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:DCLock

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:
DCLock RPS0|RPS1|RPS2|RPS3|RPS4|RPS5|RPS6|RPS7|RPS8|RPS9|RPS10
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:DCLock?
```

This command assigns a signal to the data clock output at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#6. Refer to Table 6 on page 935 for command parameters and output signal type.

Table 6 Rear Panel Signal (RPS) Output Type

Command Parameter	Signal Out
RPS0	None
RPS1	Chip Clock
RPS2	DPDCH raw data
RPS3	DPDCH raw data clock
RPS4	DPCCH raw data
RPS5	DPCCH raw data clock
RPS6	10ms frame pulse
RPS7	Trigger sync reply
RPS8	Compressed frame
RPS9	TTI frame pulse
RPS10	CFN #0 frame pulse

***RST** RPS1

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **DPDCH Raw Data (RPS2)** **DPDCH Data Raw Clock (RPS3)** **DPCCH Raw Data (RPS4)** **DPCCH Raw Data Clock (RPS5)** **10 ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Compressed Frame (RPS8)** **TTI Frame Clock (RPS9)** **CFN #0 Frame Pulse (RPS10)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations,

refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:DOUT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:
DOUT RPS0|RPS1|RPS2|RPS3|RPS4|RPS5|RPS6|RPS7|RPS8|RPS9|RPS10
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:DOUT?
```

This command assigns a signal to the data output at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#7. Refer to Table 6 on page 935 for command parameters and output signal type.

***RST** RPS4

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **DPDCH Raw Data (RPS2)** **DPDCH Data Raw Clock (RPS3)** **DPCCH Raw Data (RPS4)** **DPCCH Raw Data Clock (RPS5)** **10 ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Compressed Frame (RPS8)** **TTI Frame Clock (RPS9)** **CFN #0 Frame Pulse (RPS10)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt1

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:
EVENt1 RPS0|RPS1|RPS2|RPS3|RPS4|RPS5|RPS6|RPS7|RPS8|RPS9|RPS10
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt1?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 1 at the rear panel output connector. Refer to Table 6 on page 935 for command parameters and output signal type.

***RST** RPS2

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **DPDCH Raw Data (RPS2)** **DPDCH Data Raw Clock (RPS3)** **DPCCH Raw Data (RPS4)** **DPCCH Raw Data Clock (RPS5)** **10 ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Compressed Frame (RPS8)** **Frame Clock (RPS9)** **CFN #0 Frame Pulse (RPS10)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt2

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:
EVENt2 RPS0|RPS1|RPS2|RPS3|RPS4|RPS5|RPS6|RPS7|RPS8|RPS9|RPS10
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt2?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 2 at the rear panel output connector. Refer to Table 6 on page 935 for command parameters and output signal types.

***RST** RPS3

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **DPDCH Raw Data (RPS2)** **DPDCH Data Raw Clock (RPS3)** **DPCCH Raw Data (RPS4)** **DPCCH Raw Data Clock (RPS5)** **10 ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Compressed Frame (RPS8)** **TTI Frame Clock (RPS9)** **CFN #0 Frame Pulse (RPS10)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt3

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:
EVENt3 RPS0|RPS1|RPS2|RPS3|RPS4|RPS5|RPS6|RPS7|RPS8|RPS9|RPS10
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt3?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 3 output at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#19. Refer to Table 6 on page 935 for command parameters and output signal type.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **DPDCH Raw Data (RPS2)** **DPDCH Data Raw Clock (RPS3)** **DPCCH Raw Data (RPS4)** **DPCCH Raw Data Clock (RPS5)** **10 ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Compressed Frame (RPS8)**

TTI Frame Clock (RPS9) **CFN #0 Frame Pulse (RPS10)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:
EVENt4 RPS0|RPS1|RPS2|RPS3|RPS4|RPS5|RPS6|RPS7|RPS8|RPS9|RPS10
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:EVENt4?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 4 output at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#18. Refer to Table 6 on page 935 for command parameters and output signal type.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **DPDCH Raw Data (RPS2)**
DPDCH Data Raw Clock (RPS3) **DPCCH Raw Data (RPS4)**
DPCCH Raw Data Clock (RPS5) **10 ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)**
Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7) **Compressed Frame (RPS8)**
TTI Frame Clock (RPS9) **CFN #0 Frame Pulse (RPS10)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:SSYNc

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:
SSYNc RPS0|RPS1|RPS2|RPS3|RPS4|RPS5|RPS6|RPS7|RPS8|RPS9|RPS10
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:DPCH:OUTPut:SSYNc?
```

This command assigns a signal to SYM SYNC OUT at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#5. Refer to Table 6 on page 935 for command parameters and output signal type.

***RST** RPS6

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **DPDCH Raw Data (RPS2)**
DPDCH Data Raw Clock (RPS3) **DPCCH Raw Data (RPS4)**
DPCCH Raw Data Clock (RPS5) **10 ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)**

Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7) **Compressed Frame (RPS8)**

TTI Frame Clock (RPS9) **CFN #0 Frame Pulse (RPS10)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:ALTPower

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:ALTPower?`

This query returns the signal type at the ALT PWR IN (alternate power in) connector pin for the physical random access channel (PRACH) mode.

***RST** NONE

Range N/A

Field Entry `Alt power in`

Remarks For more information about the rear panel AUX I/O connector pin configuration, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:BBGRef

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:BBGRef?`

This query returns the type of signal at the baseband generator reference input (BASEBAND GEN REF IN, rear panel connector) for the physical random access channel (PRACH) mode.

***RST** CCL

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The signal name is baseband generator chip clock (CCL). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:BGATe

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:BGATe?`

This query returns the signal type at the BURST GATE IN connector for the physical random access channel (PRACH) mode.

***RST** PSTR

Range N/A

Field Entry `Burst gate in`

Remarks The signal name is PRACH start trigger (PSTR). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:PTRigger1

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:PTRigger1?`

This query returns the signal type at the pattern trigger in 1 (PATT TRIG IN) connector for the physical random access channel (PRACH) mode.

***RST** FSYN

Range N/A

Field Entry `Pattern trigger in 1`

Remarks The signal name is frame synchronization (FSYN). For more information about the rear panel I/O connectors' configuration, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:PTRigger2

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:INPut:PTRigger2?`

This query returns the signal type at the pattern trigger input 2 (PATT TRIG IN 2 AUX I/O connector pin#17) for the physical random access channel (PRACH) mode.

***RST** AITR

Range N/A

Field Entry `Pattern trigger in 2`

Remarks The signal name is AICH trigger (AITR). For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:DCLock

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:
DCLock RPS0|RPS1|RPS6|RPS7|RPS11|RPS12|RPS13|RPS14|RPS15|RPS16|
RPS17|RPS19|RPS20|RPS21|RPS22|RPS23|RPS24|RPS25
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:DCLock?
```

This command assigns a signal at the data clock output for the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#6.

RPS0	none
RPS1	This choice assigns the chip clock signal.
RPS6	This choice assigns the 10ms frame pulse signal.
RPS7	This choice assigns the trigger sync reply signal.
RPS11	This choice assigns the message-data raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS11 outputs the message-data raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS12	This choice assigns the message-data raw clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS12 outputs the message-data raw clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS14	This choice assigns the message-ctrl raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS14 outputs the message-control raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS15	This choice assigns the preamble raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS15 outputs the preamble raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS16	This choice assigns the preamble raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS16 outputs the preamble raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is

output.

RPS17 This choice assigns the sub channel timing signal. Sub channel timing is used on the single PRACH mode.

RPS19 This choice assigns the PRACH processing signal. This signal indicates the PRACH is generating.

RPS20 This choice assigns the 80ms frame pulse signal.

RPS21 This choice assigns the preamble pulse signal. This signal indicates the preamble timing of all configured PRACHes. One pulse for one preamble. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS22 This choice assigns the message pulse signal. This signal indicates the message part timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS23 This choice assigns the PRACH pulse signal. This signal indicates the start timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS24 This choice assigns the ESG synchronization signal. This signal is used for the multiple EAG synchronization on the multiple PRACH mode.

RPS25 This choice assigns the PRACH start trigger echo back signal. The PRACH start trigger echo back signal is used for the multiple ESG connection on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **Message-Data Raw Data (RPS11)** **10ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Message-Data Raw Clock (RPS12)** **Message-Control Raw Data (RPS13)** **Message-Control Raw Data Clock(RPS14)** **Preamble Raw Data(RPS15)** **Preamble Raw Data Clock(RPS16)** **Sub Channel Timing(RPS17)** **PRACH Processing(RPS19)** **80ms Frame Pulse(RPS20)** **Preamble Pulse(RPS21)** **Message Pulse(RPS22)** **PRACH Pulse(RPS23)** **ESG-Sync Sig(RPS24)** **Start-Trigger EchoBack(RPS25)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User's Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:DOUT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:
DOUT RPS0|RPS1|RPS6|RPS7|RPS11|RPS12|RPS13|RPS14|RPS14|RPS15|RPS16|
RPS17|RPS19|RPS20|RPS21|RPS22|RPS23|RPS24|RPS25
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:DOUT?
```

This command assigns a signal to the data output at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#7.

RPS0	none
RPS1	This choice assigns the chip clock signal.
RPS6	This choice assigns the 10ms frame pulse signal.
RPS7	This choice assigns the trigger sync reply signal.
RPS11	This choice assigns the message-data raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS11 outputs the message-data raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS12	This choice assigns the message-data raw clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS12 outputs the message-data raw clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS14	This choice assigns the message-ctrl raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS14 outputs the message-control raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS15	This choice assigns the preamble raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS15 outputs the preamble raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS16	This choice assigns the preamble raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS16 outputs the preamble raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS17	This choice assigns the sub channel timing signal. Sub channel

timing is used on the single PRACH mode.

RPS19 This choice assigns the PRACH processing signal. This signal indicates the PRACH is generating.

RPS20 This choice assigns the 80ms frame pulse signal.

RPS21 This choice assigns the preamble pulse signal. This signal indicates the preamble timing of all configured PRACHes. One pulse for one preamble. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS22 This choice assigns the message pulse signal. This signal indicates the message part timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS23 This choice assigns the PRACH pulse signal. This signal indicates the start timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS24 This choice assigns the ESG synchronization signal. This signal is used for the multiple EAG synchronization on the multiple PRACH mode.

RPS25 This choice assigns the PRACH start trigger echo back signal. The PRACH start trigger echo back signal is used for the multiple ESG connection on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0) Chip Clock (RPS1) Message-Data Raw Data (RPS11) 10ms Frame Pulse (RPS6) Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7) Message-Data Raw Clock (RPS12) Message-Control Raw Data (RPS13) Message-Control Raw Data Clock(RPS14) Preamble Raw Data(RPS15) Preamble Raw Data Clock(RPS16) Sub Channel Timing(RPS17) PRACH Processing(RPS19) 80ms Frame Pulse(RPS20) Preamble Pulse(RPS21) Message Pulse(RPS22) PRACH Pulse(RPS23) ESG-Sync Sig(RPS24) Start-Trigger EchoBack(RPS25)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User’s Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt1

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:
EVENt1 RPS0|RPS1|RPS6|RPS7|RPS11|RPS12|RPS13|RPS14|RPS14|RPS15|RPS16|
RPS17|RPS19|RPS20|RPS21|RPS22|RPS23|RPS24|RPS25
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt1?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 1 at the selected rear panel connector.

RPS0	none
RPS1	This choice assigns the chip clock signal.
RPS6	This choice assigns the 10ms frame pulse signal.
RPS7	This choice assigns the trigger sync reply signal.
RPS11	This choice assigns the message-data raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS11 outputs the message-data raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS12	This choice assigns the message-data raw clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS12 outputs the message-data raw clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS14	This choice assigns the message-ctrl raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS14 outputs the message-control raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS15	This choice assigns the preamble raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS15 outputs the preamble raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS16	This choice assigns the preamble raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS16 outputs the preamble raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS17	This choice assigns the sub channel timing signal. Sub channel timing is used on the single PRACH mode.
RPS19	This choice assigns the PRACH processing signal. This signal indicates the PRACH is generating.

RPS20 This choice assigns the 80ms frame pulse signal.

RPS21 This choice assigns the preamble pulse signal. This signal indicates the preamble timing of all configured PRACHes. One pulse for one preamble. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS22 This choice assigns the message pulse signal. This signal indicates the message part timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS23 This choice assigns the PRACH pulse signal. This signal indicates the start timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS24 This choice assigns the ESG synchronization signal. This signal is used for the multiple EAG synchronization on the multiple PRACH mode.

RPS25 This choice assigns the PRACH start trigger echo back signal. The PRACH start trigger echo back signal is used for the multiple ESG connection on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0) Chip Clock (RPS1) Message-Data Raw Data (RPS11) 10ms Frame Pulse (RPS6) Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7) Message-Data Raw Clock (RPS12) Message-Control Raw Data (RPS13) Message-Control Raw Data Clock(RPS14) Preamble Raw Data(RPS15) Preamble Raw Data Clock(RPS16) Sub Channel Timing(RPS17) PRACH Processing(RPS19) 80ms Frame Pulse(RPS20) Preamble Pulse(RPS21) Message Pulse(RPS22) PRACH Pulse(RPS23) ESG-Sync Sig(RPS24) Start-Trigger EchoBack(RPS25)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User’s Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt2

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:
EVENt2 RPS0|RPS1|RPS6|RPS7|RPS11|RPS12|RPS13|RPS14|RPS14|RPS15|RPS16|
RPS17|RPS19|RPS20|RPS21|RPS22|RPS23|RPS24|RPS25
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt2?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 2 at the rear panel connector.

RPS0	none
RPS1	This choice assigns the chip clock signal.
RPS6	This choice assigns the 10ms frame pulse signal.
RPS7	This choice assigns the trigger sync reply signal.
RPS11	This choice assigns the message-data raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS11 outputs the message-data raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS12	This choice assigns the message-data raw clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS12 outputs the message-data raw clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS14	This choice assigns the message-ctrl raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS14 outputs the message-control raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS15	This choice assigns the preamble raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS15 outputs the preamble raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS16	This choice assigns the preamble raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS16 outputs the preamble raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS17	This choice assigns the sub channel timing signal. Sub channel timing is used on the single PRACH mode.
RPS19	This choice assigns the PRACH processing signal. This signal indicates the PRACH is generating.

RPS20 This choice assigns the 80ms frame pulse signal.

RPS21 This choice assigns the preamble pulse signal. This signal indicates the preamble timing of all configured PRACHes. One pulse for one preamble. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS22 This choice assigns the message pulse signal. This signal indicates the message part timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS23 This choice assigns the PRACH pulse signal. This signal indicates the start timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS24 This choice assigns the ESG synchronization signal. This signal is used for the multiple EAG synchronization on the multiple PRACH mode.

RPS25 This choice assigns the PRACH start trigger echo back signal. The PRACH start trigger echo back signal is used for the multiple ESG connection on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0) Chip Clock (RPS1) Message-Data Raw Data (RPS11) 10ms Frame Pulse (RPS6) Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7) Message-Data Raw Clock (RPS12) Message-Control Raw Data (RPS13) Message-Control Raw Data Clock(RPS14) Preamble Raw Data(RPS15) Preamble Raw Data Clock(RPS16) Sub Channel Timing(RPS17) PRACH Processing(RPS19) 80ms Frame Pulse(RPS20) Preamble Pulse(RPS21) Message Pulse(RPS22) PRACH Pulse(RPS23) ESG-Sync Sig(RPS24) Start-Trigger EchoBack(RPS25)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User’s Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt3

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:
EVENt3 RPS0|RPS1|RPS6|RPS7|RPS11|RPS12|RPS13|RPS14|RPS14|RPS15|RPS16|
RPS17|RPS19|RPS20|RPS21|RPS22|RPS23|RPS24|RPS25
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt3?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 3 output at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#19.

RPS0	none
RPS1	This choice assigns the chip clock signal.
RPS6	This choice assigns the 10ms frame pulse signal.
RPS7	This choice assigns the trigger sync reply signal.
RPS11	This choice assigns the message-data raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS11 outputs the message-data raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS12	This choice assigns the message-data raw clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS12 outputs the message-data raw clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS14	This choice assigns the message-ctrl raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS14 outputs the message-control raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS15	This choice assigns the preamble raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS15 outputs the preamble raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS16	This choice assigns the preamble raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS16 outputs the preamble raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS17	This choice assigns the sub channel timing signal. Sub channel timing is used on the single PRACH mode.
RPS19	This choice assigns the PRACH processing signal. This signal indicates the PRACH is generating.

RPS20 This choice assigns the 80ms frame pulse signal.

RPS21 This choice assigns the preamble pulse signal. This signal indicates the preamble timing of all configured PRACHes. One pulse for one preamble. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS22 This choice assigns the message pulse signal. This signal indicates the message part timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS23 This choice assigns the PRACH pulse signal. This signal indicates the start timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS24 This choice assigns the ESG synchronization signal. This signal is used for the multiple EAG synchronization on the multiple PRACH mode.

RPS25 This choice assigns the PRACH start trigger echo back signal. The PRACH start trigger echo back signal is used for the multiple ESG connection on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **Message-Data Raw Data (RPS11)** **10ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Message-Data Raw Clock (RPS12)** **Message-Control Raw Data (RPS13)** **Message-Control Raw Data Clock(RPS14)** **Preamble Raw Data(RPS15)** **Preamble Raw Data Clock(RPS16)** **Sub Channel Timing(RPS17)** **PRACH Processing(RPS19)** **80ms Frame Pulse(RPS20)** **Preamble Pulse(RPS21)** **Message Pulse(RPS22)** **PRACH Pulse(RPS23)** **ESG-Sync Sig(RPS24)** **Start-Trigger EchoBack(RPS25)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User’s Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:
EVENt4 4RPS0|RPS1|RPS6|RPS7|RPS11|RPS12|RPS13|RPS14|RPS14|RPS15|RPS16|
RPS17|RPS19|RPS20|RPS21|RPS22|RPS23|RPS24|RPS25
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:EVENt4?
```

This command assigns a signal to the EVENT 4 output at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#18.

RPS0	none
RPS1	This choice assigns the chip clock signal.
RPS6	This choice assigns the 10ms frame pulse signal.
RPS7	This choice assigns the trigger sync reply signal.
RPS11	This choice assigns the message-data raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS11 outputs the message-data raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS12	This choice assigns the message-data raw clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS12 outputs the message-data raw clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS14	This choice assigns the message-ctrl raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS14 outputs the message-control raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS15	This choice assigns the preamble raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS15 outputs the preamble raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS16	This choice assigns the preamble raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS16 outputs the preamble raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS17	This choice assigns the sub channel timing signal. Sub channel timing is used on the single PRACH mode.
RPS19	This choice assigns the PRACH processing signal. This signal indicates the PRACH is generating.

RPS20 This choice assigns the 80ms frame pulse signal.

RPS21 This choice assigns the preamble pulse signal. This signal indicates the preamble timing of all configured PRACHes. One pulse for one preamble. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS22 This choice assigns the message pulse signal. This signal indicates the message part timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS23 This choice assigns the PRACH pulse signal. This signal indicates the start timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS24 This choice assigns the ESG synchronization signal. This signal is used for the multiple EAG synchronization on the multiple PRACH mode.

RPS25 This choice assigns the PRACH start trigger echo back signal. The PRACH start trigger echo back signal is used for the multiple ESG connection on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **Message-Data Raw Data (RPS11)** **10ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Message-Data Raw Clock (RPS12)** **Message-Control Raw Data (RPS13)** **Message-Control Raw Data Clock(RPS14)** **Preamble Raw Data(RPS15)** **Preamble Raw Data Clock(RPS16)** **Sub Channel Timing(RPS17)** **PRACH Processing(RPS19)** **80ms Frame Pulse(RPS20)** **Preamble Pulse(RPS21)** **Message Pulse(RPS22)** **PRACH Pulse(RPS23)** **ESG-Sync Sig(RPS24)** **Start-Trigger EchoBack(RPS25)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User’s Guide*.

:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:SSYNc

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:
SSYNc RPS0|RPS1|RPS6|RPS7|RPS11|RPS12|RPS13|RPS14|RPS14|RPS15|RPS16|
RPS17|RPS19|RPS20|RPS21|RPS22|RPS23|RPS24|RPS25
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RPANel:PRACh:OUTPut:SSYNc?
```

This command assigns a signal to SYM SYNC OUT at the selected rear panel AUX I/O connector pin#5.

RPS0	none
RPS1	This choice assigns the chip clock signal.
RPS6	This choice assigns the 10ms frame pulse signal.
RPS7	This choice assigns the trigger sync reply signal.
RPS11	This choice assigns the message-data raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS11 outputs the message-data raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS12	This choice assigns the message-data raw clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS12 outputs the message-data raw clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS14	This choice assigns the message-ctrl raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS14 outputs the message-control raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS15	This choice assigns the preamble raw data signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS15 outputs the preamble raw data signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS16	This choice assigns the preamble raw data clock signal. In the multiple PRACH mode, RPS16 outputs the preamble raw data clock signal of PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 is not “on”, no signal output is output.
RPS17	This choice assigns the sub channel timing signal. Sub channel timing is used on the single PRACH mode.
RPS19	This choice assigns the PRACH processing signal. This signal indicates the PRACH is generating.

RPS20 This choice assigns the 80ms frame pulse signal.

RPS21 This choice assigns the preamble pulse signal. This signal indicates the preamble timing of all configured PRACHes. One pulse for one preamble. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS22 This choice assigns the message pulse signal. This signal indicates the message part timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS23 This choice assigns the PRACH pulse signal. This signal indicates the start timing of all configured PRACHes. In the multiple PRACH mode, this output relates to PRACH#1. If the PRACH#1 in not “on”, no signal is output.

RPS24 This choice assigns the ESG synchronization signal. This signal is used for the multiple EAG synchronization on the multiple PRACH mode.

RPS25 This choice assigns the PRACH start trigger echo back signal. The PRACH start trigger echo back signal is used for the multiple ESG connection on the multiple PRACH mode.

***RST** RPS0

Key Entry **NONE (RPS0)** **Chip Clock (RPS1)** **Message-Data Raw Data (RPS11)** **10ms Frame Pulse (RPS6)** **Trigger Sync Reply (RPS7)** **Message-Data Raw Clock (RPS12)** **Message-Control Raw Data (RPS13)** **Message-Control Raw Data Clock(RPS14)** **Preamble Raw Data(RPS15)** **Preamble Raw Data Clock(RPS16)** **Sub Channel Timing(RPS17)** **PRACH Processing(RPS19)** **80ms Frame Pulse(RPS20)** **Preamble Pulse(RPS21)** **Message Pulse(RPS22)** **PRACH Pulse(RPS23)** **ESG-Sync Sig(RPS24)** **Start-Trigger EchoBack(RPS25)**

Remarks For more information about the rear panel connector configurations, refer to "Signal Generator Overview" in the *User’s Guide*.

:ULINk:SCRamblecode

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SCRamblecode <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SCRamblecode?
```

This command sets the uplink scramble code.

***RST** +0

Range 0–16777215

Field Entry Scrambling Code

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SDELay

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SDELay <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SDELay?
```

This command sets the number of timeslots to be delayed for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH).

***RST** +0

Range 0–119

Key Entry Timeslot Offset

Remarks The actual amount of timing offset is (T0) + (TOFFset) + (SDELay) * 2560 chips, where T0 = 1024 chips.

This command is not used when the sync source is set to ESG. Refer to ":ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]" on page 956.

:ULINk:SFNRst:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SFNRst:POLarity POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SFNRst:POLarity?
```

This command sets the polarity of the system frame number reset signal for the uplink synchronization source.

POSitive	This choice sets the signal to trigger when the trigger signal is high.
NEGative	This choice sets the signal to trigger when the trigger signal is low.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **SFN RST Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks This command is not used when the sync source is set to ESG. Refer to ":ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]" on page 956.

:ULINk:SYNC:MODE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SYNC:MODE SINGle|CONTinuous
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SYNC:MODE?
```

This command selects the uplink frame synchronization triggering mode.

SINGle	This choice sets the signal generator, once triggered, to generate frames based on the reference clock.
CONTinuous	This choice sets the signal generator to continuously align the frame sync trigger signal and the frame timing.

***RST** SING

Key Entry **Frame Sync Trigger Mode Single Cont**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce] SFN_RST|FCLock|ESG
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]?
```

This command selects the uplink frame synchronization source type.

SFN_RST	This choice sets the signal to trigger on the system frame number reset signal.
FCLock	This choice sets the signal to trigger on the frame clock.
ESG	This choice sets the signal to trigger on the synchronization signal of a primary ESG.

***RST** FCL

Key Entry **Sync Source SFN FClk ESG**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:POFFset

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:POFFset <val>|AUTO
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:POFFset?
```

This command specifies the amount of power to be increased when the data is being compressed for the transmission gap power offset.

AUTO This choice sets the power to increase using the gap pattern parameters calculation based on 3GPP standard. When AUTO is selected, the query returns “AUTO” as the value.

The variable <val> is expressed in units of decibels (dB).

***RST** AUTO

Range 0–6

Field Entry `PwrOffs`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to “:ULINk:APPLy” on page 867.

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:CFN

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:CFN <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:CFN?
```

This command sets the connection frame number (CFN) for the first radio frame of the first pattern 1.

***RST** 0

Range 1–255

Field Entry `Stop CFN`

Remarks In the signal generator, CFN is counted internally relative to the

system sync signal.

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:CMMethod

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:CMMethod SF2|HIGHer
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:CMMethod?
```

This command selects the compressed mode (CM) method.

SF2 This choice selects a compressed mode method that reduced the spread factor (SF) by 2. This is done by increasing the data rate by reducing the spreading factor in half. When the dedicated physical data channel's (DPDCH) symbol rate is 960 kbps, the frame is not compressed because it uses the lowest SF value and it cannot be reduced.

HIGHer This choice selects a higher layer scheduling method. The emulated higher layer scheduling method mode keeps the same physical layer data rate even when a transmission gap is created.

***RST** SF2

Key Entry **SF/2** **Higher Layer**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

The ULINk:APPLy command will fail if the CM method is higher layer and DPDCH data is TrCH. CM method should be SF/2 if the DPDCH data is TrCH.

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:POWer

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:POWer?
```

This query returns each power level for a compressed slot.

The return string has five real numbers followed by dBm (for normal power) or dB (for before/after gap power) separated by a single space character. When a value does not exist because of a specified compressed pattern (Example: Gap2 does not exist when TGD is "UNDefined"), it returns "–dB."

Normal power value represents an actual power level in dBm and relative power is

represented in dB.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:D

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:D <val>|UNDefined
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:D?
```

This command sets the transmission gap distance. The command specifies the number of slots between the starting slots of two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap pattern.

UNDefined — This choice sets one transmission gap. When UNDefined is selected, then there is only one transmission gap within the transmission gap pattern.

***RST** UND

Range 15–269

Field Entry TGD

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:L1

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:L1 3|4|5|7|10|14
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:L1?
```

This command specifies the length of the first transmission gap (TGL1). The length is expressed in number of slots.

***RST** +7

Field Entry TGL1

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:L2

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:
L2 3|4|5|7|10|14|OMITted
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:L2?
```

This command specifies the length of the second transmission gap (TGL2).

The variable <val> is expressed in number of slots. When OMITted is selected, TGL2=TGL1.

***RST** OMIT

Field Entry TGL2

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PL1

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PL1 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PL1?
```

This command specifies the duration of the transmission gap pattern length 1 (TGPL1). The pattern length is expressed in number of frames.

***RST** +2

Range 1–144

Field Entry TGPL1

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PL2

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PL2 <val>|OMITted
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PL2?
```

This command specifies the duration of the transmission gap pattern length 2 (TGPL2).

The variable <val> is expressed in number of frames. When OMITted is selected, TGPL2=TGPL1.

***RST** OMIT

Range 1–144

Field Entry TGPL2

Key Entry **Omitted**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PRC

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PRC <val>|INFinity
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PRC?
```

This command sets the transmission gap pattern repetition count. The pattern repetition count (PRC) sets the number of transmission gap patterns within the transmission gap pattern sequence.

***RST** INF

Range 1–511

Field Entry TGPRC

Key Entry **Infinity**

Remarks When INFinity is selected, the PRC will continue indefinitely.

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PS

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PS ACTive|INACtive
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:PS?
```

This command sets the transmission gap pattern status.

ACTive This choice sets the compressed mode active.

INACtive This choice sets the compressed mode inactive.

***RST** INAC

Key Entry **TGPS Inactive Active**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:SN

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:SN <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:PSI[1]:SN?
```

This command specifies the timeslot number of the first transmission gap within the first radio frame.

***RST** +11

Range 0–14

Field Entry TGSN

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:RPARameter

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:
RPARameter DREF11|DREF12|DREF21|DREF22
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:RPARameter?
```

This command sets the downlink reference compressed mode parameters as defined in 3GPP Standard TS25.101.

DREF11 This choice sets the reference parameter to 1.1.

DREF12 This choice sets the reference parameter to 1.2.

DREF21 This choice sets the reference parameter to 2.1.

DREF22 This choice sets the reference parameter to 2.2.

***RST** CUST

Key Entry **DL Reference 1.1** **DL Reference 1.2** **DL Reference 2.1** **DL Reference 2.2**

Remarks The query returns CUSTom when the parameters are set individually.

:ULINk:TGAP:SCFN

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:SCFN <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:SCFN?
```

This command sets the stop connection frame number (CFN) when the stop trigger is used.

When the stop trigger is received at the signal generator, the next stop CFN, the compressed mode will finish even if the transmission gap pattern repetition count (TGPRC) is still remaining.

***RST** +0

Range 0–255

Field Entry SCFN

Remarks The compressed mode stop trigger must be used for this command to executed. Refer to ":ULINk:TGAP:STOP:TRIGger" on page 964.

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

This command is not used when the sync source is set to ESG. Refer to ":ULINk:SYNC[:SOURce]" on page 956.

:ULINk:TGAP:STARt:TRIGger

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:STARt:TRIGger
```

This command starts the compressed mode trigger.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Compressed Mode Start Trigger**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:STARt:TRIGger:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:STARt:TRIGger:
POLarity POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:STARt:TRIGger:POLarity?
```

This command sets the compressed mode start trigger signal polarity.

POSitive This choice sets the trigger to start when the trigger signal is high.

NEGative This choice sets the trigger to start when the trigger signal is low.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **Comp Mode Start Trigger Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:STOP:TRIGger

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:STARt:TRIGger
```

This command stops the compressed mode trigger.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Key Entry **Compressed Mode Stop Trigger**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TGAP:STOP:TRIGger:POLarity

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:STOP:TRIGger:
POLarity POSitive|NEGative
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TGAP:STOP:TRIGger:POLarity?
```

This command sets the compressed mode stop trigger signal polarity.

POSitive This choice sets the trigger to stop when the trigger signal is high.

NEGative This choice sets the trigger to stop when the trigger signal is low.

***RST** POS

Key Entry **Comp Mode Stop Trigger Polarity Neg Pos**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TOFFset

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TOFFset <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TOFFset?
```

This command sets additional timing offset for the dedicated physical channel (DPCH). Timing offset is the time delay between the downlink signal and the uplink signal. The downlink signal timing is provided by the synchronization signal.

***RST** +0

Range –512 to 2560

Key Entry **Timing Offset**

Remarks The actual amount of timing offset is (T0) + (TOFFset) + (SDELay) where T0 = 1024 chips.

:ULINk:TSTatus:COMPressed

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TSTatus:COMPressed?
```

This query returns the status of compressed pattern generation.

A “0” response indicates the compressed mode pattern signal is not generating. A “1” response indicates that the compressed mode pattern signal is generating.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TSTatus:RACH

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TSTatus:RACH?`

This query returns the status of the physical random access channel (PRACH).

A “0” response indicates the PRACH signal is not generating. A “1” response indicates that the PRACH signal is generating.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TSTatus:RECeive

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TSTatus:RECeive?`

This query returns the frame synchronization signal reception status.

When the frame synchronization signal is received after synchronization configuration, the received value becomes “1.” If the signal is not received, the value is “0.”

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:TSTatus:SYNC

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:TSTatus:SYNC?`

This query returns the frame synchronization status.

A “0” status indicates frame synchronization is fine or no frame synchronization signal is received). A “1” indicates frame synchronization is out sync and the synchronization signal does not match with the signal generator’s timing. The signal generator will generate incorrect data.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|3|5|6:BLKSize

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:BLKSize <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:BLKSize?
```

This command sets the block size for the selected uplink dedicated channel (DCH).

***RST** *DCH1*: 244 *DCH2*: 100 *DCH3,4,5,6*: 20

Range 0–5000

Key Entry Blk Size

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BPFRame

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
BPFRame?
```

This query returns the block per frame for the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** *DCH1*: 490 *DCH2*: 110 *DCH3,4,5,6*: 60

Range 0–5000

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:BRATe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
BRATe?
```

This query returns the bit rate for the selected dedicated transport channel (DCH).

***RST** *DCH1*: 12200 *DCH2*: 2500 *DCH3,4,5,6*: 2000

Range 0–5000

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|3|5|6:CODE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:CODE HCONv|TCONv|TURBo|NONE
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:CODE?
```

This command sets the encoder type for the uplink dedicated channel (DCH) selected.

HCONv This choice selects a coding with the 1/2 rate convolutional encoder.

TCONv This choice selects a coding with the 1/3 rate convolutional encoder.

TURBo This choice selects a coding with the turbo coder.

NONE This choice selects no coding type.

***RST** *DCH1,2*: TCONv *DCH3,4,5,6*: HCONv

Key Entry **1/2 Conv** **1/3 Conv** **Turbo** **NONE**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|3|5|6:CRC

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:CRC 0|8|12|16|24
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:CRC?
```

This command specifies the number of cyclic redundancy code (CRC) bits to be added to each transport channel block.

***RST** *DCH1*: 16 *DCH2*: 12 *DCH3,4,5,6*: 8

Field Entry `CRC Size`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|3|5|6:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:DATA PN9|FIX4|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:[TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:DATA?
```

This command configures the data type to be inserted into the selected uplink dedicated channel (DCH).

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **FIX4** **User File**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER:ACTual

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER:ACTual?
```

This query returns the actual inserted error ratio in the uplink dedicated channel (DCH) selected.

***RST** +0.0000000E+000

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The actual bit error rate can be different from the specified bit error rate due to the internal bit generation.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER:ERRor:BIT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER:ERRor:BIT?
```

This query returns the actual error bits inserted in total number of bits.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Error Bits`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER:TOTal:BIT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER:TOTal:BIT?
```

This query returns the total number of bits inserted for the bit error ratio calculation.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Total Bits`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BER[:VALue]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER[:VALue] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BER[:VALue]?
```

This command specifies the bit error rate (BER) value to be inserted into the selected uplink dedicated channel (DCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in decimal form, but it is a percent ratio (1.0=100%).

***RST** 0.0000000+000

Range 0.0001–1.0

Field Entry BER

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER:ACTual

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER:ACTual?
```

This query returns the actual block error ratio inserted.

***RST** 0.0000000E+000

Range N/A

Field Entry N/A

Remarks The actual block error rate can be different from the specified block error rate due to the internal bit generation.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]|2:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER:ERRor:BLOCk

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]|2:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER:ERRor:BLOCk?
```

This query returns the number of error blocks inserted.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Error Blocks`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]|2:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER:TOTal:BLOCk

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]|2:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER:TOTal:BLOCk?
```

This query returns the error blocks actually inserted in total number of blocks.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Field Entry `Total Blocks`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:BLER[:VALue]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER[:VALue] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:BLER[:VALue]?
```

This command specifies the block error rate (BLER) value to be inserted into the selected uplink dedicated channel (DCH).

The variable <val> is expressed in decimal form, but it is a percent ratio (1.0=100%).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range 0.0–1.00

Field Entry BLER

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:EINSert

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:EINSert BLER|BER|NONE
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:EINSert?
```

This command selects the error insertion mode.

BLER This choice selects a block error rate (BLER) mode.

BER This choice selects a bit error rate (BER) mode.

NONE This choice selects no BLER or BER mode (no error blocks or bits inserted).

***RST** NONE

Key Entry **BLER** **BER** **None**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets the 4 bit data pattern for the selected uplink dedicated channel (DCH).

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Key Entry FIX4

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:NBLock

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
NBLock <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
NBLock?
```

This command specifies the number of transport blocks coded on to the selected dedicated channel (DCH).

***RST** +1

Range 0–4095

Field Entry Num of Blk

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup [1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:PPERcentage

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
PPERcentage?
```

This query returns the percentage of the total bits removed from or added to the fully coded channel.

The value is returned in the unit of percent and a negative value means repetition.

***RST** N/A

Range N/A

Field Entry Puncture

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:RMATch

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
RMATch <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
RMATch?
```

This command specifies the rate matching parameters of each dedicated channel (DCH) selected.

***RST** *DCH1*: 2 *DCH2*: 12 *DCH3,4,5,6*: 1

Range 1–256

Field Entry `Rate Match Attr`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:TTI

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:
TTI 10000|20000|40000|80000
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6:TTI?
```

This command sets the transmission time interval (TTI) period for the dedicated channel (DCH) selected. TTI is the time interval of the amount of data to be transmitted.

The choices are expressed in units of milliseconds (msec) where 20000 = 20 msec.

***RST** *DCH1*: 20000 *DCH2*: 40000 *DCH3,4,5,6*: 10000

Field Entry `TTI`

Remarks The data amount equals the block size (BLKsize) times the number of transport blocks (NBlock).

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|2|3|4|5|6[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6[:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:DCH[1]|
2|3|4|5|6[:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables the operating state of the dedicated channel (DCH) selected.

***RST** *DCH1,2*: 1 *DCH3,4,5,6*: 0

Key Entry **TrCH State Off On**

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:BLKSize

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:BLKSize <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:BLKSize?
```

This command sets the transport block size for the random access channel (RACH) coding where the input data is carried.

***RST** +168

Range 0–5000

Field Entry `Blk Size`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup [1]]:RACH[1]:BPFRame

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:BPFRame?
```

This query returns the bits per frame for the selected random access channel (RACH).

***RST** +600

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup [1]]:RACH[1]:BRATe

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:BRATe?
```

This query returns the bit rate for the random access transport channel (RACH).

***RST** +8400

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:CODE

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:CODE?
```

This query returns the type of channel coding for error protection.

***RST** HCON

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:CRC

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:
CRC 0|8|12|16|24
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:CRC?
```

This command specifies the number of cyclic redundancy code (CRC) bits that are to be added to each transport channel block.

***RST** +16

Field Entry `CRC Size`

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA PN9|
FIX4|"<file name>"
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA?
```

This command sets the type of data to be inserted into the random access channel (RACH).

"<file name>" This variable specifies a data pattern that has been stored in memory.

***RST** PN9

Key Entry **PN9** **FIX4** **User File**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BER:ACTual

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BER:
ACTual?
```

This query returns the actual error ratio inserted.

***RST** +0

Range 0–5000

Key Entry **Actual BER**

Remarks The specified error ratio and actual ratio will not match when the internal bit generation goes into "pre-computing" mode.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BER:ERRor:BIT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BER:
ERRor:BIT?
```

This query returns the actual error bits inserted for the total number of bits.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BER:TOTal:BIT

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BER:
TOTal:BIT?
```

This query returns the total number of bits inserted for the bit error ratio calculation.

***RST** 0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The specified error ratio and actual ratio will not match when the internal bit generation goes into “pre-computing” mode.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BER[:VALue]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:
BER[:VALue] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:
BER[:VALue]?
```

This command sets the bit error rate value for the random access channel (RACH).

***RST** +0.00000000E+000

Range 0.0000–1.0

Field Entry BER

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BLER:ACTual

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BLER:ACTual?`

This query returns the actual error ratio inserted.

***RST** 0.0000000E+000

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The specified error ratio and actual error ratio will not match when the internal bit generation goes into "pre-computing" mode.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BLER:ERRor:BLOCk

Supported All with Option 400

`[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BLER:ERRor:BLOCk?`

This query returns the actual block errors inserted in the total number of blocks.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The specified error ratio and actual error ratio will not match when the internal bit generation goes into "pre-computing" mode.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BLER:TOTal:BLOCk

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:
BLER:TOTal:BLOCk?
```

This query returns the total blocks inserted for the block error ratio calculation.

***RST** +0

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks The specified error ratio and actual error ratio will not match when the internal bit generation goes into “pre-computing” mode.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:BLER[:VALue]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:
BLER[:VALue] <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:
BLER[:VALue]?
```

This command sets the inserted block error rate value.

The variable <val> is expressed in decimal form, but it is a percent ratio (1.0=100%).

***RST** 0

Range 0.0001–1.0

Field Entry BLER

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to “:ULINk:APPLy” on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:EINSert

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:
EINSert BLER|BER|NONE
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:EINSert?
```

This command selects an error mode or no error insertion.

BLER This choice selects block error rate (BLER) mode.

BER This choice selects a bit error rate (BER) mode.

NONE This choice selects no BLER or BER mode (no error blocks or bits inserted).

***RST** NONE

Key Entry **BLER** **BER** **None**

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:FIX4

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:
FIX4 <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:DATA:FIX4?
```

This command sets a fixed 4 bit pattern for use as a data pattern.

While the variable <val> can be entered in binary, hexadecimal, or decimal formats, the query returns only binary units.

***RST** #B0000

Range 0–15

Field Entry Data

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:NBLock

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:NBLock <val>
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:NBLock?
```

This command sets the number of transport blocks coded into one random access channel (RACH).

***RST** +1

Range 0–4095

Field Entry `Num of Blk`

Remarks The total input data into one RACH is the block size (BLKsize) multiplied by the number of transport blocks (NBLock).

If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867

:ULINk[:TGRoup [1]]:RACH[1]:PPERcentage

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:PPERcentage?
```

This query returns the percentage of the total bits removed from or added to the fully coded channel.

***RST** –2.12500000E+002

Range N/A

Field Entry `Puncture`

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:RMATch

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk:RACH[1]:RMATch?
```

This query returns the rate match parameters of each random access channel (RACH).

***RST** +1

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:TTI

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:
TTI 10000|20000
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1]:TTI?
```

This command sets the transmission time interval (TTI) period for the random access channel (RACH).

The choices are expressed in units of milliseconds (msec) where 20000=20 msec.

***RST** 20000

Field Entry TTI

Remarks If the parameter set by this command is changed while the signal is active, the apply command must be executed for the change to occur. Refer to ":ULINk:APPLy" on page 867.

:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1][:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG]:ULINk[:TGRoup[1]]:RACH[1][:STATe]?
```

This query returns the state of the random access channel (RACH).

***RST** 1

Range N/A

Key Entry N/A

Remarks N/A

[:STATe]

Supported All with Option 400

```
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG][:STATe] ON|OFF|1|0
[:SOURce]:RADio:WCDMa:TGPP[:BBG][:STATe]?
```

This command enables or disables W-CDMA functionality.

***RST** 0

Key Entry **W-CDMA Off On**

Remarks N/A

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